

Oracle® Communications

Diameter Signaling Router

C-Class Hardware and Software Installation Procedure

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Oracle Communications Diameter Signaling Router C-Class Hardware and Software Installation Procedure, Release 8.2.

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1. Introduction

This document provides the methods and procedures used to configure the DSR 8.0 Management Server TVOE and PMAC, initialize the system's aggregation switches and enclosure switches, and perform the initial configuration of the DSR system's RMS and HP c-Class enclosure.

Note: As of DSR 7.2, initial installation is not supported on DL360, Gen6, and Gen7 servers. Any references to these servers are to be used for disaster recovery purposes only.

The procedures in this document should be executed in order. Skipping steps or procedures is not allowed unless explicitly stated.

Note: Before executing any procedures in this document, power must be available to each component, and all networking cabling must be in place. Switch uplinks to the customer network should remain disconnected until instructed otherwise.

The audience for this document includes oracle customers and the following:

- Software System personnel
- Product verification staff
- Documentation staff
- Customer service including software operations and first office applications
- Oracle partners

1.1 References

For HP Blade and RMS firmware upgrades, Software Centric customers need the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack and Software Centric Release Notes on <http://docs.oracle.com> under Platform documentation. Beyond the minimum version specified for the Platform, the application dictates which Firmware Upgrade Packs to use.

[1] DSR Software Installation and Configuration Procedure, Part 2/2

[2] HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x

The latest is recommended if an upgrade is to be performed; otherwise, version 2.2.12 is the minimum.

[3] HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, Software Centric Release Notes

The latest is recommended if an upgrade is to be performed; otherwise, version 2.2.12 is the minimum.

[4] TPD Initial Product Manufacturer Software Installation Procedure

[5] Platform/PMAC Installation and Configuration Guide

[6] Interconnect Technical Reference Procedure

1.2 Acronyms and Terms

An alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document.

Table 1. Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
BIOS	Basic Input Output System
DSR	Diameter Signaling Router
EBIPA	Enclosure Bay IP Addressing
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HP c-Class	HP blade server offering
HP FUP	HP Firmware Upgrade Pack
iLO	Integrated Lights Out remote management port
iLOM, ILOM	Integrated Lights Out manager
IMI	Internal Management Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture — the process of installing TPD on a hardware platform
MP	Message Processing or Message Processor
NAPD	Network Architecture planning Diagram
NMS	Network Management Station
NOAM	Network OAM
NOAMP	Network OAM Program
OA	HP Onboard Administrator
OAM	Operations, Administration and Maintenance
OS	Operating System (e.g., TPD)
PM&C, PMAC	Platform Management & Configuration
RMS	Rack Mounted Server
QoS	Quality of Service
SAN	Storage Area Network
SNMP	Simple network Management Protocol
SOAM	System OAM
SSH	Secure Shell
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution
TVOE	Tekelec Virtual Operating Environment
UI	User Interface
VIP	Virtual IP
XMI	External Management Interface

1.3 Terminology

This section describes terminology as it is used within this document.

Table 2. Terminology

Term	Definition
Community String	An SNMP community string is a text string used to authenticate messages sent between a management station and a device (the SNMP agent). The community string is included in every packet that is transmitted between the SNMP manager and the SNMP agent.
Domain Name System	A system for converting hostnames and domain names into IP addresses on the Internet or on local networks that use the TCP/IP protocol.
Management Server	An HP ProLiant DL 360/DL 380 that has physical connectivity required to configure switches and may host the PMAC application or serve other configuration purposes.
NetBackup Feature	Feature that provides support of the Symantec NetBackup client utility on an application server.
Non-Segregated Network	Network interconnect where the control and management, or customer, networks use the same physical network.
PMAC	An application that supports platform-level capability to manage and provision platform components of the system, so they can host applications.
Segregated Network	Network interconnect where the control and management, or customer, networks utilize separate physical networks.
Server	A generic term to refer to a server, regardless of underlying hardware, be it physical hardware or a virtual TVOE guest server.
Software Centric	A term used to differentiate between customers buying both hardware and software from Oracle, and customers buying only software.
Virtual PMAC	Additional term for PMAC - used in networking procedures to distinguish activities done on a PMAC guest and not the TVOE host running on the Management server.

1.4 General Procedure Step Format

Figure 1 shows an example of a procedural step used in this document.

- Any sub-steps within a step are referred to as step X.Y. The example in Figure 1 shows steps 1 through 3, and step 3.1.
- GUI menu items, action links, and buttons to be clicked on are in bold Arial font.
- GUI fields and values to take note of during a step are in bold Arial font.
- Where it is necessary to explicitly identify the server on which a particular step is to be taken, the server name is given in the title box for the step (e.g., **ServerX** in step 2 Figure 1).

<p>Each step has a checkbox the user should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.</p> <p>The Title column describes the operations to perform during that step.</p> <p>Each command the user enters, and any response output, is formatted in 10-point Courier font.</p>		
	Title	Directive/Result Step
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Change directory	Change to the backout directory. <pre>\$ cd /var/TKLC/backout</pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	ServerX: Connect to the console of the server	Establish a connection to the server using cu on the terminal server/console. <pre>\$ cu -l /dev/ttyS7</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Verify Network Element data	View the Network Elements configuration data; verify the data; save and print report. 1. Select Configuration > Network Elements to view Network Elements Configuration screen.

Figure 1. Example of a Procedure Step Used in This Document

2. Acquiring Firmware

Several procedures in this document pertain to the upgrading of firmware on various servers and hardware devices that are part of the Platform 7.5 configuration.

Platform 7.5 servers and devices requiring possible firmware updates are:

- HP c7000 Blade System Enclosure Components
 - Onboard Administrator
 - 1GB Ethernet Pass-Thru Module
 - Cisco 3020 Enclosure Switches
 - HP6120XG Enclosure Switches
 - HP6125G Enclosure Switches
 - HP6125XLG Enclosure Switches
 - Blade Servers (BL460)
- HP Rack Mount Server (DL360/380)
- HP External Storage Systems
 - D2200sb (Storage Blade)
 - D2220sb (Storage Blade)
- Cisco 4948/4948E-F Rack Mount Network Switches

Software centric customers do not receive firmware upgrades through Oracle. Instead, refer to the [3] HP Solution Firmware Upgrade pack, Software Centric Release Notes on <http://docs.oracle.com> under Platform documentation. The latest release is recommended if an upgrade is performed; otherwise, release 2.2.12 is the minimum.

The required firmware and documentation for upgrading the firmware on HP hardware systems and related components are distributed as the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack 2.x.x. The minimum firmware release required for Platform 7.5 is HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack 2.2.12. However, if a firmware upgrade is needed, the current GA release of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack 2.x.x should be used.

Each version of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x contains multiple items including media and documentation. If an HP FUP 2.x.x version newer than the Platform 7.5 minimum of HP FUP 2.2.12 is used, then the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x should be used to upgrade the firmware. Otherwise, the Upgrade Guide of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x is not used for new installs. Instead, this document provides its own upgrade procedures for firmware.

The three pieces of required firmware media provided in the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack 2.x.x releases are:

- HP Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP) firmware ISO image
- HP MISC Firmware ISO image

Refer to the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, Software Centric Release Notes [3] to determine specific firmware versions provided. Contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for more information on obtaining the HP Firmware Upgrade Pack.

Warning: Creating/using bootable USB SPP media to upgrade HP RMS firmware is currently unsupported. All other methods for upgrading HP RMS firmware detailed in the HP FUP Upgrade Procedures document are still supported.

3. Installation Overview

This section contains the installation overview, and includes information about required materials, strategies, and SNMP configuration.

This section configures the DSR base hardware systems (RMS and HP c-Class enclosure) (RMS and Blade IPM, Networking, Enclosure, and PMAC configuration). After following this document, follow the DSR application procedure document to complete the DSR application configurations.

Note that IPM refers to installing either TVOE or TPD on the target system. TVOE is used when virtualization is needed (e.g., for the PMAC and NO/SO). TPD is used for systems that do not require virtualization and for the Virtual Machines.

3.1 Required Materials

1. One (1) ISO of TPD 7.5, release specified by Release Notes.
2. One (1) ISO of PMAC 6.5, release specified by Release Notes.
3. One (1) USB of TVOE 3.5, release specified by Release Notes.
4. One (1) USB or ISO of DSR 8.2 and all configuration files and templates acquired via the DSR ISO.
5. Passwords for users on the local system.
6. Access to the iLO Terminal or direct access to the server VGA port.
7. HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x (the latest version must be used if an upgrade is to be performed; otherwise, version 2.2.12 is the minimum). A 4GB or larger USB flash drive.
8. NAPD and all relevant configuration materials for ALL sites involved. This includes host IP addresses, site network element XML files, and netConfig configuration files.
9. Keyboard and monitor if configuring iLO addresses.

Note: Customers are required to download all software from the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud (OSDC).

3.2 Installation Strategy

To ensure a successful application installation, plan and assess all configuration materials and installation variables. After a customer site survey has been conducted, an installer can use this section to plan the exact procedures that should be executed at each site.

1. Establish an overall installation requirement. The data collected should include the following:
 - The total number of sites
 - The number of servers at each site and their role(s)
 - Determine if the application's networking interface terminates on a Layer 2 or Layer 3 boundary
 - Establish the number of enclosures at each site (if any)
 - Determine if the application uses rack-mount servers or server blades
 - What time zone should be used across the entire collection of application sites
 - Will SNMP traps be viewed at the application level, or an external NMS be used (or both)
2. Conduct a site survey to determine exact networking and site details. Additionally, IP networking options must be well understood, and IP address allocations collected from the customer, in order to complete switch configurations

3.3 SNMP Configuration

The network plan for SNMP configuration should be decided upon before DSR installation proceeds. This section provides some recommendations for these decisions.

SNMP traps can originate from the following entities in a DSR installation:

- DSR Application Servers (NOAMP, SOAM, MPs of all types)
- DSR Auxiliary Components (OA, Switches, TVOE hosts, PMAC)

DSR application servers can be configured to:

1. Send all their SNMP traps to the NOAMP via merging from their local SOAM. All traps terminate at the NOAMP and are viewable from the NOAMP GUI (entire network) and the SOAM GUI (site specific) if only NOAMP and SOAM are configured as Manager and the **Traps Enabled** checkbox is selected for these managers on **Administration > Remote Servers > SNMP Trapping** screen. This is the default configuration option.
2. Send all their SNMP traps to an external Network Management Station (NMS). The traps are NOT seen at the SOAM or at the NOAM. They are viewable at the configured NMS(s) only if the external NMS is configured as Manager and **Traps Enabled** checkbox is selected for this manager on **Administration > Remote Servers > SNMP Trapping** screen.
3. Send SNMP traps from individual servers like MPs of all types if the **Traps from Individual Servers** checkbox is selected on **Administration > Remote Servers > SNMP Trapping** screen.

Application server SNMP configuration is done from the NOAMP GUI, near the end of DSR installation. See the procedure list for details.

DSR Auxiliary components must have their SNMP trap destinations set explicitly. Trap destinations can be the NOAMP VIP, the SOAMP VIP, or an external (customer) NMS. The recommended configuration is as follows:

The following components:	Should have their SNMP trap destinations set to:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TVOE for PMAC server 	1. The local SOAM VIP

The following components:	Should have their SNMP trap destinations set to:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PMAC (App) • OAs • All Switch types (4948, 3020, 6120, 6125) • TVOE for DSR Servers 	2. The customer NMS, if available

Note: All the entities must use the same community string during configuration of the NMS server.

Note: SNMP community strings, (for example, read only or read/write SNMP community strings) should be the same for all components like OAM/MP servers, PMACs, TVOEes, and external NMS.

Note: Default SNMP trap port used to receive traps is 162. You can provide the port number from the SNMP configuration screen.

3.4 NTP Strategy

The following set of general principles capture the recommendations for NTP configuration of DSR:

Principle 1 — Virtual guests should not be used as NTP servers

Avoid specifying virtual guests as NTP references for other servers. Guest emulated clocks have been shown to result in poor NTP server behavior.

Principle 2 — Virtual guests should synchronize to their virtual hosts

When virtualization is used in the product deployment, virtual guests should use their TVOE hosts as their NTP references.

Principle 3 — Follow a topology based approach

MP servers should use their topology parents (SOAMs in a three tier topology), or if those parents are virtual guests, the enclosing virtual hosts should be used instead. The PMAC TVOE host should be used as a third NTP source. See Figure 2 for clarification.

Similarly, SOAM servers should use their topology parents (NOAMs), or if those parents are virtual guests, the enclosing virtual hosts should be used instead. See Figure 2 for clarification.

NOAMP and other A-Level servers should use a pool of reliable, customer provided references if the NOAMPs are implemented in hardware, otherwise they should synchronize to their virtual hosts.

Principle 4 — Provide a robust pool of sources

The pool of customer NTP server references should be of stratum 3 or above, accurate and highly reliable. If possible, both local site server and backup remote site servers should be provided. Three or more customer NTP sources are required.

Principle 5 — Prefer local references

When references from multiple sites or networks are used on one server, the "prefer" keyword should be applied to the local references.

Principle 6 — Ensure connectivity

Ensure all NTP references are reachable through the appropriate networking configuration. In particular, firewall rules must be correctly specified to allow NTP clients to connect to their specified references.

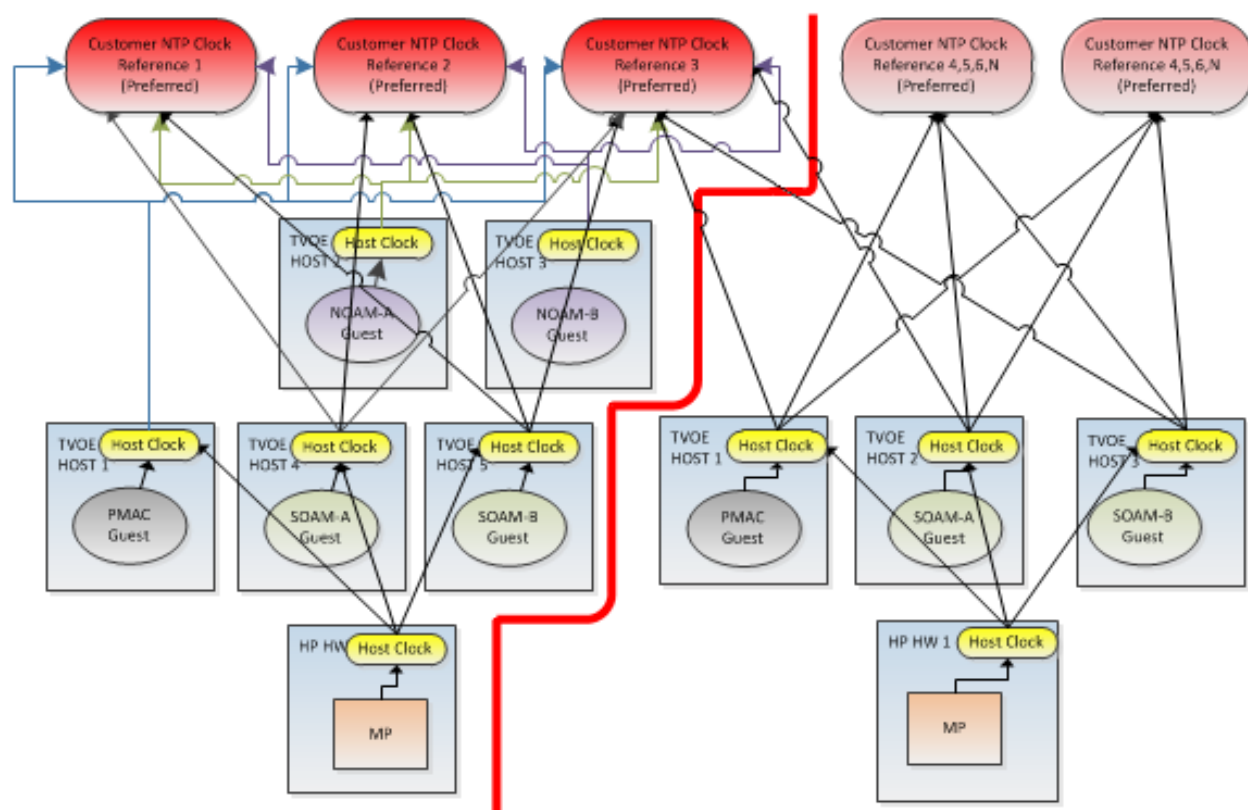


Figure 2. Per Site NTP Topology

3.5 Overview of DSR Networks

This table presents an overview of the networks configured and used by DSR at a site. Based on the deployment type/requirements, the networks could be physically or logically separated using VLANs.

Table 3. DSR Networks

Network Name	Default VLAN ID*	Routeable	Description
Control	1	No	Network used by PMAC to IPM the servers/blades/VMs. Refer to the NAPD for site-specific IP information (IPs are assigned by the PMAC using DHCP)
Management	2	Yes	Network used for iLO interfaces, OAs, and enclosure switches. Also used to provide remote access to the TVOE and PMAC servers
XMI	3	Yes	Network used to provide access to the DSR entities (GUI, ssh), and for inter-site communication
IMI	4	No	Network used for intra-site communication
XSI-1	5	Yes	Network used for DSR signaling traffic
XSI2-XSI16**	6-20	Yes	Networks used for DSR signaling traffic

Network Name	Default VLAN ID*	Routable	Description
Replication	21	Yes	Network used for DSR PCA secondary replication (for example, PCA)

* The VLAN ID assignments are site and deployment specific.

** Optional.

4. Software Installation Procedures

This section contains the software installation procedures, including preparation and configuration information for a site.

The procedures in this section are expected to be executed in the order presented in this section.

If a procedural STEP fails to execute successfully, STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).

Sudo

Platform 6.7 introduced a new non-root user, `admusr`. As a non-root user, many commands (when run as `admusr`) now require the use of **sudo**. Using **sudo** requires a password with the first command, and intermittently over time. Therefore, if a prompt for **[sudo] password** displays, the user should re-enter the `admusr` login password.

Example:

```
[admusr@hostname ~]$ sudo <command>
[sudo] password for admusr: <ENTER PASSWORD HERE>
<command output omitted>
[admusr@hostname ~]$
```

4.1 Configure and IPM the Management Server

The management server is installed as a virtual host environment and hosts the PMAC application. It may also host other DSR applications as defined by the deployment configuration for the customer site.

Depending on the deployment plan, you can IPM a server with either TVOE (if virtualization is needed) or TPD (if no virtualization is needed).

4.1.1 Install TVOE on the Management Server

Install the TVOE hypervisor platform on the management server. The PMAC is not available to an IPM of the TVOE management server. It is necessary to provide the TVOE media physically using a bootable USB. Refer to section 3.1 Required Materials for more information.

Procedure 1. Configure DL380

1. Configure the iLO IP address. For more information, refer to Appendix F in the TPD Initial Product Manufacturer Software Installation Procedure [4].
2. Configure and IPM the DL380 server by following Appendix A.

Needed Material: TPD or TVOE installation media to be used for IPM.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

For a DL360 G6/G7 or DL380 G6/Gen8/Gen9 server, the correct options to use for the IPM of the management server are:

```
TPDnoraaid console=tty0 diskconfig=HWRAID,force
```

Note: Do not use the remote serial console for installation.

4.1.2 Upgrade Management Server Firmware

Software Centric Customers: If Oracle Consulting Services or any other Oracle Partner is providing services to a customer that include installation and/or upgrade then, as long as the terms of the scope of those services include that Oracle Consulting Services is employed as an agent of the customer (including update of Firmware on customer provided services), then Oracle consulting services can install FW they obtain from the customer who is licensed for support from HP.

Note: This procedure uses a custom SPP version that cannot be obtained from the customer and, therefore, cannot be used for a Software Centric Customer. Software Centric Customers must ensure their firmware versions match those detailed in the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, Software Centric Release Notes [3] document.

The service pack for ProLiant (SPP) installer automatically detects the firmware components available on the target server and only upgrades those components with firmware older than what is provided by the SPP in the HP FUP version being used.

Table 4. Procedure Reference Table

Variable	Description	Value
<iLO>	IP address of the iLO for the server being upgraded	
<iLO_admin_user>	Username of the iLO Administrator user	
<iLO_admin_password>	Password for the iLO Administrator user	
<local_HPSPPP_image_path>	Filename for the HP support pack for ProLiant ISO	
<admusr_password>	Password for the admusr user for the server being upgraded	


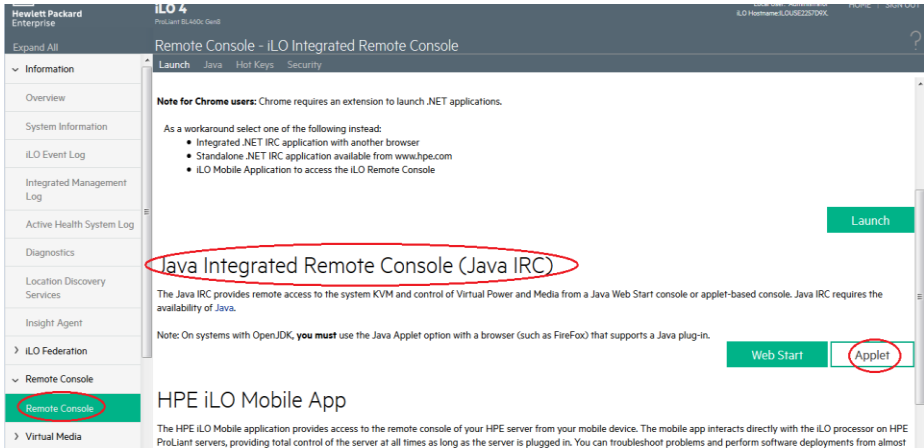
Needed Material:

- HP Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP) firmware ISO image
- HP MISC firmware ISO image (for errata updates if applicable)
- Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2]
- Upgrade Guide of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2]

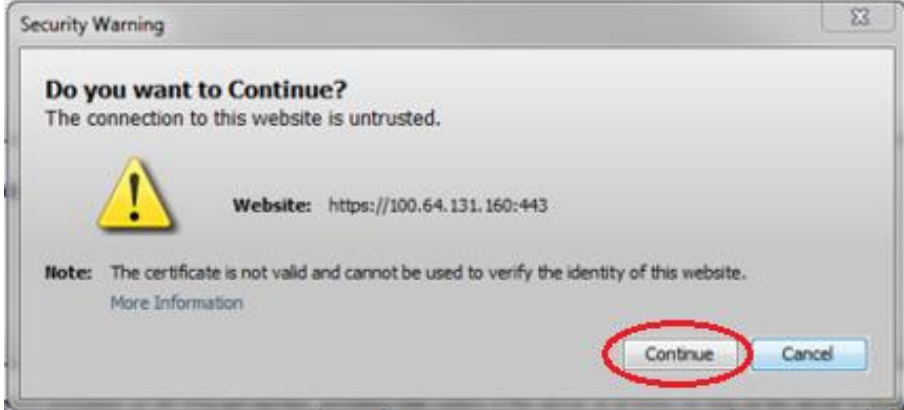

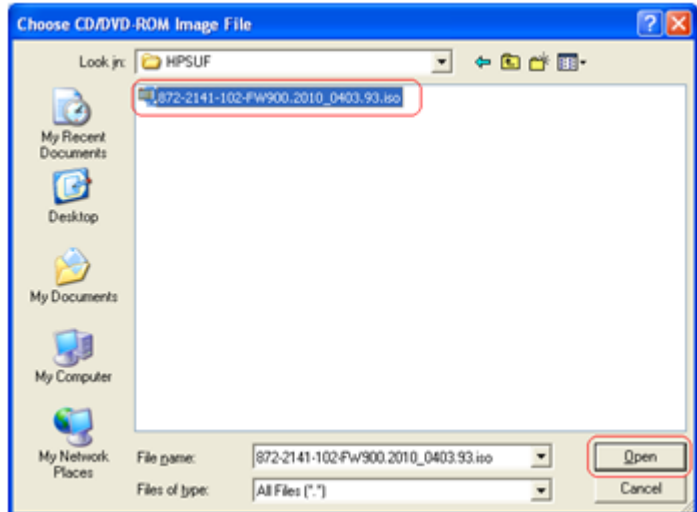
Important Notes:

- Ignore references to the Copy the ISO Images to the Workstation procedure
- Ignore the <local_HPSPPP_image_path> variable
- For the **Update Firmware Errata** step, check the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x Upgrade Guide to see if there are any firmware errata items that apply to the server being upgraded. If there is, there is a directory matching the errata's ID in the /errata directory of the HP MISC firmware ISO image. The errata directories contain the errata firmware and a README file detailing the installation steps.

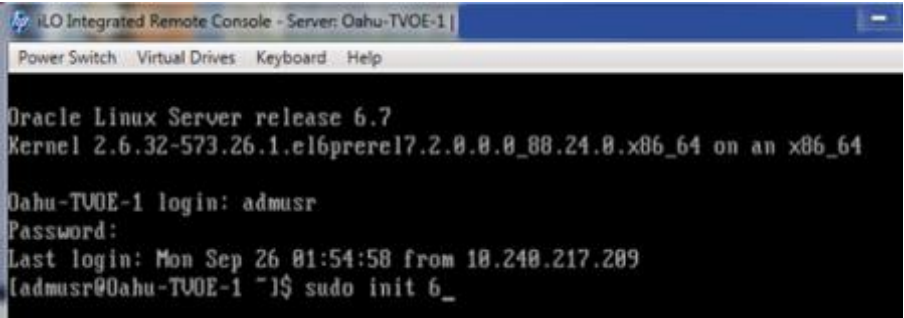
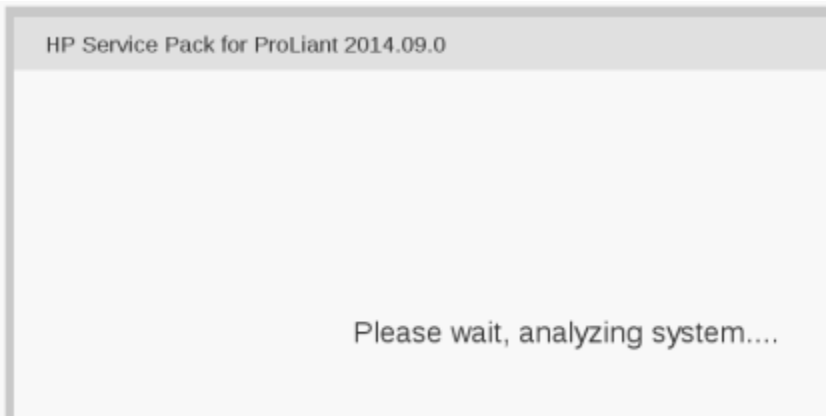
Procedure 2. Upgrade Management Server Firmware

S T E P #	<p>This procedure upgrades the DL380 server firmware. All servers should have SNMP disabled. Refer to Appendix B.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Local Workstation: Access iLO Web GUI	<p>Access the ProLiant Server iLO Web Login Page from an Internet Explorer session using the following URL:</p> <p><code>https://<iilo_IP>/</code></p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	iLO Web GUI: Log into iLO	<p>Log into iLO as the administrator user.</p> <p>Username = <iilo_admin_user></p> <p>Password = <iilo_admin_password></p> 
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	iLO Web GUI: Open Java	<p>Open the Java Integrated Remote Console applet.</p> <p>On the menu to the left, navigate to the Remote Console page. Navigate to Java Integrated Remote Console > Applet.</p>  <p>Click Continue.</p>

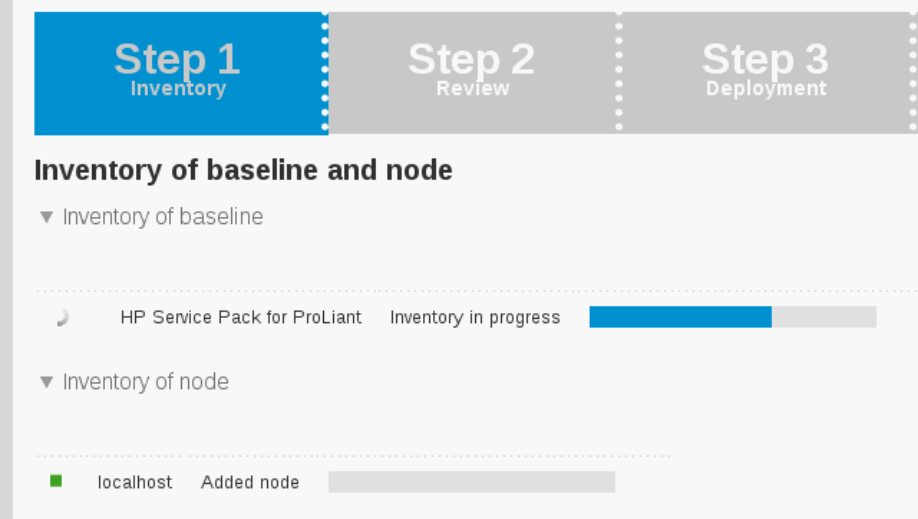
Procedure 2. Upgrade Management Server Firmware

		 <p>A "Security Warning" dialog box with a yellow warning triangle icon. The text reads: "Do you want to Continue? The connection to this website is untrusted." Below this, it says "Website: https://100.64.131.160:443". A "Note" states: "The certificate is not valid and cannot be used to verify the identity of this website." At the bottom right, there are "Continue" and "Cancel" buttons. The "Continue" button is circled in red.</p> <p>If other warning screens display, acknowledge them to proceed to the Java integrated Remote Console applet.</p>
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>iLO4 Remote Console: Create virtual drive connection</p>	<p>Click on the Virtual Drives list and select the Image File (CD-ROM/DVD).</p>  <p>A screenshot of the "iLO Integrated Remote Console" window. The "Virtual Drives" tab is selected. It shows a list of virtual drives: "Folder", "Image File Removable Media", "URL Removable Media", "Image File CD-ROM/DVD", and "URL CD-ROM/DVD". The "Image File CD-ROM/DVD" option is highlighted with a blue selection bar and circled in red.</p> <p>Locate the HP Support Pack for ProLiant ISO file copied to the workstation and click Open.</p>  <p>A "Choose CD/DVD-ROM Image File" dialog box. The "Look in:" field shows "HPSUF". A file named "872-2141-102-FW900.2010_0403.93.iso" is selected and circled in red. The "File name:" field at the bottom shows the same filename. The "Files of type:" field is set to "All Files (*.*)". The "Open" button is circled in red.</p>

Procedure 2. Upgrade Management Server Firmware

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	iLO4 Remote Console: Reboot the server	<p>Once the remote console application opens to the login prompt, log into the server as admusr.</p> <pre>Localhost login: admusr Password: <admusr_password></pre> <p>Initiate a server reboot</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre>  <p>The screenshot shows the iLO Integrated Remote Console window for Server: Oahu-TV0E-1. The terminal displays the Oracle Linux Server release 6.7, kernel 2.6.32-573.26.1.el6prere17.2.0.0.0_88.24.0.x86_64 on an x86_64. The user 'admusr' is logged in, and the command 'sudo init 6' is entered to initiate a server reboot.</p>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	iLO4 Remote Console: Perform an unattended firmware upgrade	<p>After the server reboots into the HP Support Pack for ProLiant ISO, press Enter to select the Automatic Firmware Update procedure.</p> <p>If no key is pressed in 30 seconds, the system automatically performs an Automatic Firmware Update.</p> <p>Important: Do not click inside the remote console during the rest of the firmware upgrade process. The firmware install stays at the EULA acceptance screen for a short period of time. The time it takes this process to complete varies by server and network connection speed and takes several minutes. During that time, the following screen displays on the console.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the HP Service Pack for ProLiant 2014.09.0 screen. The text 'Please wait, analyzing system....' is displayed in the center of the screen.</p> <p>No progress indication displays during the system scan and analysis stage. In about 10 minutes, the installation automatically proceeds to the next step.</p>

Procedure 2. Upgrade Management Server Firmware

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	iLO4 Remote Console: Monitor installation	<p>Once analysis is complete, the installer begins to inventory and deploy the eligible firmware components. A progress indicator displays.</p> <p>If iLO firmware is applied, the Remote Console disconnects, but continues upgrading. If the Remote Console closes due to the iLO upgrading, wait 3-5 minutes and log back into the iLO Web GUI and reconnect to the Remote Console. The server might already be done upgrading and might have rebooted.</p>  <p>Note: If the iLO firmware is to be upgraded, the iLO session is terminated and you lose the remote console, virtual media, and Web GUI connections to the server. This is expected and does not impact the firmware upgrade process.</p>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Local Workstation: Clean up	<p>Once the firmware updates have been completed, the server automatically reboots.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you are upgrading a Gen8 (iLO4) server; closing the remote console window disconnects the virtual image and you can close the iLO4 Web GUI browser session. • If you are using SPP USB media plugged into the server, you can now remove it.
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Local Workstation: Verify server availability	Wait 3 to 5 minutes and verify the server has rebooted and is available by gaining access to the login prompt.
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Update firmware errata	Refer to the ProLiant Server Firmware Errata section to determine if this HP Solutions Firmware Update Pack contains additional firmware errata updates that should be applied to the server at this time.
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat	Repeat this procedure for all remaining RMSs, if any.

4.1.3 Deploy Virtualized PMAC

4.1.3.1 What You Need

Use the completed NAPD information to fill in the appropriate data in this Procedure's Reference tables. The following are provided to aid with the data collection for the TVOE management server and the PMAC Application hosted on the Management Server TVOE.

- Determine if the network configuration of this management server is non-segregated or segregated.

Note: The term **segregated networks** refers to the separation of the management server's control and platform-management networks onto separate physical NICs. If either of the following scenarios exists, the networks are considered segregated.

 - Devices eth01 and eth02 of the management server are physically connected to the first pair of the c7000 enclosure switches.
 - Devices eth01 and eth02 of two RMS servers are directly connected to each other (e.g., eth01 > eth01 and eth02 > eth02).
- Determine the TVOE management server's required network interface, bond, Ethernet device, and route data.
- Determine if the control network on the TVOE management server is to be tagged. If appropriate, fill in the <control VLAN ID> value in the table; otherwise, the control network is not tagged.
- Determine if the management network on the TVOE management server is to be tagged. If appropriate, fill in the <TVO_Management_VLAN_ID> value in the table; otherwise, the management network is not tagged.
- Determine the bridge name to be used on the TVOE management server for the management network. Fill in the <TVOE_Management_Bridge> value in the table.
- Determine if the NetBackup feature is enabled.
 - Determine if the NetBackup network on the TVOE management server is to be tagged. If appropriate, fill in the <NetBackup_VLAN_ID> value in the table; otherwise, the NetBackup network is not tagged.
 - Determine the bridge name to be used on the TVOE management server for the NetBackup network. Fill in the <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> value in the table
 - Determine if the NetBackup network is to be configured with jumbo frames. If appropriate, fill in the <NetBackup_MTU_size> value in the table; otherwise, the NetBackup network uses the default MTU size.
 - If the PMAC NetBackup feature is enabled, and the backup service is routed with a source interface different then the management interface where the default route is applied, then define the route during PMAC initialization as a host route to the NetBackup server.
- The PMAC initialization profiles have been designed to configure the PMAC's networks and features. Profiles must identify interfaces. Existing profiles provided by PMAC use standard named interfaces (control, management). No VLAN tagging is expected on the PMAC's interfaces, all tagging should be handled on the TVOE management server configuration.

Network Interface	DL380 (with HP 4pt 1GB in PCI Slot 1) (Gen8 and Gen9)	DL380 (with HP 4pt 1GB 331FLR Adapter)
<ethernet_interface_1>	eth01	eth01
<ethernet_interface_2>	eth02	eth02

Network Interface	DL380 (with HP 4pt 1GB in PCI Slot 1) (Gen8 and Gen9)	DL380 (with HP 4pt 1GB 331FLR Adapter)
<ethernet_interface_3>	Eth11	eth03
<ethernet_interface_4>	Eth12	eth04
<ethernet_interface_5>	eth04	eth05

PMAC Interface Alias	TVO Bridge Name	TVOE Bridge Interface
Control	control	<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> value for this site (default is bond0): _____
Management	<TVOE_Management_Bridge> value for this site: _____	<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> value for this site: _____
NetBackup	<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> value for this site: _____	<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface> value for this site: _____

Variable	Description	Value
<control_VLAN_ID>	For non-segregated networks, the control network may have a VLAN ID assigned. In most cases, there is none.	
<base_device_hosting_control_network>	If <control_VLAN_ID> has a value, then the device used for the control network <TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> has a tagged interface name. The base device for the control network is the untagged interface name. For example, if the device interface is bond1.2, then the base device is bond1.	
<management_VLAN_ID>	For non-segregated networks, the management network is on a tagged VLAN coming in on bond0.	
<mgmtVLAN_gateway_address>	Gateway address used for routing on the management network.	
<NetBackup_server_IP>	The IP address of the remote NetBackup server.	

Variable	Description	Value
<NetBackup_VLAN_ID>	For non-segregated networks, the NetBackup network is on a tagged VLAN coming in on bond0.	
<NetBackup_gateway_address>	Gateway address used for routing on the NetBackup network.	
<NetBackup_network_IP>	The Network IP for the NetBackup network.	
<PMAC_<NetBackup_netmask_or_prefix>	The IPv4 netmask or IPv6 prefix assigned to the PMAC for participation in the NetBackup network.	
<PMAC_NetBackup_IP_address>	The IP address assigned to the PMAC for participation in the NetBackup network.	
<NetBackup_MTU_size>	If desired, the MTU size can be set to tune the NetBackup network traffic.	
<management_server_mgmt_IP_address>	The TVOE management server's IP address on the management network.	
<PMAC_mgmt_IP___address>	The PMAC application's IP address on the management network.	
<mgmt_netmask_or_prefix>	The IPv4 netmask or IPv6 prefix for the management network.	
<PMAC_control_IP_address>	The PMAC application's IP address on the control network.	
<control_netmask>	The IP netmask for the control network.	

Network Bond Interface	Enslaved Interface 1 Value	Enslaved Interface 2 Value
bond0		
For segregated networks only		
bond1		
bond2		

4.1.3.2 Deployment Procedure

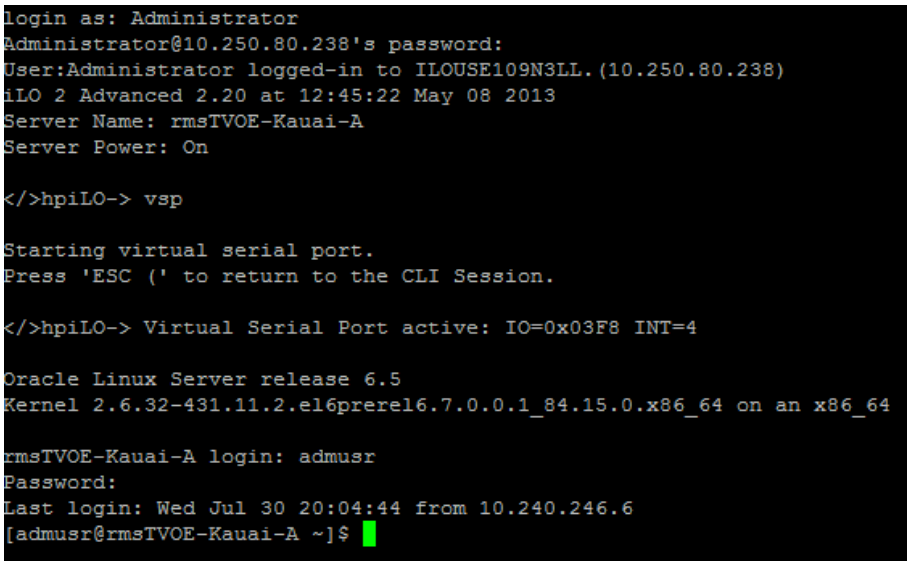
Deploying a VM guest in the absence of a PMAC is complicated. To facilitate this, the PMAC media includes a guest archive and a script that deploys the running PMAC into a state where the Initialization process can begin.

1. Install the appropriate TVOE version on the management server using iLO.
2. Create and configure the management bridge.

3. Determine if NetBackup Feature is enabled for this system. If enabled, install appropriate NetBackup client to the PMAC TVOE host.
4. Attach PMAC media to the TVOE (USB).
5. Mount the media.
6. Use the <mount-point>/upgrade/pmac-deploy script to create the VM and configure the guest on the first boot.
7. Navigate browser to the management IP address of the deployed PMAC.
8. Perform Initial Configuration.

4.1.4 Configure TVOE Network

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures the TVOE network.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the management server iLO on the remote console using application provided passwords via Appendix C. 2. Log into the iLO in Internet Explorer using password provided by application: <code>http://<management_server_iLO_IP></code> 3. Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server.  4. Click Yes if the security alert displays.

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Configure the control network bond for back-to-back configurations	<p>If the control network for the RMS servers consists of direct connections between the servers with no intervening switches (known as a "back-to-back" configuration), execute this step to set the primary interface of bond0 to <ethernet_interface_1>; otherwise, skip to the next step.</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only. The site information for this system determines the network interfaces (network devices, bonds, and bond enslaved devices) to configure.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=bond0 - -onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup -- miimon=100 --primary=<ethernet_interface_1>Interface bond0 updated</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify control network bond	<p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the control bond configured.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query -- device=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> Protocol: none On Boot: yes IP Address: Netmask: Bonded Mode: active-backup Enslaving: <ethernet_interface_1> <ethernet_interface_2></pre> <p>If the bond has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>If the RMS servers do not fit this configuration, move onto the next step.</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only. The site information for this system determines the network interfaces (network devices, bonds, and bond enslaved devices) to configure.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=bond0 - -onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup -- miimon=100 --primary=<ethernet_interface_1>Interface bond0 updated</pre> <p>Remove existing bond:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --type=Bridge -- name=control --delBridgeInt=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> Interface <TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> updated Bridge control updated</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm delete -- device=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> Interface bond0 removed</pre> <p>Re-create control bond (<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface>) with primary interface set to <ethernet_interface_1>:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=bond0 -- onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup --miimon=100 --primary=<ethernet_interface_1></pre>

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

		<pre>Interface <TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> added \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set -- device=<ethernet_interface_1> --type=Ethernet -- master=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> --slave=yes -- onboot=yes Interface <ethernet_interface_1> updated \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set -- device=<ethernet_interface_2> --type=Ethernet -- master=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> --slave=yes -- onboot=yes Interface <ethernet_interface_2> updated Add <TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> back to existing control bridge: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --type=Bridge -- name=control --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Control_Interface></pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify control network bridge	<p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the control bond configured.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --type=Bridge -- name=control Bridge Name: control On Boot: yes Protocol: dhcp Persistent: yes Promiscuous: no Hwaddr: 00:24:81:fb:29:52 MTU: Bridge Interface: bond0 If the bridge has been configured, skip to the next step. Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only. The site information for this system determines the network interfaces (network devices, bonds, and bond enslaved devices) to configure. Create control bridge <TVOE_Control_Bridge> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge -- name=<TVOE_Control_Bridge> --bootproto=dhcp --onboot=yes -- bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Bridge_Interface></pre>

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE iLO: Create tagged control interface and bridge (optional)	<p>If you are using a tagged control network interface on this PMAC, then complete this step using values for the control interface on bond0 from the preceding tables; otherwise, proceed to the next step.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --type=Bridge -- name=control --delBridgeInt=bond0 Interface bond0 updated Bridge control updated \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add -- device=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface> created \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<Enslaved Interface 1> --onboot=yes \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<Enslaved Interface 2> --onboot=yes \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --type=Bridge -- name=control -- bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Control_Bridge_Interface></pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the tagged/non-segregated management network	<p>A Segregated Management Network can be either tagged or untagged. In most cases, the network is tagged when the TVOE Host is used to host DSR guests in addition to the PMAC guest. In this scenario, both the Management and XMI networks are required and are tagged on the same bond. In scenarios where only the PMAC is hosted by the TVOE and only the Management network is required, untagged can be used. The switch configuration of the connected switches must match the server configuration tagged or untagged.</p> <p>Note: This step only applies if the management network is tagged (non-segregated).</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the configured management bridge on a non-segregated network setup.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --device=bond0.2 Protocol: none On Boot: yes IP Address: Netmask: Bridge: Member of bridge management</pre> <p>If the device has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>This example illustrates a tagged device for a tagged management network.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add -- device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> added</pre>

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the tagged/segregated management network	<p>Note: This step only applies if the management network is tagged (segregated).</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the configured management bond on a segregated network setup.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query -- device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --device=bond1 Protocol: none On Boot: yes IP Address: Netmask: Bonded Mode: active-backup Enslaving: <ethernet_interface_3> <ethernet_interface_4></pre> <p>If the bond has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add -- device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes -- type=Bonding --mode=active-backup --miimon=100 -- bondInterfaces="<ethernet_interface_3>,<ethernet_interface_4>"</pre> <p>Interface <TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> added</p> <p>Create bond1.2 to use in the next step.</p> <pre>sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=bond1.2 -- onboot=yes</pre>
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Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the management bridge	<p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the configured management bridge on a non-segregated network setup.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --type=Bridge --name=management</pre> <pre> Bridge Name: management On Boot: yes Protocol: none IP Address: 10.240.4.86 Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Promiscuous: no Hwaddr: 00:24:81:fb:29:52 MTU: Bridge Interface: bond1.2 </pre> <p>If the bridge has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>This example illustrates a tagged device for a tagged management bridge.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=<TVOE_Management_Bridge> --address=<management_server_mgmtVLAN_IP> --netmask=<mgmtVLAN_netmask_or_prefix> --onboot=yes --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface></pre>
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Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the NetBackup network, if needed	<p>If the NetBackup feature is not needed, skip to the next step.</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the NetBackup bridge is configured.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --type=Bridge --name=netbackup Bridge Name: netbackup On Boot: yes Protocol: none IP Address: 10.240.6.2 Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Promiscuous: no Hwaddr: 00:24:81:fb:29:52 MTU: Bridge Interface: bond2</pre> <p>Bond2 can be created using NIC cards/Ethernet dedicated for NetBackup. Refer to [6] Interconnect Technical Reference Procedure for Interconnect procedure to check dedicated card for NetBackup.</p> <p>If the bridge has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>The example below illustrates a TVOE management server configuration with the NetBackup feature enabled. The NetBackup network is configured with a non-default MTU size.</p> <p>The MTU size must be consistent between a network bridge, device, or bond, and associated VLANs.</p> <p>Select only one of the following configurations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Option 1: Create NetBackup bridge using an untagged native interface. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> --bootproto=none --onboot=yes --MTU=<NetBackup_MTU_size> --bridgeInterfaces=<Ethernet_interface_5> --address=<TVOE_NetBackup_IP> --netmask=<TVOE_NetBackup_Netmask_or_prefix></pre> Option 2: Create NetBackup bridge using a tagged device. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface> added \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> --onboot=yes --MTU=<NetBackup_MTU_size> --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface> --address=<TVOE_NetBackup_IP> --netmask=<TVOE_NetBackup_Netmask_or_prefix></pre>
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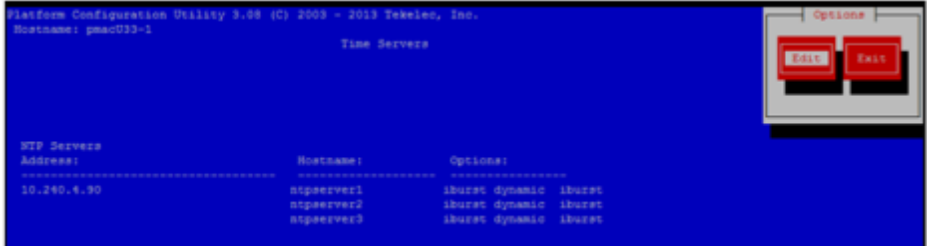
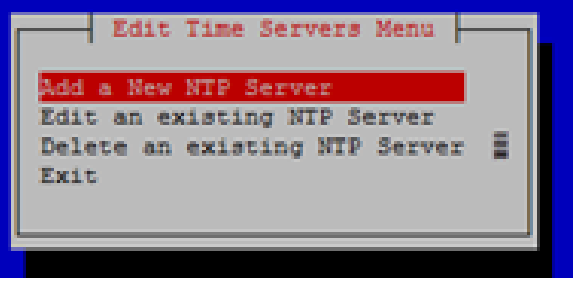
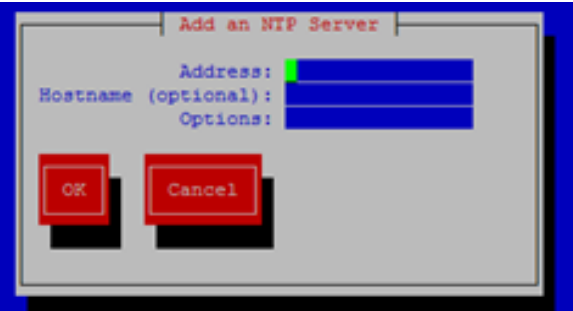
Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Syscheck	<p>syscheck must be configured to monitor bond interfaces. Replace "bondedInterfaces" with "bond0" or "bond0,bond1" if segregated networks are used:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond --set --var=DEVICES --val=<bondedInterfaces></pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond -enable</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheck -v net ipbond</pre> <p>Note: The following is an example of the setup of syscheck with a single bond, bond0:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond --set --var=DEVICES --val=bond0</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond -enable</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheck -v net ipbond</pre> <p>Note: The following is an example of the setup of syscheck with multiple bonds, bond0, and bond1:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond --set --var=DEVICES --val=bond0,bond1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond -enable</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheck -v net ipbond</pre>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the default route	<p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the default route on the management bridge is configured.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --route=default --device=management</pre> <p>Routes for TABLE: main and DEVICE: management</p> <pre>* NETWORK: default</pre> <pre> GATEWAY: 10.240.4.1</pre> <p>If the route has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>For this example, add the default route on the management network.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=default --device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge> --gateway=<mgmt_gateway_address></pre> <p>Route to <TVOE_Management_Bridge> added</p>

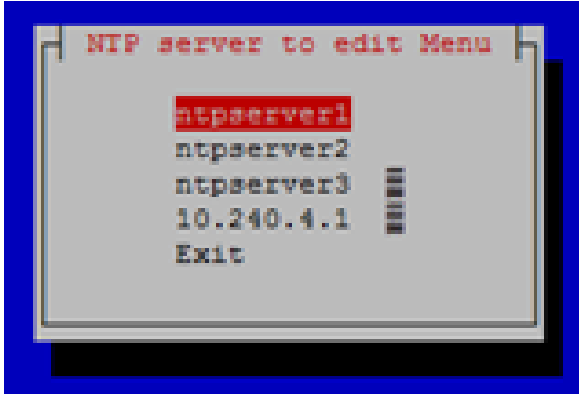
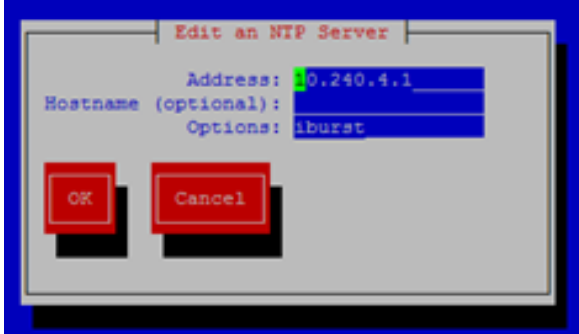
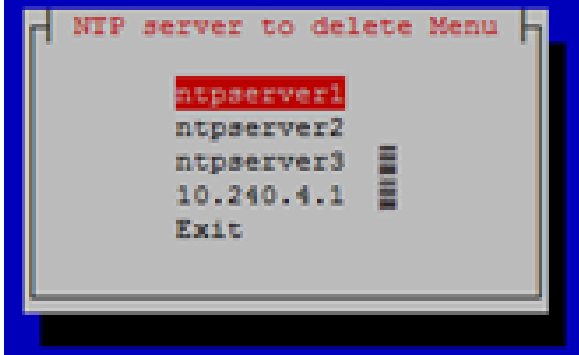
Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify the NetBackup route (optional)	<p>If the NetBackup network is a unique network for NetBackup data, verify the existence of the appropriate NetBackup route.</p> <p>Note: The output shown is for illustrative purposes only to show the route on the NetBackup bridge is configured.</p> <p>If the NetBackup route is to be a network route, then:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --route=net --device=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge></pre> <p>Routes for TABLE: main and DEVICE: netbackup</p> <pre>* NETWORK: net GATEWAY: 169.254.253.1</pre> <p>If the NetBackup route is to be a host route then:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --route=host --device=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge></pre> <p>Routes for TABLE: main and DEVICE: netbackup</p> <pre>* NETWORK: host GATEWAY: 169.254.253.1</pre> <p>If the route has been configured, skip to the next step.</p> <p>For this example, add the network route on the management network.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=net --device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge> --gateway=<NetBackup_gateway_address> --address=<NetBackup_network_IP> --netmask=<TVOE_NetBackup_Netmask_or_prefix></pre> <p>Route to <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> added</p> <p>For this example, add the host route on the management network.</p> <p>Note: For configuration of a host route, the <TVOE_NetBackup_Netmask> is set to 255.255.255.255.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=host --device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge> --gateway=<NetBackup_Server_IP> --address=<NetBackup_Server_IP> --netmask=<TVOE_NetBackup_Netmask_or_prefix></pre> <p>Route to <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> added</p>
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Set hostname	<pre>\$ sudo /bin/su - platcfg</pre> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Server Configuration > Hostname and set the hostname. 2. Set TVOE Management Server hostname. 3. Press OK. 4. Navigate out of Hostname.

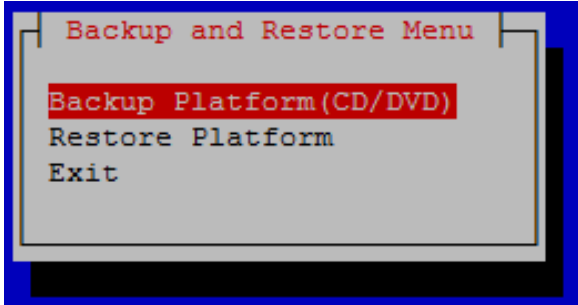
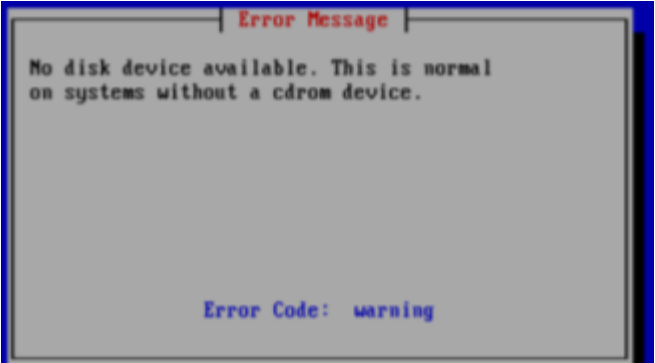
Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

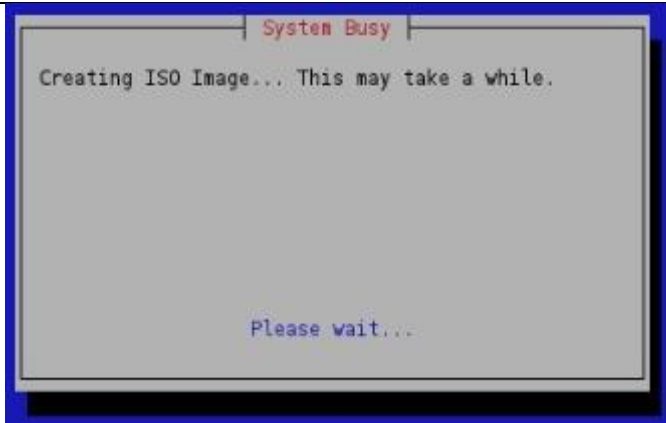
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Set time zone and/or hardware clock	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Server Configuration > Time Zone. 2. Click Edit. 3. Set the time zone and/or hardware clock to GMT (Greenwich Mean Time). 4. Press OK. 5. Navigate out of Server Configuration.
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Configure NTP servers for a server based on TPD	<p>Note: Three NTP sources are configured in this step. Refer to 3.4 NTP Strategy.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login as platcfg on the server. 2. Navigate to the Time Servers Configuration page. 3. Click Edit to update NTP information.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Select the appropriate Edit Time Servers Menu option. 5. When all Time Server actions are complete, exit the Edit Time Servers Menu. Remember that three (or more) NTP sources are required. <p>Note: If NTP servers already exist, go to step 8; otherwise, continue with the next step to add an NTP server.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. If adding a new NTP server, click Add a New NTP Server.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Enter data and click OK. 

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

		<p>Note: The default NTP option is iburst. Addition NTP options are listed in the ntp.conf main page. Some valid option are burst, minpoll, and maxpoll.</p> <p>8. If editing an existing NTP server, click Edit an existing NTP Server.</p> <p>9. Select the appropriate NTP server.</p>  <p>10. Enter data and click OK.</p>  <p>11. If deleting an existing NTP server, click Delete an existing NTP Server.</p> <p>12. Select the appropriate NTP server.</p>  <p>13. Restart the NTP server.</p> <p>14. Exit platcfg by clicking Exit on each menu until platcfg has been exited.</p>
16.	<input type="checkbox"/> Server: Add an SNMP trap destination	<p>Add an SNMP trap destination to a server based on TPD. All alarm information is set to the NMS located at the destination. Follow Procedure 29.</p>

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

17. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Verify server health	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre> <p>Alarms may be observed if network connectivity has not been established.</p>
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Ensure time is set correctly	<p>Set time based on NTP server.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/service ntpd stop</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/sbin/ntpdate ntpserver1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/service ntpd start</pre> <p>Reboot the server.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/init 6</pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up system files	<p>This step backs up system files to be used to restore a failed system.</p> <p>Note: Store the backup image on a customer-provided medium.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login as platcfg user. 2. Navigate to Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Back Platform. 3. Click Backup Platform (CD/DVD).  <p>Note: If this operation is attempted on a system without media, the following message displays:</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Click Build ISO file only to build the backup ISO image.

Procedure 3. Configure TVOE Network

Note: Creating the ISO image may happen so quickly that this screen may only appear for an instant.

After the ISO is created, platcfg returns to the Backup TekServer menu as shown in step 2. The ISO has now been created and is located in the `/var/TKLC/bkp/` directory. An example filename of a backup file that was created is: "hostname1307466752-plat-app-201104171705.iso".

5. Exit platcfg by clicking **Exit** on each menu until platcfg has been exited.

The SSH connection to the TVOE server is terminated.

6. Log into the customer server and copy the backup image to the customer server where it can be safely stored.

- From a Linux system, execute the following command to copy the backup image to the customer system.

```
# scp tvoexfer@<TVOE IP Address>:backup/*
/path/to/destination/
```

When prompted, enter the tvoexfer user password and press Enter.

An example of the output looks like:

```
# scp tvoexfer@<TVOE IP Address>:backup/*
/path/to/destination/
tvoexfer@10.24.34.73's password:
hostname1301859532-plat-app-301104171705.iso 100%
134MB 26.9MB/s 00:05
```

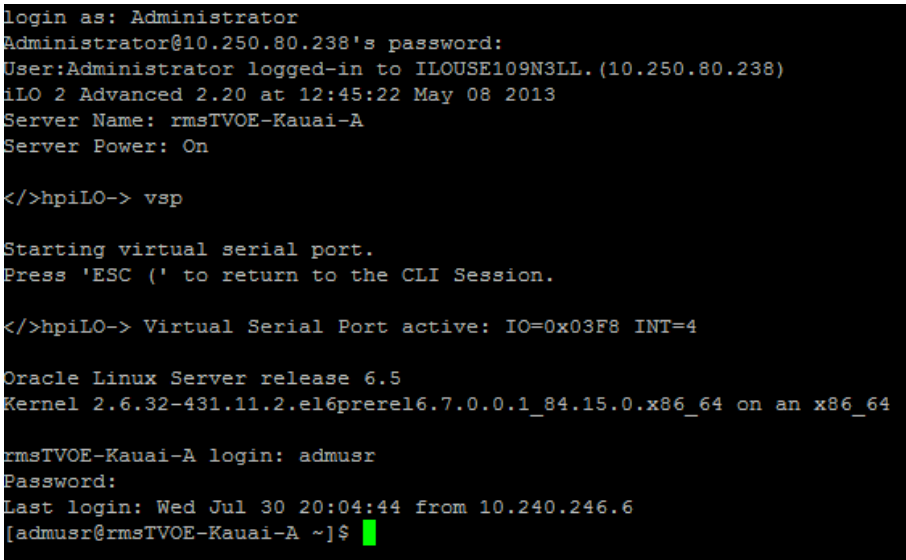
- From a Windows system, refer to Appendix F to copy the backup image to the customer system.

4.2 Install PMAC

4.2.1 Deploy PMAC

The pmac-deploy script deploys a PMAC guest. This is done at build time and the system disk image is kept on the PMAC media, along with this script. Once the PMAC media is mounted, the pmac-deploy script can be found in the upgrade directory of the media.

Procedure 4. Deploy PMAC Guest

S T E P #	<p>This procedure creates the PMAC guest and installs the OS and application.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server iLO: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the management server iLO on the remote console using application provided passwords via Appendix C. Log into the iLO in Internet Explorer using password provided by application: http://<management_server_iLO_IP> Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server.  Click Yes if the security alert displays.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVO Management Server: Mount PMAC media	<p>Mount PMAC media to the TVOE management server. Alternatively, you can log into the management console through PuTTY.</p> <p>For a sample of mounting a USB media.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls /media/*/*.iso /media/usb/872-2441-104-5.0.0_50.8.0-PMAC-x86_64.iso \$ sudo /bin/mount -o loop /media/usb/872-2441-104-5.0.0_50.8.0-PMAC-x86_64.iso /mnt/upgrade</pre>

Procedure 4. Deploy PMAC Guest

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Validate PMAC media	<p>Execute the self-validating media script.</p> <pre>\$ cd /mnt/upgrade/upgrade \$ sudo .validate/validate_cd Validating cdrom... UMVT Validate Utility v2.2.2, (c)Tekelec, June 2012 Validating <device or ISO> Date&Time: 2012-10-25 10:07:01 Volume ID: tklc_872-2441-106_Rev_A_50.11.0 Part Number: 872-2441-106_Rev_A Version: 50.11.0 Disc Label: PMAC Disc description: PMAC The media validation is complete, the result is: PASS CDROM is Valid If the media validation fails, the media is not valid and should not be used.</pre>
--------------------------------	--	--

Procedure 4. Deploy PMAC Guest

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Deploy OM&C instance	<p>Using the pmac-deploy script, deploy the PMAC instance using the configuration detailed by the completed NAPD.</p> <p>For this example, deploy a PMAC without the NetBackup feature.</p> <pre>\$ cd /mnt/upgrade/upgrade \$ sudo ./pmac-deploy --guest=<PMAC_Name> -- hostname=<PMAC_Name> --controlBridge=<TVOE_Control_Bridge> --controlIP=<PMAC_Control_ip_address> -- controlNM=<PMAC_Control_netmask> -- managementBridge=<PMAC_Management_Bridge> -- managementIP=<PMAC_Management_ip_address> -- managementNM=<PMAC_Management_netmask_or_prefix> -- routeGW=<PMAC_Management_gateway_address> -- ntpserver=<TVOE_Management_server_ip_address> -- isoimagesVolSizeGB=20</pre> <p>Deploying a PMAC with the NetBackup feature requires the --netbackupVol option, which creates a separate NetBackup logical volume on the TVOE host of PMAC. If the NetBackup feature's source interface is different from the management interface include the --bridge and the --nic as shown in the example below.</p> <pre>\$ cd /mnt/upgrade/upgrade \$ sudo ./pmac-deploy --guest=<PMAC_Name> -- hostname=<PMAC_Name> --controlBridge=<TVOE_Control_Bridge> --controlIP=<PMAC_Control_ip_address> -- controlNM=<PMAC_Control_netmask> -- managementBridge=<PMAC_Management_Bridge> -- managementIP=<PMAC_Management_ip_address> -- managementNM=<PMAC_Management_netmask_or_prefix> -- routeGW=<PMAC_Management_gateway_address> -- ntpserver=<TVOE_Management_server_ip_address> -- netbackupVol --bridge=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge> -- nic=netbackup</pre> <p>Note: If a mistake in the pmac-deploy is identified during this step, the operator under the advisement of customer service can remove the guest with the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/guestMgr --remove <PMAC_Name></pre> <p>The PMAC deploys and boots. The management and control network displays based on the settings provided to the pmac-deploy script</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server: Unmount and remove PMAC media	<pre>\$ cd / \$ sudo /bin/umount /mnt/upgrade</pre> <p>Remove the PMAC media.</p>

4.2.2 Set Up PMAC

At the conclusion of this section, the PMAC application environment is sufficiently configured to allow configuration of system network assets associated with the Management Server.

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures the PMAC application guest environment on the management server TVOE host and initializes the PMAC application.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<div data-bbox="248 615 474 1495"> <p>TVOE Management Server iLO: Login</p> </div> <div data-bbox="487 615 1443 1495"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the management server iLO on the remote console using application provided passwords via Appendix C. Log into the using a web browser and the password provided by the application. <code>http://<management_server_iLO_IP></code> Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server. <pre> login as: Administrator Administrator@10.250.80.238's password: User:Administrator logged-in to ILOUSE109N3LL.(10.250.80.238) iLO 2 Advanced 2.20 at 12:45:22 May 08 2013 Server Name: rmsTVOE-Kauai-A Server Power: On </>hpiLO-> vsp Starting virtual serial port. Press 'ESC (' to return to the CLI Session. </>hpiLO-> Virtual Serial Port active: IO=0x03F8 INT=4 Oracle Linux Server release 6.5 Kernel 2.6.32-431.11.2.el6prere16.7.0.0.1_84.15.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 rmsTVOE-Kauai-A login: admusr Password: Last login: Wed Jul 30 20:04:44 from 10.240.246.6 [admusr@rmsTVOE-Kauai-A ~]\$ </pre> Click Yes if the security alert displays. </div>

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVO Management Server: Login	<p>Log into PMAC with admusr credentials.</p> <p>Note: On a TVOE host, if you open the virsh console, for example, <code>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console X</code> or from the virsh utility <code>virsh # console X</code> command and you get garbage characters or the output is not correct, then there is likely a stuck virsh console command already being run on the TVOE host. Exit out of the virsh console, run <code>ps -ef grep virsh</code>, and then kill the existing process <code>kill -9 <PID></code>. Then execute the <code>virsh console X</code> command. Your console session should now run as expected.</p> <p>Login using virsh and wait until you see the login prompt. If a login prompt does not display after the guest is finished booting, press Enter to make one display:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh virsh # list Id Name State ---- --- 4 pmacU17-1 running virsh # console pmacU17-1 [Output Removed] ##### 1371236760: Upstart Job readahead-collector: stopping 1371236767: Upstart Job readahead-collector: stopped ##### CentOS release 6.4 (Final) Kernel 2.6.32-358.6.1.el6prere16.5.0_82.16.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 pmacU17-1 login:</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Verify PMAC configuration	<p>Verify the PMAC configured correctly on first boot.</p> <p>Run the following command (there should be no output):</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/deployment.d/</pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Set the time zone	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Determine the time zone to use for PMAC. <p>Note: Valid time zones can be found on the server in the <code>/usr/share/zoneinfo</code> directory. Only time zones within the sub-directories (for example, America, Africa, Pacific, Mexico, etc.) are valid with <code>platcfg</code>.</p> Set the time zone. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/set_pmac_tz.pl <timezone></pre> <p>For example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo set_pmac_tz.pl America/New_York</pre> Verify the time zone has been updated. <pre>\$ sudo /bin/date</pre>

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

5. ☐ **Server:** Add SNMP trap destination

This step adds an SNMP trap destination to a server based on TPD. See section 3.3 to configure SNMP traps such that all alarm information is sent to the NMS located at the destination.

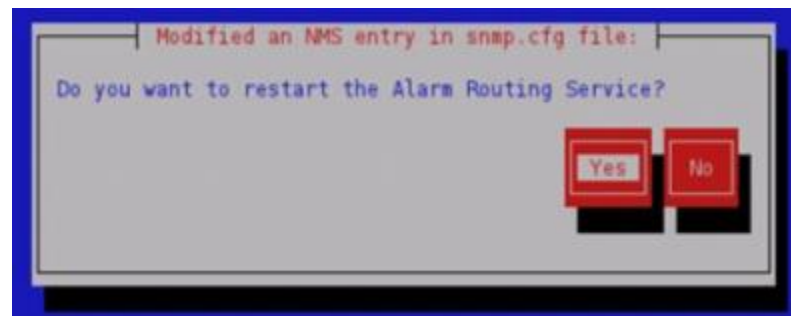
1. Login as **platcfg** user on the server.
1. Navigate to **Network Configuration > SNMP Configuration > NMS Configuration**.
2. Click **Edit**.



3. Click **Add a New NMS Server** and enter data about the SNMP trap destination. Click **OK**.



4. Click **Exit** and then **Yes** to restart the Alarm Routing Service.



5. Exit platcfg by clicking **Exit** on each menu until platcfg has been exited.

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Server: Reboot the server	Log into PMAC with admusr credentials, if needed. Reboot the server. <code>\$ sudo /sbin/init 6</code>
<p>Steps 7. through 13. gather and prepare configuration files required to proceed with the DSR installation. These files must reside on the PMAC to proceed with the application installation after the PMAC has been deployed, but before it has been initialized. These files are usually located within a given ISO on physical media.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP Misc. Firmware ISO • DSR application ISO • Release Notes for the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] 		
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Login	Log into PMAC with admusr credentials on the management server iLO.
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Mount media	<p>Make the media available to the TVOE host server by mounting the media.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insert the USB with the DSR application ISO into an available USB slot on the TVOE host server. <code>\$ sudo /bin/ls /media/*/*.iso</code> For example: <code>/media/sddl/872-2507-111-4.1.0_41.16.2-DSR-x86_64.iso</code> Note: The USB device is immediately added to the list of media devices once it is inserted into a USB slot on the TVOE host server. 2. Determine its location and the ISO to mount. 3. Note the device directory name under the media directory. This could be sdb1, sdcl, sddl, or sdel depending on the USB slot into which the media was inserted. 4. Loop mount the ISO to the standard TVOE host mount point (if it is not already in use). <code>\$ sudo /bin/mount -o loop /media/<device directory>/<ISO Name>.iso /mnt/upgrade</code>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Copy files	<p>Execute the following commands on the PMAC guest to copy the required files from the TVOE host to the PMAC guest.</p> <p>Wildcards can be used as necessary.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/scp -r admusr@<TVOE_management_ip_address>:/mnt/upgrade/upgrade/overlay/* /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/</pre>

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Change permissions	<p>Change the permission of TVOEc clean.sh and TVOEc fg.sh file.</p> <pre>\$ sudo chmod 555 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/TVOEc clean.sh</pre> <pre>\$ sudo chmod 555 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/TVOEc fg.sh</pre> <pre>\$ sudo chmod 555 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/DSR_NOAM_FD_Blade.xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo chmod 555 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/DSR_NOAM_FD_RMS.xml</pre>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Unmount the application media	<p>Remove the application media from the TVOE host.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/umount /mnt/upgrade</pre>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Copy IOS images	<p>Copy IOS images into place (this copies both the 4948E and 3020 IOS images into place).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insert the Misc. Firmware media into the CD or USB drive of the management server. 2. Insert the USB with firmware into an available USB slot on the TVOE host server. <p>Note: For this step, be sure to use the correct IOS version specified by the Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2]. Copy each IOS image called out by the Release Notes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Execute the following commands to copy the required files. Note that the <PMAC Management_IP Address> is the one used to deploy PMAC in section 4.1.3. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/scp -r</pre> <pre>admusr@<PMAC_management_ip_address>:/media/<device</pre> <pre>directory>/files/<4948EF_IOS_image_filename></pre> <pre>/var/TKLC/smac/image/</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/scp -r</pre> <pre>admusr@<PMAC_management_ip_address>:/media/<device</pre> <pre>directory>/files/<2030(6120)_IOS_image_filename></pre> <pre>/var/TKLC/smac/image/</pre> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Make sure you copy the images for all type of enclosure switches present by re-running the previous command. 5. Remove the Misc. Firmware media from the drive.
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Initialize PMAC application	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run the following commands: <p>Note: If performing the setup on a redundant PMAC, do not initialize; skip this step and continue to step 17. .</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If using IPv4: <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm applyProfile --</pre> <pre>fileName=TVOE</pre> <p>Profile successfully applied.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm getPmacFeatureState</pre> <p>PMAC Feature State = InProgress</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm addRoute --</pre>

Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

	<pre> gateway=<mgmt_IPv4gateway_address> --ip=0.0.0.0 --mask=0.0.0.0 --device=management Successful add of Admin Route \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm finishProfileConfig Initialization has been started as a background task </pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If using IPv6: <pre> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm applyProfile -- fileName=TVOE Profile successfully applied. \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm getPmacFeatureState PMAC Feature State = InProgress \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm addRoute -- gateway=<IPv6mgmt_gateway_address> --ip=:: --mask=0 --device=management Successful add of Admin Route \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm finishProfileConfig Initialization has been started as a background task </pre> <p>2. Wait for the background task to successfully complete.</p> <p>The command shows IN_PROGRESS for a short time.</p> <p>Run the following command until a COMPETE or FAILED response is seen similar to the following:</p> <pre> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks 1: Initialize PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC initialized Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-13 08:23:55 running: 29 sinceUpdate: 47 taskRecordNum: 2 Server Identity: Physical Blade Location: Blade Enclosure: Blade Enclosure Bay: Guest VM Location: Host IP: Guest Name: TPD IP: Rack Mount Server: IP: Name: </pre> <p>Note: Some expected networking alarms may display.</p>
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Procedure 5. Set Up PMAC

14. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Perform system health check	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre> <p>This command should return no output on a healthy system.</p> <p>Note: An NTP alarm is detected if the system switches are not configured.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/sentry status</pre> <p>All processes should be running and displaying output similar to the following:</p> <pre>PMAC Sentry Status</pre> <pre>sentryd started: Mon Jul 23 17:50:49 2012</pre> <pre>Current activity mode: ACTIVE</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>Process</th><th>PID</th><th>Status</th><th>StartTS</th><th>NumR</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>smacTalk</td><td>9039</td><td>running</td><td>Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>smacMon</td><td>9094</td><td>running</td><td>Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>hpiPortAudit</td><td>9137</td><td>running</td><td>Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>snmpEventHandler</td><td>9176</td><td>running</td><td>Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>eclipseHelp</td><td>9196</td><td>running</td><td>Tue Jul 24 12:50:30 2012</td><td>2</td></tr></tbody></table> <pre>Fri Aug 3 13:16:35 2012</pre> <pre>Command Complete.</pre>	Process	PID	Status	StartTS	NumR	smacTalk	9039	running	Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012	2	smacMon	9094	running	Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012	2	hpiPortAudit	9137	running	Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012	2	snmpEventHandler	9176	running	Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012	2	eclipseHelp	9196	running	Tue Jul 24 12:50:30 2012	2
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15. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Verify product release	<p>Verify the PMAC application product release is as expected.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/appRev</pre> <p>For example:</p> <pre>Install Time: Fri Sep 28 15:54:04 2012</pre> <pre>Product Name: PMAC</pre> <pre>Product Release: 5.0.0_50.10.0</pre> <pre>Part Number ISO: 872-2441-905</pre> <pre>Part Number USB: 872-2441-105</pre> <pre>Base Distro Product: TPD</pre> <pre>Base Distro Release: 6.0.0_80.22.0</pre> <pre>Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-6.0.0_80.22.0-CentOS6.2-x86_64.iso</pre> <pre>OS: OracleLinux 6.2</pre>																														
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: Logout	<p>Logout of the virsh console.</p> <p>Press Ctrl-] to exit the virtual PMAC console.</p>																														
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC Server: : Exit TVOE console	<pre>\$ logout</pre> <p>You may now close the iLO browser window.</p>																														

4.2.3 Back Up PMAC

Procedure 6. Back Up PMAC

S T E P #	This procedure backs up the PMAC application guest environment on the management server TVOE host. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Login	Login to PMAC as admusr.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Back up PMAC application	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm backup</pre> <p>PMAC backup has been successfully initiated as task ID 7</p> <p>Note: The backup runs as a background task. To check the status of the background task, use the PMAC GUI Task Monitor screen, or issue the command <code>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</code>. The result should eventually be PMAC Backup successful and the background task should indicate COMPLETE.</p> <p>Note: The pmacadm backup command uses a naming convention that includes a date/time stamp in the filename (for example, backupPmac_20111025_100251.pef). In the example provided, the backup filename indicates it was created on 10/25/2011 at 10:02:51 am server time.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify backup was successful	<p>Note: If the background task shows the backup as failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of <code>pmaccli getBgTasks</code> should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</pre> <pre>2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful</pre> <pre>Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4</pre> <pre>sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum:</pre> <pre>2 Server Identity:</pre> <pre>Physical Blade Location:</pre> <pre>Blade Enclosure:</pre> <pre>Blade Enclosure Bay:</pre> <pre>Guest VM Location:</pre> <pre>Host IP:</pre> <pre>Guest Name:</pre> <pre>TPD IP:</pre> <pre>Rack Mount Server:</pre> <pre>IP:</pre> <pre>Name:</pre> <pre>::</pre>

Procedure 6. Back Up PMAC

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Save the backup	The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory: /var/TKLC/smac/backup .
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4.3 Configure Aggregation Switches**4.3.1 Configure netConfig Repository**

This procedure configures the netConfig repository for all required services and for each switch to be configured.

At any time, you can view the contents of the netConfig repository by using one of the following commands:

- For switches, use the command:

```
sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo listDevices
```

- For services, use the command:

```
sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo listServices
```

Users returning to this procedure after initial installation should run the above commands and note any devices and/or services that have already been configured. Duplicate entries cannot be added; if changes to a device repository entry are required, use the editDevice command. If changes to a services repository entry are necessary, you must delete the original entry first and then add the service again.

Terminology

The term **netConfig server** refers to the entity where netConfig is executed. This may be a virtualized or physical environment. **Management server** may also accurately describe this location, but has been historically used to describe the physical environment while **Virtual PMAC** was used to describe the virtualized netConfig server. Use of the term **netConfig server** to describe dual scenarios of physical and virtualized environments allow for future simplification of network configuration procedures.

Procedure Reference Tables

Steps within this procedure and subsequent procedures that require this procedure may refer to variable data indicated by text within "<>". Fill in these worksheets based on NAPD, and then refer back to these tables for the proper value to insert depending on your system type.

Variable	Value
<management_server_iLO_IP>	
<management_server_mgmt_IP_address>	
<netConfig_server_mgmt_IP_address>	
<switch_backup_user>	admusr
<switch_backup_user_password>	
<serial console type>	U=USB, c=PCIe

For the first aggregation switch (4948, 4948E, or 4948E-F), fill in the appropriate value for this site:

Variable	Value
<switch_hostname>	
<device_model>	
<console_name>	
<switch_console_password>	
<switch_platform_username>	
<switch_platform_password>	
<switch_enable_password>	
<switch_mgmt_IP_address>	
<switch_mgmt_netmask>	
<mgmt_vlanID>	
<control_vlanID>	
<IOS_filename>	
<IP_version>	

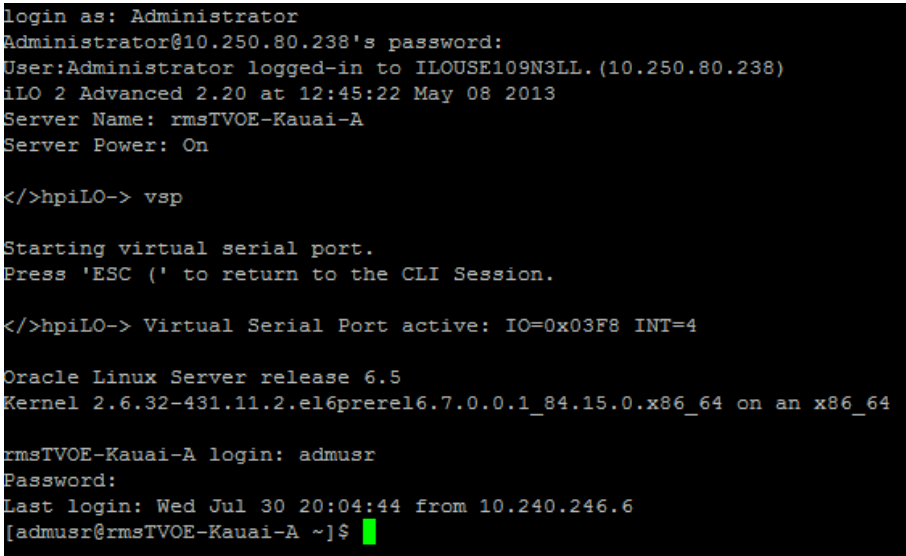
For the second aggregation switch (4948, 4948E, or 4948E-F), fill in the appropriate value for this site:

Variable	Value
<switch_hostname>	
<device_model>	
<console_name>	
<switch_console_password>	
<switch_platform_username>	
<switch_platform_password>	
<switch_enable_password>	
<switch_mgmt_IP_address>	
<switch_mgmt_netmask>	
<mgmt_vlanID>	
<control_vlanID>	
<IOS_filename>	
<IP_version>	

For each enclosure switch (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG, or 3020), fill in the appropriate value for this site (make as many copies of this table as needed).

Variable	Value
<switch_hostname>	
<enclosure_switch_IP>	
<switch_platform_username>	
<switch_platform_password>	
<switch_enable_password>	
<io_bay>	
<OA1_enX_IP_address>	X= the enclosure #
<OA_password>	
<FW_image>	

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures the netConfig repository for all required services and for each switch to be configured.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Management Server iLO: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the management server iLO on the remote console using application provided passwords via Appendix C. 2. Log into the iLO in Internet Explorer using password provided by application: <code>http://<management_server_iLO_IP></code> 3. Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server.  4. Click Yes if the security alert displays.

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Management Server: Pre-check	<p>If the installation is not designed for a virtual PMAC, go to step 3. .</p> <p>If there is a virtual PMAC, log into the console of the virtual PMAC.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify virtual PMAC installation by issuing the following commands as admusr on the management server: <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh list --all</pre> <pre>Id__Name_____State</pre> <pre>6 vm-pmac1A running</pre> 2. If this command provides no output, it is likely that a virtual instance of PMAC is not installed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If there is a virtual PMAC, log into the console of the virtual PMAC. • If the installation is not designed for a virtual PMAC, go to step 3. . 3. From the management server, log into the console of the virtual PMAC instance found above. <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console vm-pmac1A</pre> <pre>Connected to domain vm-pmac1A</pre> <pre>Escape character is ^]</pre> <pre><Press ENTER key></pre> <pre>CentOS release 6.2 (Final)</pre> <pre>Kernel 2.6.32-220.7.1.el6prere16.0.0_80.13.0.x86_64 on</pre> <pre>an x86_64</pre> <p>If the root user is already logged in, log out and log back in as admusr.</p> <pre>[root@pmac ~]# logout</pre> <pre>vm-pmac1A login: admusr</pre> <pre>Password:</pre> <pre>Last login: Fri May 25 16:39:04 on ttyS4</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this command fails, it is likely that a virtual instance of PMAC is not installed. • If this is unexpected, refer to application documentation or My Oracle Support (MOS).
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Check switch templates directory	<p>Make sure the switch templates directory exists.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ls -i /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <p>If the command returns an error:</p> <pre>ls: cannot access /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/: No such file or directory</pre> <p>Create the directory:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mkdir -p /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <p>Change directory permissions:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod go+rx /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <p>Change directory ownership:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chown -R pmacd:pmacbackup /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch</pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository with ssh information	<p>Set up netConfig repository with necessary ssh information.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use netConfig to create a repository entry that uses the ssh service. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here. <p>For PMAC system:</p> <pre>[admusr@belfast-pmac-1 ~]\$ sudo netConfig --repo addService name=ssh_service</pre> <p>Service type [ssh, oa, tftp, dhcp, conserver, oobm]? ssh</p> <p>SSH host IP :<IP_Address>SSH username : admusr</p> <p>SSH password :<admusr_password></p> <p>Verify Password: <admusr_password></p> <p>Add service for ssh_service successful</p> <p>For non-PMAC system:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addService name=ssh_service</pre> <p>Service type? (tftp, ssh, conserver, oa) ssh</p> <p>Service host? <netConfig_server_mgmt_IP_address></p> <p>Enter an option name <q to cancel>: user</p> <p>Enter the value for user: <switch_backup_user></p> <p>Enter an option name <q to cancel>: password</p> <p>Enter the value for password: <switch_backup_user_password></p> <p>Verify Password: <switch_backup_user_password></p> <p>Enter an option name <q to cancel>: q</p> <p>Add service for ssh_service successful</p>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

		<p>2. To ensure you entered the information correctly, use the following command and inspect the output, which is similar to the one shown below.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showService name=ssh_service Service Name: ssh_service Type: ssh Host: 10.250.8.4 Options: password: C20F7D639AE7E7 user: admusr</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository with tftp information	<p>Set up netConfig repository with necessary tftp information.</p> <p>Note: If there are no new Cisco (3020, 4948, 4948E or 4948E-F) switches to be configured, go to the next step.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry that uses the tftp service. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <p>For PMAC system:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addService name=tftp_service Service type [dhcp, oa, oobm, ssh, tftp, conserver]? tftp TFTP host IP? : <netConfig_server_mgmt_IP_address> Directory on host? : /var/TKLC/smac/image/ Add service for tftp_service successful</pre> <p>For non-PMAC system:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addService name=tftp_service Service type? [tftp, ssh, conserver, oa] tftp TFTP host IP? : <netConfig_server_mgmt_IP_address> Directory on host? /var/lib/tftpboot/ Add service for tftp_service successful</pre>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository with OA information	<p>Set up netConfig repository with necessary OA information.</p> <p>Note: If there are no new HP 6125G/6125XLG/6120XG switches to configure, go to the next step.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry that uses the OA service. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addService name=oa_service_en<enclosure #> Service type? [ssh, oa, tftp, dhcp, conserver, oobm]? oa Primary OA IP? <OA1_enX_ip_address> Secondary OA IP? <OA2_enX_ip_address> OA username? root OA password? <OA_password> Verify password:<OA_password> Add service for oa_service_en<enclosure #> successful</pre>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Run conserverSetup command, if aggregation switch is deployed	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/conserverSetup -<serial console type> -s <management_server_mgmt_IP_address></pre> <p>You are asked for the platcfg credentials.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>[admusr@vm-pmac1A]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/conserverSetup -u -s <management_server_mgmt_IP_address> Enter your platcfg username, followed by [ENTER]:platcfg Enter your platcfg password, followed by [ENTER]:<platcfg_password> Checking Platform Revision for local TPD installation... The local machine is running: Product Name: PMAC Base Distro Release: 7.4.0.0.0_88.37.0 Checking Platform Revision for remote TPD installation... The remote machine is running: Product Name: TVOE Base Distro Release: 7.5.0.0.0_88.41.0 Configuring switch 'switch1A_console' console server...Configured. Configuring switch 'switch1B_console' console server...Configured. Configuring iptables for port(s) 782...Configured.</pre>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

		<p>Configuring iptables for port(s) 1024:65535...Configured. Configuring console repository service...</p> <p>Repo entry for "console_service" already exists; deleting entry for:</p> <p>Service Name: console_service Type: conserver Host: <management_server_mgmt_IP_address></p> <p>...Configured.</p> <p>Slave interfaces for bond0:</p> <p>bond0 interface: eth01 bond0 interface: eth02</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If this command fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS). • Verify the output of the script. • Verify your Product Release is based on Tekelec Platform 7.5. • Note the slave interface names of bond interfaces (<ethernet_interface_1> and <ethernet_interface_2>) for use in subsequent steps.
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Mount the HP Misc Firmware ISO	<p>Note: If this is a Software Centric deployment, skip this step and proceed to step 9.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/<misc_ISO> /mnt/upgrade</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/872-2161-113-2.1.10_10.26.0.iso/mnt/upgrade</pre>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Copy Cisco switch	<p>Note: If there are no Cisco switches, skip to the next step.</p> <p>Copy Cisco switch FW to the <code>tftp_directory</code>.</p> <p>Note: If this is a Software Centric deployment, the customer must place the FW files for the Cisco switches (C3020, 4948/E/E-F) into the <code>tftp</code> directory listed below. Otherwise, perform the commands to copy the file from the FW ISO.</p> <p>For each Cisco switch model (C3020, 4948/E/E-F) present in the solution, copy the FW identified by <code><FW_image></code> in the aggregation switch variable table (4948) or enclosure switch variable table (C3020) to the <code>tftp_service</code> directory and change the permissions of the file:</p> <p>For a PMAC system:</p> <pre><tftp_directory> = /var/TKLC/smac/image/</pre> <p>For a non-PMAC system:</p> <pre><tftp_directory> = /var/lib/tftpboot/</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod 644 <tftp_directory>/<FW_image></pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod 644 /var/TKLC/smac/image/cat4500e-entservicesk9-mz.122-54.XO.bin</pre>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Copy HP switch	<p>Note: If there are no HP switches, skip to the next step.</p> <p>Copy HP switch FW to the <code>ssh</code> directory</p> <p>Note: If this is a Software Centric deployment, the customer must place the FW files for the HP switches into the <code>ssh</code> directory listed below. Otherwise, perform the commands to copy the file from the FW ISO.</p> <p>For each HP switch model (HP6125G/XLG, HP6120XG) present in the solution, copy the FW identified by <code><FW_image></code> in the enclosure switch variable tables to the <code>ssh_service</code> directory and change the permissions of the file:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp /mnt/upgrade/files/<FW_image> ~<switch_backup_user>/</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod 644 ~<switch_backup_user>/<FW_image></pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp /mnt/upgrade/files/Z_14_37.swi ~admusr/</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod 644 ~admusr/Z_14_37.swi</pre>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Unmount ISO	<pre>\$ sudo /bin/umount /mnt/upgrade</pre>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository	<p>Note: If there are no new aggregation switches to be configured, go to the next step.</p> <p>Set up netConfig repository with aggregation switch information.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry for each switch. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The <device_model> can be 4948, 4948E, or 4948E-F depending on the model of the device. If you do not know, stop now and contact My Oracle Support (MOS). • The device name must be 20 characters or less. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addDevice name=<switch_hostname> --reuseCredentials Device Vendor [Cisco, HP]? Cisco Device Model [3020, 4948, 4948E, 4948E-F, 9372TX-E]? <device_model> What is the IPv4 (CIDR notation) or IPv6 (address/prefix notation) address for management?: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Is the management interface a port or a vlan? [vlan]: [Enter] What is the VLAN ID of the management VLAN? [2]: [mgmt_vlanID] What is the name of the management VLAN? [management]: [Enter] What switchport connects to the management server? [GE40]: [Enter] What is the switchport mode (access trunk) for the management server port? [trunk]: [Enter] What are the allowed vlans for the management server port? [1,2]: <control_vlanID>, <mgmt_vlanID> Enter the name of the firmware file [cat4500e- entservicesk9-mz.122-54.XO.bin]: <IOS_filename> Firmware file to be used in upgrade: <IOS_filename> Enter the name of the upgrade file transfer service: tftp_service File transfer service to be used in upgrade: tftp_service Should the init oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding consoleInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... What is the name of the service used for OOB access? console_service What is the name of the console for OOB access? <console</pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

	<pre> name> What is the platform access username? root What is the device console password? <switch_console_password> Verify password: <switch_console_password> What is the platform user password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the device privileged mode password? <switch_enable_password> Verify password: <switch_enable_password> Should the live network adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using network... Network device access already set: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Should the live oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... OOB device access already set: console_service Device named <switch_hostname> successfully added. Refer to step 7. to locate the console details. To check you entered the information correctly, use the following command: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> and check the output, which is similar to the one shown: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> Device: <switch_hostname> Vendor: Cisco Model: <device_model> Platform Rev: 0 FW Ver: 0 FW Filename: <IOS_image> FW Service: tftp_service Initialization Management Options mgmtIP: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> mgmtInt: vlan mgmtVlan: <mgmt_vlanID> mgmtVlanName: management interface: GE40 </pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

		<pre> mode: trunk allowedVlans: <control_vlanID>, <mgmt_vlanID> Access: Network: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Access: OOB: Service: console_service Console: <console_name> Init Protocol Configured Live Protocol Configured Repeat this step for each 4948/4948E/4948 E-F, using appropriate values for those switches. </pre>
13.	<input type="checkbox"/> netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository	<p>Note: If there are no new 3020s to be configured, go to the next step.</p> <p>Set up netConfig repository with 3020 switch information.</p> <p>Note: The Cisco 3020 is not compatible with IPv6 management configuration.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry for each 3020. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you do not know any of the required answers, stop now and contact My Oracle Support (MOS). • The device name must be 20 characters or less. <pre> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addDevice name=<switch_hostname> --reuseCredentials Device Vendor? Cisco Device Model? 3020 What is the management address? <enclosure_switch_ip> Enter the name of the firmware file [cbs30x0-ipbasek9- tar.122-58.SE1.tar]: <FW_image> Firmware file to be used in upgrade: <IOS_image> Enter the name of the upgrade file transfer service: <tftp_service> File transfer service to be used in the upgrade: <tftp_service> Should the init network adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding netBootInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using network... Network device access already set: <enclosure_switch_ip> What is the platform access username? <switch_platform_username> What is the platform user password? </pre>

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

	<pre> <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the device privileged mode password? <switch_enable_password> Verify password: <switch_enable_password> Should the init file adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding netBootInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using file... What is the name of the service used for TFTP access? tftp_service Should the live network adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using network... Network device access already set: <enclosure_switch_ip> Device named <switch_hostname> successfully added. To check you entered the information correctly, use the following command: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> and check the output, which is similar to the one shown below. \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> Device: <switch_hostname> Vendor: Cisco Model: <device_model> FW Ver: 0 FW Filename: <FW_image> FW Service: tftp_service Access: Network: <enclosure_switch_IP> Init Protocol Configured Live Protocol Configured Repeat this step for each 3020, using appropriate values for those 3020s. Note: If you receive the WARNING below, it means the <FW_image> is not found in the directory named in the FW Service. or the ssh_service, it is the user's home directory. For tftp_service, it is normally /var/TKLC/smac/ image: WARNING: Could not find firmware file on local host. If using a local service, please update the device entry using the editDevice command or copy the file to the correct location. </pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

14. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository	<p>Note: If there are no 6120XGs to be configured, stop and continue with the appropriate switch configuration procedure.</p> <p>Set up netConfig repository with HP 6120XG switch information.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry for each 6120XG. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you do not know any of the required answers, stop now and contact My Oracle Support (MOS). • The device name must be 20 characters or less. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addDevice name=<switch_hostname> --reuseCredentials Device Vendor? HP Device Model? 6120 What is the IPv4 (CIDR notation) or IPv6 (address/prefix notation) address for management?: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Enter the name of the firmware file [Z_14_37.swi]: <FW_image> Firmware file to be used in upgrade: <FW_image> Enter the name of the upgrade file transfer service: ssh_service File transfer service to be used in upgrade: ssh_service Should the init oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding consoleInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... What is the name of the service used for OOB access? oa_service_en<enclosure #> What is the name of the console for OOB access? <io_bay> What is the platform access username? <switch_platform_username> What is the device console password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the platform user password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the device privileged mode password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> Should the live network adapter be added (y/n)? y</pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

	<pre> Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using network... Network device access already set: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Should the live oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... OOB device access already set: oa_service_en<enclosure #> Device named <switch_hostname> successfully added The image is being unpacked and validated. This takes approximately 4 minutes. Once the unpacking, validation, and rebooting have completed, you are returned to the normal prompt. Proceed with the next step. To verify you entered the information correctly, use the following command: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> and check the output, which is similar to the one shown: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> Device: <switch_hostname> Vendor: HP Model: 6120 FW Ver: 0 FW Filename: <FW_image> FW Service: ssh_service Initialization Management Options mgmtIP: <enclosure_switch_IP> Access: Network: <enclosure_switch_IP> Access: OOB: Service: oa_service Console: <console_name> Init Protocol Configured Live Protocol Configured Repeat this step for each 6120, using appropriate values for those 6120s. Note: If you receive the WARNING below, it means the <FW_image> is not found in the directory named in the FW Service. For the ssh_service, it is the user's home directory. For tftp_service, it is normally /var/TKLC/smac/ image: WARNING: Could not find firmware file on local host. If using a local service, please update the device entry using the editDevice command or copy the file to the correct location. </pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

15. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository	<p>Note: If there are no 6125Gs to be configured, stop and continue with the appropriate switch configuration procedure.</p> <p>Set up netConfig repository with HP 6125G switch information.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry for each 6125G. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you do not know any of the required answers, stop now and contact My Oracle Support (MOS). • The device name must be 20 characters or less. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addDevice name=<switch_hostname> --reuseCredentials Device Vendor? HP Device Model? 6125 What is the IPv4 (CIDR notation) or IPv6 (address/prefix notation)address for management? <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Enter the name of the firmware file [6125-CMW520- R2105.bin]: <FW_image> Firmware file to be used in upgrade: <FW_image> Enter the name of the upgrade file transfer service: ssh_service Should the init oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding consoleInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... What is the name of the service used for OOB access? oa_service_en<enclosure #> What is the name of the console for OOB access? <io_bay> What is the platform access username? <switch_platform_username> What is the device console password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the platform user password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the device privileged mode password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> Should the live network adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using network...</pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

		<p>Network device access already set: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Should the live oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... OOB device access already set: oa_service_en<enclosure #> Device named <switch_hostname> successfully added.</p> <p>Note: If you receive the WARNING below, it means the <FW_image> is not found in the directory named in the FW Service. For the ssh_service, it is the user's home directory. For tftp_service, it is normally /var/TKLC/smac/ image:</p> <p>WARNING: Could not find firmware file on local host. If using a local service, please update the device entry using the editDevice command or copy the file to the correct location.</p> <p>To verify you entered the information correctly, use the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname></pre> <p>and check the output, which is similar to the one shown:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname></pre> <pre>Device: <switch_hostname> Vendor: HP Model: 6125 FW Ver: 0 FW Filename: <FW_image> FW Service: ssh_service Access: Network: <enclosure_switch_IP> Access: OOB: Service: oa_service Console: <io_bay> Init Protocol Configured Live Protocol Configured</pre>
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	netConfig Server: Set up netConfig repository	<p>Note: If there are no 6125XLGs to be configured, stop and continue with the appropriate switch configuration procedure.</p> <p>Set up netConfig repository with HP 6125XLG switch information.</p> <p>Use netConfig to create a repository entry for each 6125XLG. This command provides the user with several prompts. The prompts shown with <variables> as the answers are site specific that the user MUST modify. Other prompts that do not have a <variable> shown as the answer must be entered EXACTLY as they are shown here.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you do not know any of the required answers, stop now and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).

Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The device name must be 20 characters or less. <pre> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo addDevice name=<switch_hostname> --reuseCredentials Device Vendor? HP Device Model? 6125XLG What is the IPv4 (CIDR notation) or IPv6 (address/prefix notation) address for management?: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Enter the name of the firmware file [6125XLG-CMW710- R2403.ipe]: <FW_image> Firmware file to be used in upgrade: <FW_image> Enter the name of the upgrade file transfer service: ssh_service File transfer service to be used in upgrade: ssh_service Should the init oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding consoleInit protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... What is the name of the service used for OOB access? oa_service_en<enclosure#> What is the name of the console for OOB access? <io_bay> What is the platform access username? <switch_platform_username> What is the device console password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the platform user password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> What is the device privileged mode password? <switch_platform_password> Verify password: <switch_platform_password> Should the live network adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using network... Network device access already set: <switch_mgmt_IP_address> Should the live oob adapter be added (y/n)? y Adding cli protocol for <switch_hostname> using oob... OOB device access already set: oa_service_en<enclosure #> Device named <switch_hostname> successfully added </pre>
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Procedure 7. Configure netConfig Repository

	<p>Note: If you receive the WARNING below, it means the <FW_image> is not found in the directory named in the FW Service. For the ssh_service, it is the user's home directory. For tftp_service, it is normally /var/TKLC/smac/ image:</p> <p>WARNING: Could not find firmware file on local host. If using a local service, please update the device entry using the editDevice command or copy the file to the correct location.</p> <p>To verify you entered the information correctly, use the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname></pre> <p>and check the output, which is similar to the one shown:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showDevice name=<switch_hostname> Device: <switch_hostname> Vendor: HP Model: 6125XLG FW Ver: 0 FW Filename: <FW_image> FW Service: ssh_service Access: Network: <enclosure_switch_IP> Access: OOB: Service: oa_service Console: <io_bay> Init Protocol Configured</pre>
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4.3.2 Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switches (PMAC Installed) (netConfig)

This procedure configures 4948/4948E/4948E-F switches with an appropriate IOS and configuration from a single management server and virtual PMAC for use with the c-Class or RMS platform.

Procedure Reference Tables

Steps within this procedure may refer to variable data indicated by text within "<>". Refer to this table for the proper value to insert depending on your system type. Fill in the appropriate value from HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2].

Variable	Cisco 4948	Cisco 4948E	Cisco 4948E-F
<IOS_image_file>			

Fill in the appropriate value for this site.

Variable	Value
<switch_platform_username> See referring application documentation	
<switch_platform_password>	
<switch_console_password>	
<switch_enable_password>	
<management_server_mgmt_IP_address>	
<pmac_mgmt_IP_address>	
<switch_mgmtVLAN_ID>	
<switch1A_mgmtVLAN_IP_address>	
<mgmt_Vlan_subnet_ID>	
<netmask>	
<switch1B_mgmtVLAN_IP_address>	
<switch_Internal_VLANS_list>	
<management_server_mgmtInterface>	
<management_server_iLO_IP>	
<customer_supplied_ntp_server_address>	
<platcfg_password> Initial password as provided by Oracle	
<management_server_mgmtInterface> Value gathered from NAPD	
<switch_backup_user>	admusr
<switch_backup_user_password> Check application documentation	

Notes:

- The onboard administrators are not available during the configuration of Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F switches.
- Uplinks must be disconnected from the customer network before executing this procedure. One of the steps in this procedure instructs when to reconnect these uplink cables. Refer to the application appropriate schematic or procedure for determining which cables are used for customer uplink.

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures 4948/4948E/4948E-F switches with an appropriate IOS and configuration from a single management server and virtual PMAC for use with the c-Class or RMS platform.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP MISC firmware ISO image • Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] • Template xml files on the application media <p>Note: Filenames and sample command line input/output throughout this section do not specifically reference the 4948E-F. Template settings are identical between the 4948E and 4948E-F. The original 4948 switch – as opposed to the 4948E or the 4948E-F is referred to simply by the model number 4948. Where all three switches are referred to, this is made clear by reference to 4948/4948E/4948E-F switches.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Virtual PMAC: Verify IOS image is on the system</p>	<p>Determine if the IOS image for the 4948/4948E/4948E-F is on the PMAC.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ls -i /var/TKLC/smac/image/<IOS_image_file></pre> <p>If the file exists, skip the remainder of this step and continue with the next step. If the file does not exist, copy the file from the firmware media and ensure the file is specified by the Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2].</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Virtual PMAC: Modify P&C feature to allow TFTP</p>	<p>Enable the DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT feature with the management role to allow tftp traffic:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm editFeature -- featureName=DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT --enable=1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm resetFeatures</pre> <p>Note: Ignore the sentry restart instructions.</p> <p>Note: This may take up to 60 seconds to complete.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC > Management Server: Manipulate host server physical interfaces	<p>Exit from the virtual PMAC console, by pressing ctrl-] and you are returned to the server prompt.</p> <p>Ensure the interface of the server connected to switch1A is the only interface up and obtain the IP address of the management server management interface by performing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/ifup <ethernet_interface_1> \$ sudo /sbin/ifdown <ethernet_interface_2> \$ sudo /sbin/ip addr show <management_server_mgmtInterface> grep inet</pre> <p>The command output should contain the IP address of the variable, <management_server_mgmt_IP_address>.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console vm-pmac1A</pre> <p>Note: On a TVOE host, if you open the virsh console, i.e., <code>\$ sudo virsh console X</code> or from the virsh utility <code>virsh # console X</code> command and you get garbage characters or output is not correct, then more than likely there is a stuck virsh console command already being run on the TVOE host. Exit the virsh console, and run <code>ps -ef grep virsh</code>, then kill the existing process <code>\$ sudo kill -9 <PID></code>. Execute the <code>\$ sudo virsh console X</code> command again. Your console session should now run as expected.</p>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Determine if switch1A PROM upgrade is required	<p>Note: ROM and PROM are intended to have the same meaning for this procedure.</p> <p>Connect to switch1A, check the PROM version.</p> <p>Connect serially to switch1A by issuing the following command.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/console -M <management_server_mgmt_ip_address> -l platcfg switch1A_console</pre> <p>Enter platcfg@pmac5000101's password: <platcfg_password></p> <p>[Enter `^Ec?' for help]</p> <p>Press Enter</p> <pre>Switch>show version include ROM ROM: 12.2(31r)SGA1 System returned to ROM by reload</pre> <p>Note: If the console command fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>Note the IOS image and ROM version for comparison in a following step. Exit from the console by pressing <ctrl-e><c><. > and you are returned to the server prompt.</p> <p>Verify the version from the previous command against the version from the release notes referenced. If the versions are different, perform the procedure in Appendix G to upgrade the PROM for switch1A.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Extract configuration files	<p>Extract the configuration files from the ZIP file copied in 9. of Procedure 5.</p> <pre>\$ cd /usr/TKLC/smac/etc \$ sudo unzip DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip \$ sudo chown -R admusr.admgrp DSR_NetConfig_Templates</pre> <p>This creates a directory called DSR_NetConfig_Templates, which contains the configuration files for all the supported deployments. Copy the necessary init file from init/Aggregation and the necessary config files from config/TopoX (where X refers to the appropriate topology) using the following commands. Make sure to replace X with the appropriate Topology number.</p> <p>Note: The following workaround is needed:</p> <p>Remove the double right brackets for:</p> <p>DSR_NetConfig_Templates/Topo1_L2/4948E-F_L2_configure.xml: <option name="type">access</option>></p> <p>DSR_NetConfig_Templates/Topo4/6125XLG_Pair-2_template_configure.xml: <!-- Multiple VLANs can be entered by stringing the VLANs in the setAllowedVlans option, i.e., 1-5 or 1,2,3,4,5 -->></p> <p>DSR_NetConfig_Templates/Topo1_L3/3020_template_configure.xml: <!-- 'mode' is required on Cisco when adding interfaces -->></p> <p>Replace <configure> with <configure apiVersion="1.1"> within: DSR_NetConfig_Templates/utility/addQOS_trafficeTemplate_6120XG.xml</p> <pre># sudo cp DSR_NetConfig_Templates/init/Aggregation/* /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/ # sudo cp DSR_NetConfig_Templates/config/TopoX/* /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Modify switch1A_4948_4948E.xml and switch1B_4948_4948E.xml	<p>Modify switch1A_4948_4948E_init.xml and switch1B_4948_4948E_init.xml files for information needed to initialize the switch.</p> <p>Update the init.xml files for all values preceded by a dollar sign. For example, if a value has \$some_variable_name, that value is modified and the dollar sign must be removed during the modification.</p> <p>When done editing the file, save and exit to return to the command prompt.</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Modify 4948E-F_configure.xml	<p>Modify 4948E-F_configure.xml for information needed to configure the switches.</p> <p>Update the configure.xml file for all values preceded by a dollar sign. For example, if a value has \$some_variable_name, that value is modified and the dollar sign must be removed during the modification.</p> <p>When done editing the file, save and exit to return to the command prompt.</p> <p>Note: For IPv6 Configurations, IPv6 over NTP is NOT currently supported on the Cisco 4948E-F aggregation switches. This function must be configured for IPv4.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Initialize switch1A	<p>Initialize switch1A by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/switch1A_4948_4948E_i nit.xml</pre> <p>Processing file: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/switch1A_4948_4948E_init.x ml</p> <p>Note: This step takes about 5-10 minutes to complete. Check the output of this command for any errors. If this fails for any reason, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>A successful completion of netConfig returns you to the prompt.</p> <p>Use netConfig to get the hostname of the switch, to verify the switch was initialized properly, and to verify netConfig can connect to the switch.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=switch1A getHostname</pre> <p>Hostname: switch1A</p> <p>Note: If this ommand fails, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify IOS image	<p>Verify the switch is using the proper IOS image per Platform version by issuing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=switch1A getFirmware</pre> <p>Version: 122-54.X0</p> <p>License: entservicesk9</p> <p>Flash: cat4500e-entservicesk9-mz.122-54.X0.bin</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC > Management Server: Manipulate host server physical interfaces	<p>Exit from the virtual PMAC console, by pressing ctrl-] and you are returned to the server prompt.</p> <p>Ensure the interface of the server connected to switch1B is the only interface up and obtain the IP address of the management server management interface by performing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/ifup <ethernet_interface_1> \$ sudo /sbin/ifdown <ethernet_interface_2> \$ sudo /sbin/ip addr show <management_server_mgmtInterface> grep inet</pre> <p>The command output should contain the IP address of the variable, <management_server_mgmt_IP_address>.</p> <p>Connect to the Virtual PMAC by logging into the console of the virtual PMAC instance found in 2.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console vm-pmac1A</pre> <p>Note: On a TVOE host, if you open the virsh console, for example, <code>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console X</code> or from the virsh utility <code>virsh # console X</code> command and you get garbage characters or the output is not correct, then there is likely a stuck virsh console command already being run on the TVOE host. Exit out of the virsh console, run <code>ps -ef grep virsh</code>, and then kill the existing process "<code>kill -9 <PID></code>". Then execute the <code>virsh console X</code> command. Your console session should now run as expected.</p>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Determine if switch1B PROM upgrade is required	<p>Note: ROM and PROM are intended to have the same meaning for this procedure.</p> <p>Connect to switch1A, check the PROM version.</p> <p>Connect serially to switch1A by issuing the following command.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/console -M <management_server_mgmt_ip_address> -l platcfg switch1A_console</pre> <p>Enter platcfg@pmac5000101's password: <platcfg_password></p> <p>[Enter `^Ec?' for help]</p> <p>Press Enter</p> <pre>Switch> show version include ROM ROM: 12.2(31r)SGA1 System returned to ROM by reload</pre> <p>Note: If the console command fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>Note the IOS image and ROM version for comparison in a following step. Exit from the console by pressing <ctrl-e><c><. > and you are returned to the server prompt.</p> <p>Verify the version from the previous command against the version from the release notes referenced. If the versions are different, perform the procedure in Appendix G to upgrade the PROM for switch1B.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Initialize switch1B	<p>Initialize switch1B by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/switch1A_4948_4948E_i nit.xml</pre> <p>Processing file: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/switch1A_4948_4948E_init.x ml</p> <p>Note: This step takes about 5-10 minutes to complete. Check the output of this command for any errors. If this fails for any reason, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>A successful completion of netConfig returns you to the prompt.</p> <p>Use netConfig to get the hostname of the switch, to verify the switch was initialized properly, and to verify netConfig can connect to the switch.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=switch1B getHostname</pre> <p>Hostname: switch1B</p> <p>Note: If this command fails, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify IOS image	<p>Verify the switch is using the proper IOS image per Platform version by issuing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=switch1B getFirmware</pre> <p>Version: 122-54.X0</p> <p>License: entservicesk9</p> <p>Flash: cat4500e-entservicesk9-mz.122-54.X0.bin</p>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Disable TFTP	<p>Modify PMAC Feature to disable TFTP.</p> <p>Disable the DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT feature.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm editFeature -- featureName=DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT --enable=0</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm resetFeatures</pre> <p>Note: This may take up to 60 seconds to complete.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes

15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure both switches	<p>Configure both switches by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/4948_4948E_configure.xml</pre> <p>Processing file: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/4948_4948E_configure.xml</p> <p>Note: This may take up to 2-3 minutes to complete.</p> <p>Check the output of this command for any errors. If this fails for any reason, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>A successful completion of netConfig returns the user to the prompt.</p>
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Management Server: Ensure interface are enabled on the TVOE host	<p>Press Ctrl-J to exit the virtual PMAC console. This returns the terminal to the server prompt.</p> <p>Ensure the interfaces of the server connected to switch1A and switch1B are up by performing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/ifup <ethernet_interface_1> \$ sudo /sbin/ifup <ethernet_interface_2></pre>
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Cabinet: Connect cables from customer network	<p>Attach switch1A customer uplink cables. Refer to application documentation for which ports are uplink ports.</p> <p>Note: If the customer is using standard 802.1D spanning-tree, the links may take up to 50 seconds to become active.</p>
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify access to customer network	<p>Verify connectivity to the customer network by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping <customer_supplied_ntp_server_address></pre> <pre>PING ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=0 ttl=62 time=0.150 ms 64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=1 ttl=62 time=0.223 ms 64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=2 ttl=62 time=0.152 ms</pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Cabinet: Connect cables from customer network	<p>Attach switch1B customer uplink cables and detach switch1A customer uplink cables. Refer to application documentation for which ports are uplink ports.</p> <p>Note: If the customer is using standard 802.1D spanning-tree, the links may take up to 50 seconds to become active.</p>

Procedure 8. Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Swithes


20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify access to customer network	Verify connectivity to the customer network by issuing the following command: <pre>\$ /bin/ping <customer_supplied_ntp_server_address></pre> <pre>PING ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51) 56(84) bytes of data.</pre> <pre>64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=0</pre> <pre>ttl=62 time=0.150 ms</pre> <pre>64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=1</pre> <pre>ttl=62 time=0.223 ms</pre> <pre>64 bytes from ntpserver1 (10.250.32.51): icmp_seq=2</pre> <pre>ttl=62 time=0.152 ms</pre>
21. <input type="checkbox"/>	Cabinet: Connect cables from customer network	Re-attach switch1A customer uplink cables. Refer to application documentation for which ports are uplink ports. Note: If the customer is using standard 802.1D spanning-tree, the links may take up to 50 seconds to become active.
22. <input type="checkbox"/>	Management Server: Restore the TVOE host back to its original state	Press Ctrl-] to exit the virtual PMAC console. This returns the terminal to the server prompt. Restore the server networking back to original state: <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/service network restart</pre>
23. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up switch and/or enclosure switch	Perform Appendix H.2 for each switch configured in this procedure.

4.4 Configure PMAC for NetBackup (Optional)

4.4.1 Configure NetBackup Feature

If the PMAC application is configured with the optional NetBackup feature and NetBackup client is installed on this server, execute Procedure 9 with the appropriate NetBackup feature data; otherwise, continue to Procedure 10 to install and configure the NetBackup client software on PMAC.

Procedure 9. Configure PMAC Application

S T E P #	<p>Configuration of the PMAC application is typically performed using the PMAC GUI. This procedure defines application and network resources. At a minimum, you should define network routes and DHCP pools. Unlike initialization, configuration is incremental, so you may execute this procedure to modify the PMAC configuration.</p> <p>Note: The installer must know the network and application requirements. The final step configures and restarts the network and the PMAC application; network access is briefly interrupted.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Login	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p>  <p>Navigate to Administration > PMAC Configuration.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUID: Select a profile	<p>Click Feature Configuration.</p>

Procedure 9. Configure PMAC Application3.
☐**PMAC GUID:**
Configure
optional features

If NetBackup is to be used, enable the NetBackup feature; otherwise, use the selected features as is. This image is for reference only.

Feature	Description	Role	Enabled
DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT	Network device PXE initialization	Management	<input type="checkbox"/>
DEVICE.NTP	PM&C as a time server	Management	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PMAC.MANAGED	Remote management of PM&C server	Management	<input type="checkbox"/>
PMAC.REMOTE.BACKUP	Remote server for backup	Management	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PMAC.NETBACKUP	NetBackup client	Management	<input type="checkbox"/>
PMAC.IPV6.NOAUTOCONFIG	PMAC IPv6 interface disable autoconfiguration	NULL	<input type="checkbox"/>

Add Role

The **Enabled** checkbox selects the desired features. The **Role** field provides a list of known network roles the feature may be associated with. The **Description** may be edited if desired.

If the feature should be applied to a new network role (e.g., NetBackup), click **Add Role**. Enter the name of the new role and click **Add**.

Note: Role names are not significant, they are only used to associate features with networks.

The new role name displays in the **Role** list for features.

When done, click **Apply**. This foreground task takes a few moments, and then refreshes the view with an Info or Error notice to verify the action. To discard changes, navigate away from the view.

Procedure 9. Configure PMAC Application

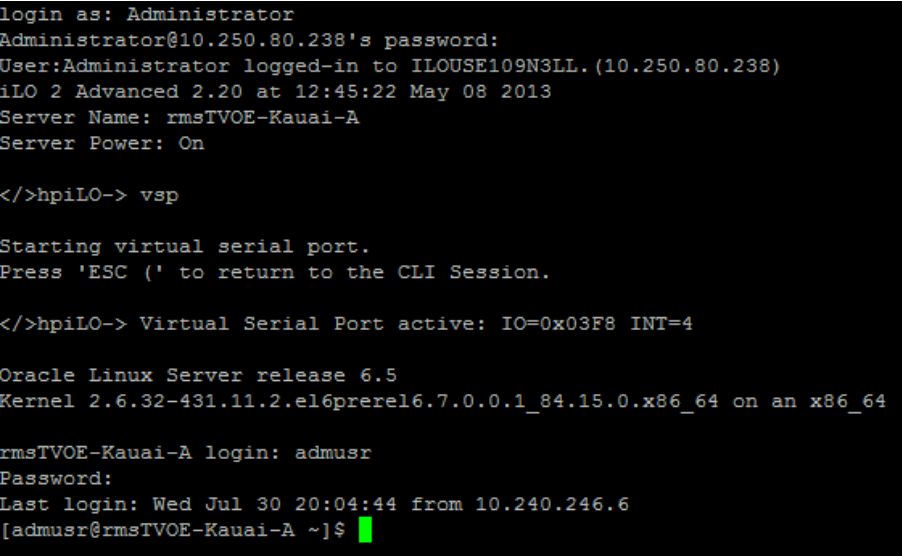
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Reconfigure PMAC networks	<p>Note: The network reconfiguration enters a tracked state. After you click Reconfigure, click Cancel to abort.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click Network Configuration and follow the wizard through the configuration task. 2. Click Reconfigure to display the network view. The default management and control networks should be configured correctly. Networks may be added, deleted, or modified from this view. They are defined with IPv4 dotted-quad address and netmasks, or with IPv6 colon hex address and a prefix. When complete, click Next. 3. Click Network Roles to change the role of a network. Network associations can be added (for example, NetBackup) or deleted. You cannot add a new role since roles are driven from features. When complete, click Next. 4. Click Network Interfaces to add or delete interfaces, and change the IP address within the defined network space. If you add a network (for example, NetBackup), the Add Interface view displays when you click Add. This view provides an editable list of known interfaces. You may add a new device here if necessary. The Address must be an IPv4 or IPv6 host address in the network. When complete, click Next. 5. Click Routes to add or delete route destinations. The initial PMAC deployment does not define routes. Most likely, you want to add a default route — the route already exists, but this action defines it to PMAC so it may be displayed by PMAC. Click Add. The Add Route view provides an editable list of known devices. Select the egress device for the route. Enter an IPv4 dotted-quad address and netmask or an IPv6 colon hex address and prefix for the route destination and next-hop gateway. Click Add Route. When complete, click Next. 6. Click DHCP Ranges to define DHCP pools used by servers that PMAC manages. Click Add. Enter the starting and ending IPv4 address for the range on the network used to control servers (by default, the control network). Click Add DHCP Range. Only one range per network may be defined. When all pools are defined, click Next. 7. Click Configuration Summary for a view of your reconfigured PMAC. Click Finish to open the background task that reconfigures the PMAC application. A Task and Info or Error notice displays to verify your action. 8. Verify your reconfiguration task completes. Navigate to Task Monitoring. As the network is reconfigured, you will have a brief network interruption. From the Background Task Monitoring view, verify the Reconfigure PMAC task succeeds.
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Set site settings	<p>Navigate to Administration > GUI Site Settings.</p> <p>Set the Site Name to a descriptive name, set the Welcome Message to display when logging in.</p>

Procedure 9. Configure PMAC Application

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Application backup	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm backup</pre> <p>PMAC backup has been successfully initiated as task ID 7</p> <p>Note: The backup runs as a background task. To check the status of the background task use the PMAC GUI Task Monitor screen, or issue the command <code>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</code>. The result should eventually be PMAC Backup successful and the background task should indicate COMPLETE.</p> <p>Note: The pmacadm backup command uses a naming convention that includes a date/time stamp in the filename (for example, <code>backupPmac_20111025_100251.pef</code>). In the example provided, the backup filename indicates it was created on 10/25/2011 at 10:02:51 am server time.</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify backup was successful	<p>Note: If the background task shows the backup failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of <code>pmaccli getBgTasks</code> should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</pre> <pre>2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful</pre> <pre>Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4</pre> <pre>sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum:</pre> <pre>2 Server Identity:</pre> <pre>Physical Blade Location:</pre> <pre>Blade Enclosure:</pre> <pre>Blade Enclosure Bay:</pre> <pre>Guest VM Location:</pre> <pre>Host IP:</pre> <pre>Guest Name:</pre> <pre>TPD IP:</pre> <pre>Rack Mount Server:</pre> <pre>IP:</pre> <pre>Name:</pre> <pre>::</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Save the backup	<p>The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory:</p> <p><code>/var/TKLC/smac/backup</code>.</p>

4.4.2 Install and Configure NetBackup Client on PMAC

Procedure 10. Install and Configure PMAC NetBackup Client

STEP #	<p>This procedure installs and configures the NetBackup client software on a PMAC application.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI	Verify the PMAC application guest has been configured with NetBackup virtual disk by executing Procedure 49.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server iLO: Login with PMAC admusr credentials	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the management server iLO on the remote console using application provided passwords via Appendix C. Log into the iLO in Internet Explorer using password provided by application: <code>http://<management_server_iLO_IP></code> Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server.  Click Yes if the security alert displays.

Procedure 10. Install and Configure PMAC NetBackup Client

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVO Management Server: Login	<p>Log into PMAC with admusr credentials.</p> <p>Note: On a TVOE host, if you open the virsh console, for example, <code>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console X</code> or from the virsh utility <code>virsh # console X</code> command and you get garbage characters or the output is not correct, then there is likely a stuck virsh console command already being run on the TVOE host. Exit out of the virsh console, run <code>ps -ef grep virsh</code>, and then kill the existing process "<code>kill -9 <PID></code>". Then execute the <code>virsh console X</code> command. Your console session should now run as expected.</p> <p>Login using virsh and wait until you see the login prompt. If a login prompt does not display after the guest is finished booting, press ENTER to make one display:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh virsh # list Id Name State ---- ----- 4 pmacU17-1 running virsh # console pmacU17-1 [Output Removed] ##### 1371236760: Upstart Job readahead-collector: stopping 1371236767: Upstart Job readahead-collector: stopped ##### CentOS release 6.4 (Final) Kernel 2.6.32-358.6.1.el6prere16.5.0_82.16.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 pmacU17-1 login:</pre>
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Procedure 10. Install and Configure PMAC NetBackup Client

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Install NetBackup client	<p>Perform Appendix J.1.</p> <p>The following data is required to perform Procedure 45.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NetBackup supports PMAC 6.5.0 supports NetBackup client software versions 7.6 and 7.7. • The PMAC is a 64 bit application; the appropriate NetBackup client software versions are 7.6 and 7.7. • The PMAC application NetBackup user is "NetBackup". See appropriate documentation for the password. • The paths to the PMAC application software NetBackup notify scripts are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • /usr/TKLC/smac/sbin/bpstart_notify • /usr/TKLC/smac/sbin/bpend_notify • For the PMAC application the following is the NetBackup server policy files list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/*.iso • /var/TKLC/smac/backup/backupPmac*.pef <p>After executing the Appendix J.1, the NetBackup installation and configuration on the PMAC application server is complete.</p> <p>Note: At the NetBackup server, the NetBackup policy(ies) can now be created to perform the NetBackup backups of the PMAC application.</p>
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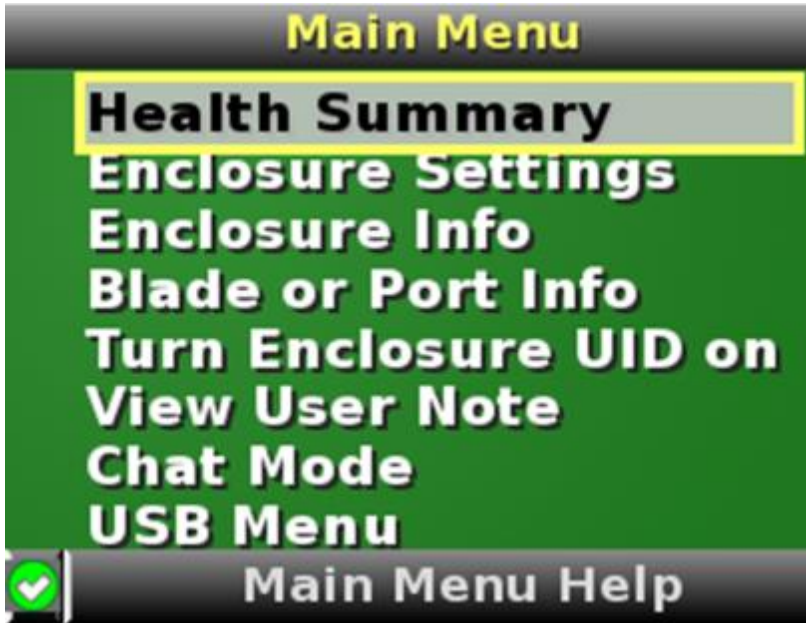
4.5 HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration

This section applies if the installation includes one or more HP C-7000 Enclosures. It uses the HP Onboard Administrator user interfaces (insight display, and OA GUI) to configure the enclosure settings. This procedure determines the health and status of the DSR network and servers.

4.5.1 Configure Initial OA IP

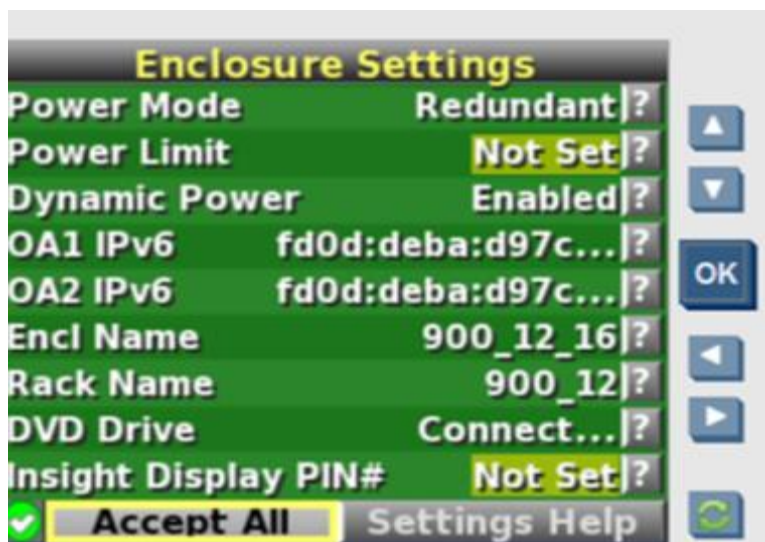
Provision the enclosure with two onboard administrators. Executed this procedure only for OA Bay 1, regardless of the number of OAs installed in the enclosures.

Procedure 11. Configure Initial OA IP

S T E P #	<p>This procedure sets the initial IP address for the onboard administrator in location OA Bay 1 (left as viewed from rear) and Bay 2 using the front panel display.</p> <p>Note: The enclosure should be provisioned with two Onboard Administrators. This procedure needs to be executed only for OA Bay 1, regardless of the number of OAs installed in the enclosure.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Configure OA Bay 1 address using the insight display on the front side of the enclosure.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Settings.</p>

Procedure 11. Configure Initial OA IP

3. ☐ Navigate to the OA1 IP menu settings and press **OK**.



Note: The OA1 IP and OA2 IP menu settings in this procedure may indicate **OA1 IPv4** or **OA1 IPv6**. In either case, select this menu setting to set the OA IP address.

4. ☐ If setting the IPv4 address:
1. Navigate to the **OA1 IPv4** and press **OK**.
 2. On the OA1 Network Mode screen, select **static** and press **OK**.
 3. Select **Accept** and press **OK**.
 4. On the Change:OA1 IP address screen, fill in data below and press **OK**.
 - IP
 - MASK
 - gateway
 5. Select **Accept** and press **OK**.
 6. Navigate to **OA2 IP menu setting** on the Insight display and repeat the above steps to assign the IP parameters of OA2.

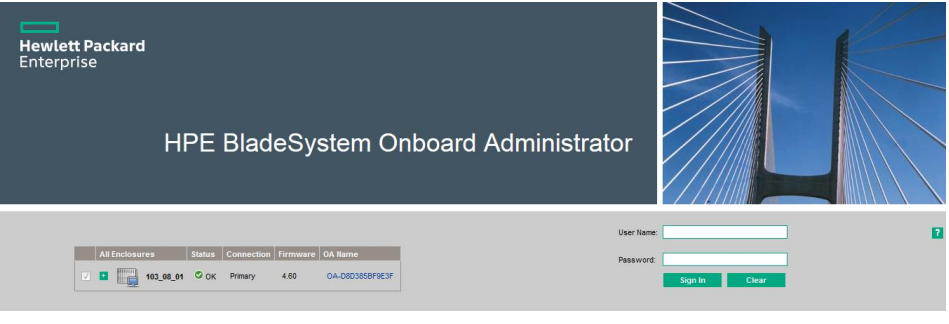
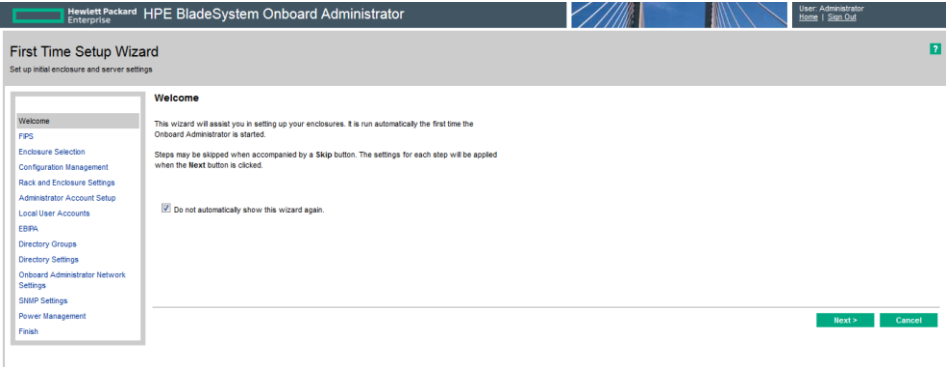
- If setting the IPv6 address:
1. Navigate to the **OA1 IPv6** and press **OK**.
 2. On the Change: OA1 IPv6 Status menu, select **Enabled** and press **OK**.
 3. Select **Accept** and press **OK**.
 4. On the Change:OA1 IPv6 Settings screen, fill in appropriate data below and press **OK**.
 5. Set the **Static IPv6** address to the globally scoped address and prefix and press **OK**.
 6. Leave the DHCPv6 option as **Disabled**.
 7. Leave the SLAAC option as **Disabled**.
 8. If a static Gateway address needs to be configured, navigate to **Static Gateway** and press **OK**.
 - a. Select the **Static Gateway IPv6 Address** and press **OK**.
 - b. Select **Set** and press **OK**.
 9. Navigate to **OA2 IP menu setting** on the Insight display and repeat the above steps to assign the IP parameters of OA2.
 10. Select **Accept All** and press **OK**.

4.5.2 Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

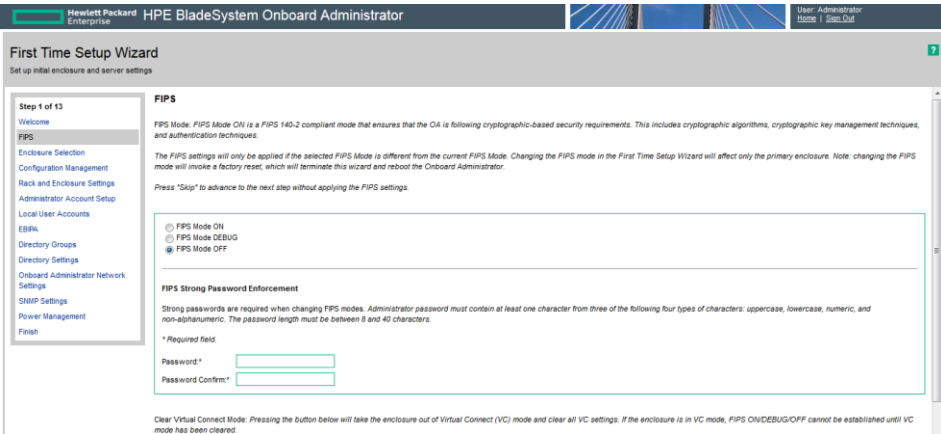
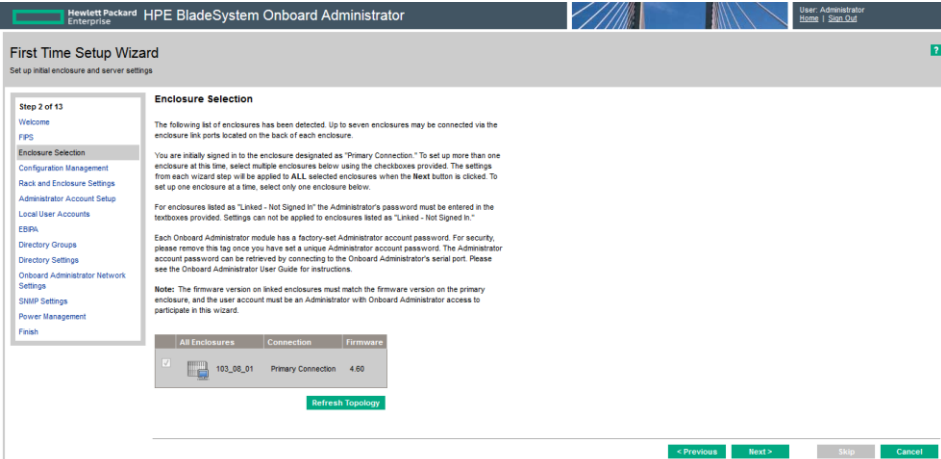
This procedure is for initial configuration only and should be executed when the onboard administrator in OA Bay 1 (left as viewed from rear) is installed and active. Follow Appendix I to learn how to replace one of the onboard administrators correctly.

Provision the enclosure with two onboard administrators. The OA in Bay 2 automatically acquires its configuration from the OA in Bay 1 after the configuration is complete.

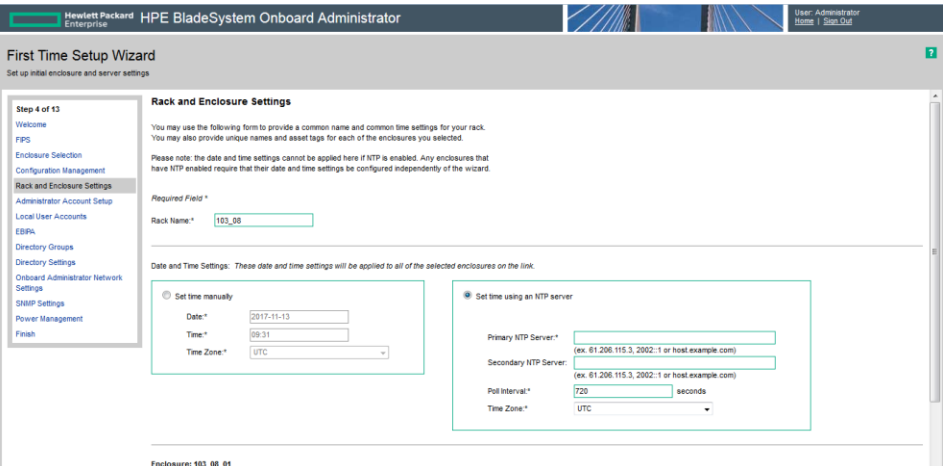
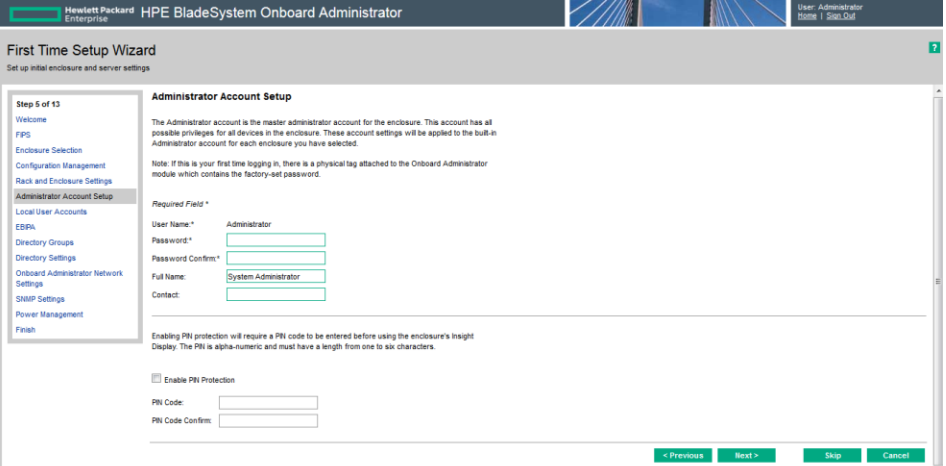
Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

STEP #	<p>This procedure configures the initial OA settings using a configuration wizard.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Login	<p>Open your web browser and navigate to the OA Bay 1 IP address assigned in Procedure 11.</p> <p><code>http://<OA_IP></code></p> <p>Login as an administrative user. The original password is on a paper card attached to each OA.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Run First Time Setup wizard	<p>If needed, navigate to Wizards > First Time Setup.</p> 

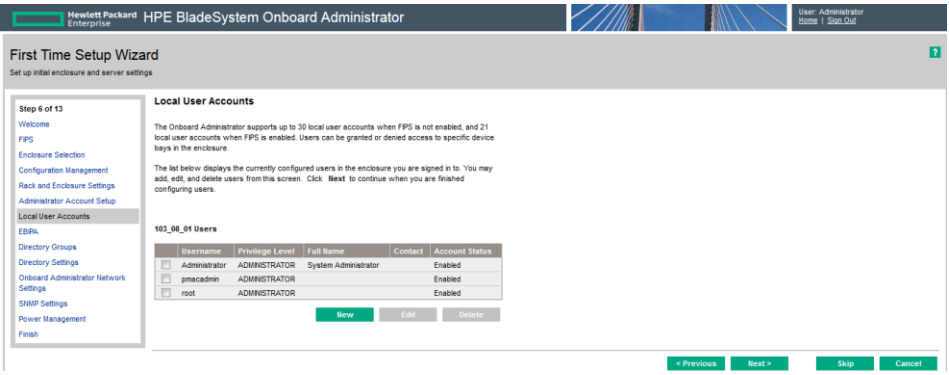
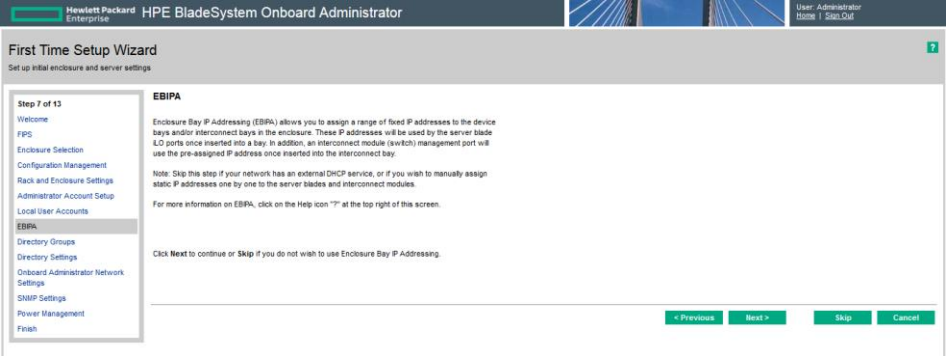
Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

<p>3.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: FIPS</p>	<p>Click Next. FIPS mode is not currently supported.</p> 
<p>4.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Enclosure Selection</p>	<p>Click Next to select an enclosure.</p> 
<p>5.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Configuration Management</p>	<p>Click Next. Skip configuration management.</p>

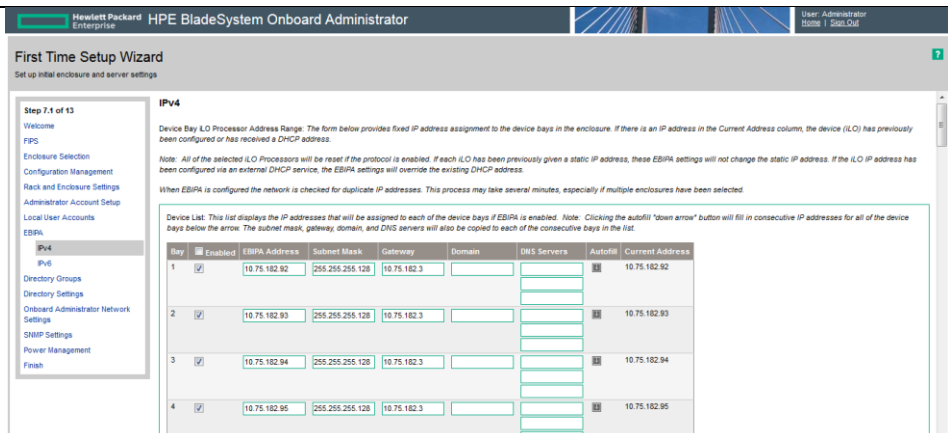
Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

<p>6.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Rack and Enclosure Settings</p>	<p>Click Next to configure the Rack and Enclosure.</p>  <p>Type the Rack Name in format xxx_xx.</p> <p>Type the Enclosure name in format <rack name>_<position></p> <p>Example:</p> <p>Rack Name: 500_03</p> <p>Enclosure Name: 500_03_03</p> <p>Note: Enclosure positions are numbered from 1 at the bottom of the rack to 4 at the top.</p> <p>Check Set time using an NTP server option and type the Primary NTP Server (recommended to be set to the <customer_supplied_ntp_server_address>).</p> <p>Set Poll interval to 720.</p> <p>Set Time Zone to UTC if the customer does not have any specific requirements.</p>
<p>7.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Administrator Account Setup</p>	<p>Click Next to change the administrator password.</p> 

Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

<p>8.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Local User Accounts</p>	<p>Click Next to create pmacadmin and admusr user.</p>  <p>On the Local User Accounts screen, click New to add pmacadmin user.</p> <p>From the User Settings screen, type the User Name and Password. Set the Privilege Level to Administrator. Refer to the application documentation for the password.</p> <p>Verify all of the blades have been checked before proceeding to mark the checkbox for Onboard Administrator Bays under the User Permissions section.</p> <p>Click Add User.</p> <p>In the same way, create the admusr user.</p>
<p>9.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Enclosure Bay IP Addressing (EBIPA)</p>	<p>Click Next to set up the EBIPA addresses.</p>  <p>Note: Setting up the EBIPA is required.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select the First Time Setup Wizard EBIPA: IPv4 or EBIPA: IPv6 and enter the appropriate data.

Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard



2. Go to the Device List section of the EBIPA Settings Screen (at the top) and type the iLO IP, Subnet Mask, and Gateway fields for Device Bays 1-16.

Do not fill in the iLO IP, subnet Mask, or Gateway fields for Device Bays 1A-16A and 1B-16B.

Note: Bays 1A-16A and 1B-16B are used for double-density blades (i.e., BL2x220c), which are not supported in this release.

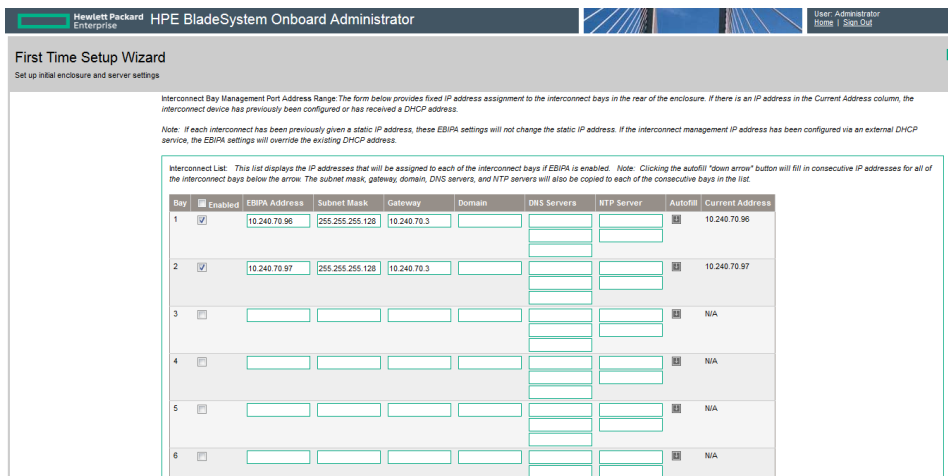
3. Mark the **Enabled** checkbox for each Device Bay 1 through 16 that is in use.

Note: Any unused slots should have an IP address assigned, but should be disabled.

Note: Do not use autofill since this fills the entries for the Device Bays 1A through 16B.

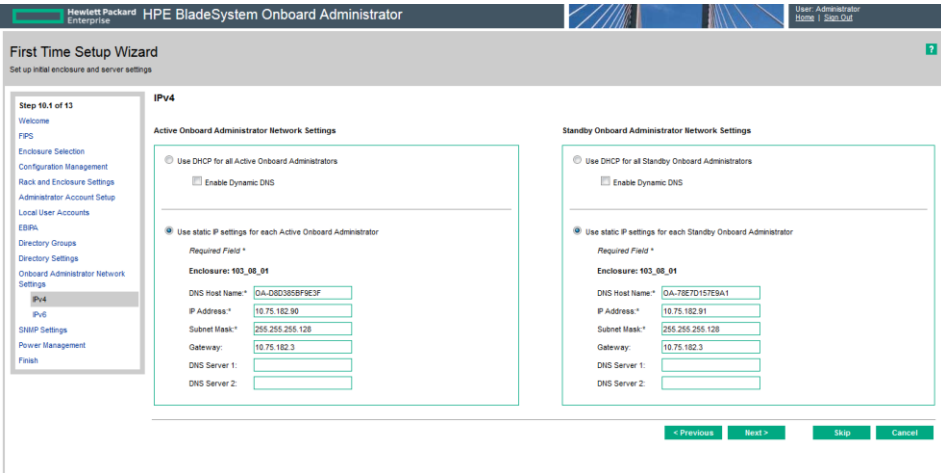
4. Scroll down to the Interconnect List (below Device Bay 16B) and type the EBIPA Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway fields for Interconnect Bay in use.

5. Mark the **Enabled** checkbox for each Interconnect Bay in use.

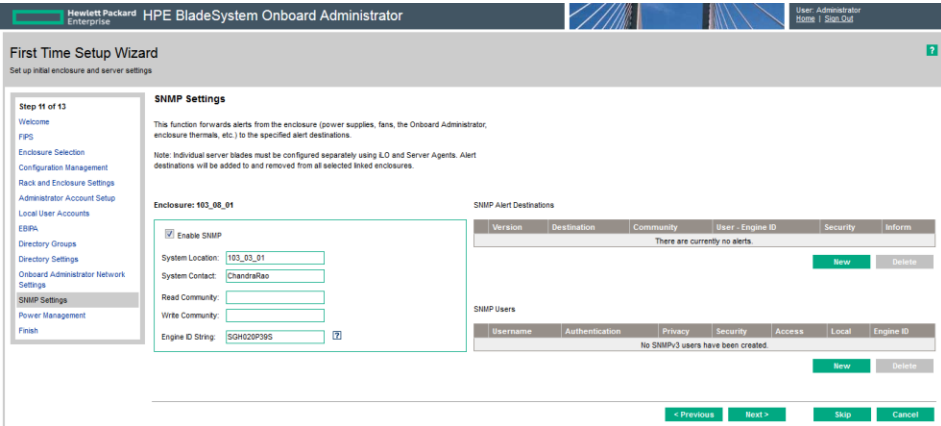
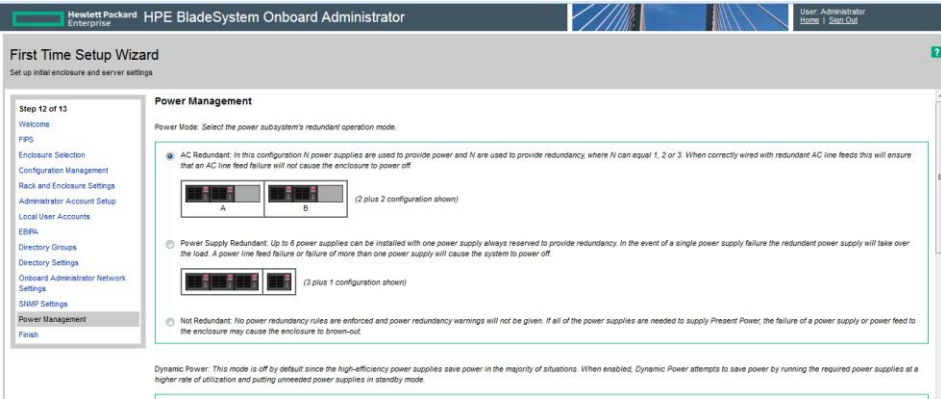


Click **Next** to apply the settings. The system may restart devices such as interconnect devices or iLOs to apply new addresses. After finishing, check the IP addresses to ensure the settings were successful.

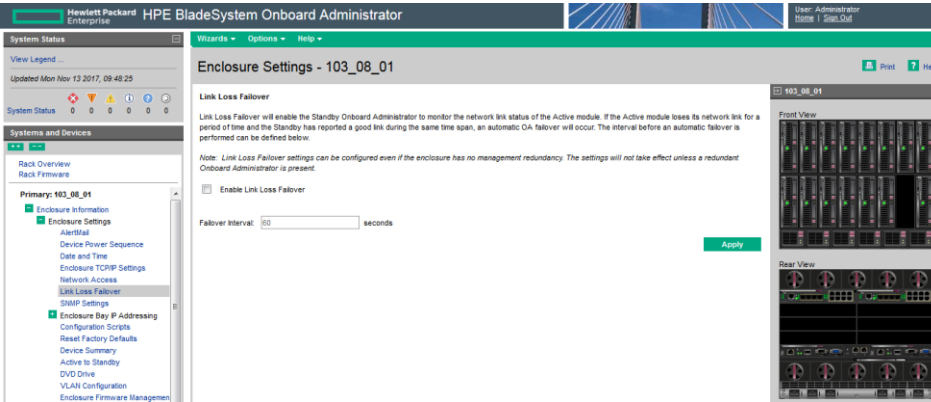
Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Directory Groups and Settings	Click Next to skip Directory Groups and Directory Settings.
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Onboard Administrator Network Settings	<p>Click Next to assign or modify the IP address and other network settings for the onboard administrator.</p>  <p>The Active Administrator Network Settings pertain to the active OA (OA Bay 1 location during initial configuration). If the second Onboard Administrator is present, the Standby Onboard Administrator Network Settings are displayed as well. Select Use static IP settings for each Standby Onboard Administrator. Type the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway for the Standard OA.</p> <p>Click Next.</p> <p>Note: If you change the IP address of the active OA, you are disconnected. Then, you must close your browser and sign in again using the new IP address.</p>

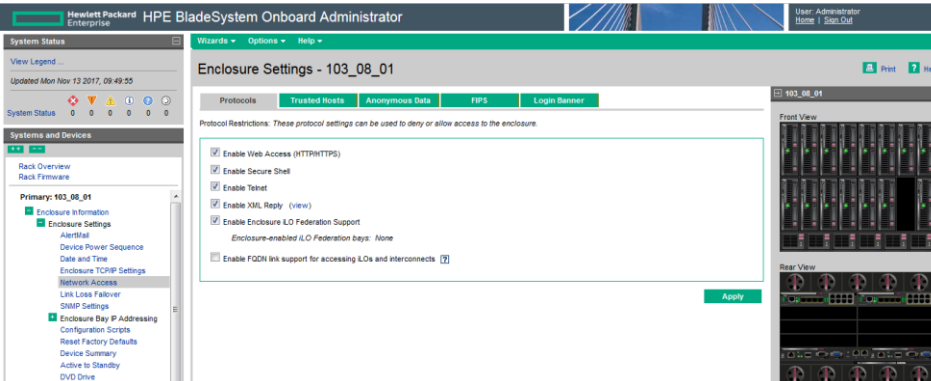
Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: SNMP Settings	<p>By default, the Enable SNMP checkbox should be checked. If you do not want to have SNMP enabled, see Appendix K.</p>  <p>Type the System Location that is equal to the Enclosure Name you used in step 6.</p> <p>Do not set Read Community and Write Community.</p> <p>Note: This step does not set an SNMP Trap Destination. To set an SNMP Trap Destination, see Procedure 15.</p>
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Power Management	<p>Click Next to configure power supply redundancy.</p> <p>The first available setting on the Power Management screen is either AC Redundant or Redundant, depending on whether the Enclosure is powered by AC or DC. In either case, select the Power Supply Redundant option.</p> <p>AC/DC-Powered Enclosures:</p>  <p>For all other settings on the Power Management screen, leave the default settings unchanged.</p>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Finish First Time Setup Wizard	<p>Click Next and Finish.</p>

Procedure 12. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard

15. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Set Link Loss Failover	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > Link Loss Failover.</p>  <p>Mark the Enable Link Loss Failover checkbox and specify the Failover Interval as 180 seconds.</p> <p>Click Apply.</p>
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4.5.3 Configure OA Security**Procedure 13. Configure OA Security**

STEP #	This procedure disables telnet access to OA.	<p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA GUI: Login	<p>Navigate to the IP address of the active OA using Appendix I Determine which Onboard Administrator is Active.</p> <p>Login as an administrative user.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Disable telnet	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > Network Access.</p> <p>Unmark the Enable Telnet checkbox.</p> 
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Apply changes	Click Apply .

4.5.4 Upgrade or Downgrade OA Firmware

Software Centric Customers: If Oracle Consulting Services or any other Oracle Partner is providing services to a customer that includes installation and/or upgrade then, as long as the terms of the scope of those services include that Oracle Consulting Services is employed as an agent of the customer (including update of Firmware on customer provided services), then Oracle consulting services can install FW they obtain from the customer who is licensed for support from HP.

Provision the enclosure with two onboard administrators. This procedure installs the same firmware version on both onboard administrators.

Use this procedure to upgrade or downgrade firmware or to ensure both OAs have the same firmware version. When the firmware update is initiated, the standby OA is automatically updated first.

Procedure 14. Upgrade or Downgrade OA Firmware

STEP #	<p>This procedure updates the firmware on the OAs.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP MISC firmware ISO image • Release Notes from HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Add firmware	Execute section 4.9.2 Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository to add the HP Miscellaneous firmware ISO image
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Login	<p>Navigate to the IP address of the active OA using Appendix I.</p> <p>Login as an administrative user.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Check OA firmware versions	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Active Onboard Administrator > Firmware Update.</p> <p>Examine the firmware version shown in the Firmware Information table. Verify the version meets the minimum requirement specified by the Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] and that the firmware versions match for both OAs. If the versions match, then the firmware does not need to be changed. Skip the rest of this procedure.</p>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Save all OA configuration	<p>If one of the two OAs has a later version of firmware than the version provided by the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2], this procedure downgrades it to that version. A firmware downgrade can result in the loss of OA configuration. Before proceeding, ensure you have a record of the initial OA configuration necessary to execute the following OA configuration procedures, as required by the customer and application.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure Initial OA IP 2. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard 3. Configure OA Security 4. Store Configuration on Management Server

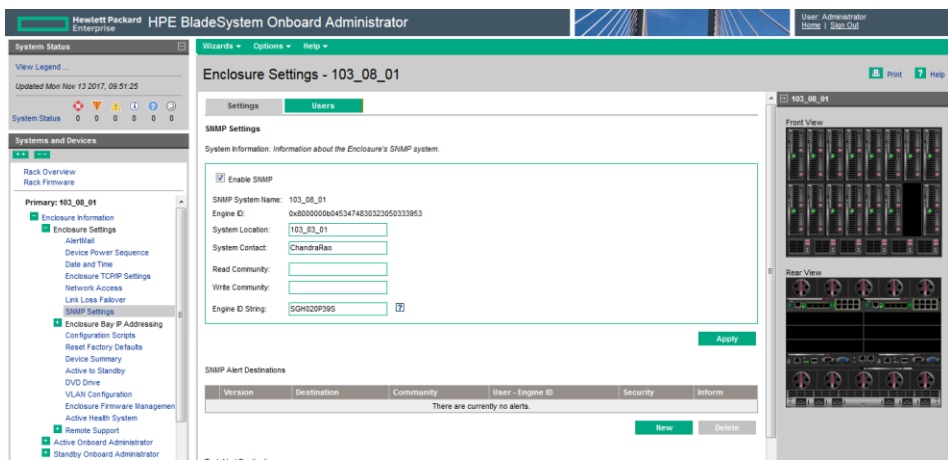
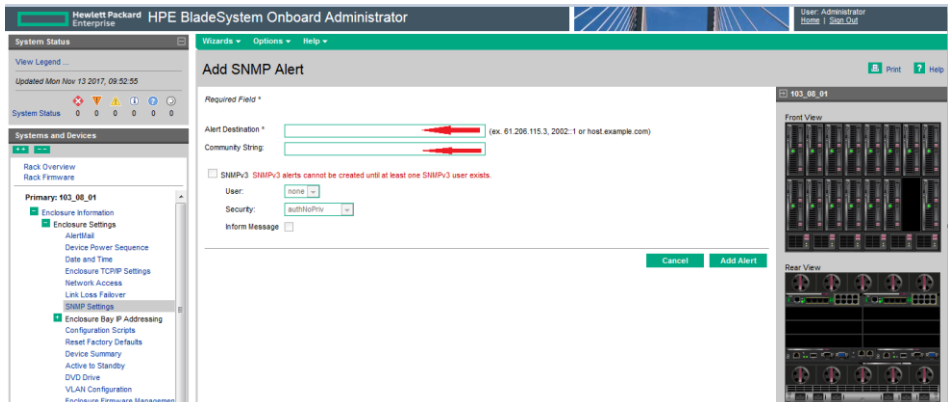
Procedure 14. Upgrade or Downgrade OA Firmware

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Initiate OA firmware upgrade	<p>Firmware obtained from a Software Centric Customer is located at:</p> <pre>https://<PMAC_Management_Network_IP>/TPD/<OA_firmware_version></pre> <p>If the firmware needs to be upgraded, click Firmware Update in the left navigation area.</p> <p>Enter the appropriate URL in the bottom text box labeled “Image URL”. The syntax is:</p> <pre>https://<PMAC_Management_Network_IP>/TPD/<HPFW_mount_point>/files/<OA_firmware_version>.bin</pre> <p>For example:</p> <pre>https://10.240.4.198/TPD/HPFW--872-2488-XXX--HPFW/files/hpoa300.bin</pre> <p>Check the Force Downgrade box if present.</p> <p>Click Apply.</p> <p>If a confirmation dialog is displayed, click OK.</p> <p>Note: The upgrade may take up to 25 minutes.</p>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Reload the HP OA application	<p>The upgrade is complete when the following displays:</p> <div data-bbox="492 961 1430 1125" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>It is recommended that you clear your browser's cache before continuing to use this application. If the browser's cache is not cleared after a firmware update, the application may not function properly.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Click here to reload the application.</p> </div> <p>Clear your browser's cache and click to reload the application.</p> <p>The login page displays momentarily</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Verify the firmware upgrade	<p>Log into the OA again. It may take few minutes before the OA is fully functional and accepts the credentials.</p> <p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Active Onboard Administrator > Firmware Update.</p> <p>Examine the firmware version shown in the Firmware Information table and verify the firmware version information is correct.</p>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Check/Re-establish OA configuration	<p>Ensure all OA configuration established by the following procedures is still intact after the firmware update. Re-establish any settings by performing the procedure(s).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure Initial OA IP 2. Configure Initial OA Settings Using the Configuration Wizard 3. Configure OA Security 4. Store Configuration on Management Server

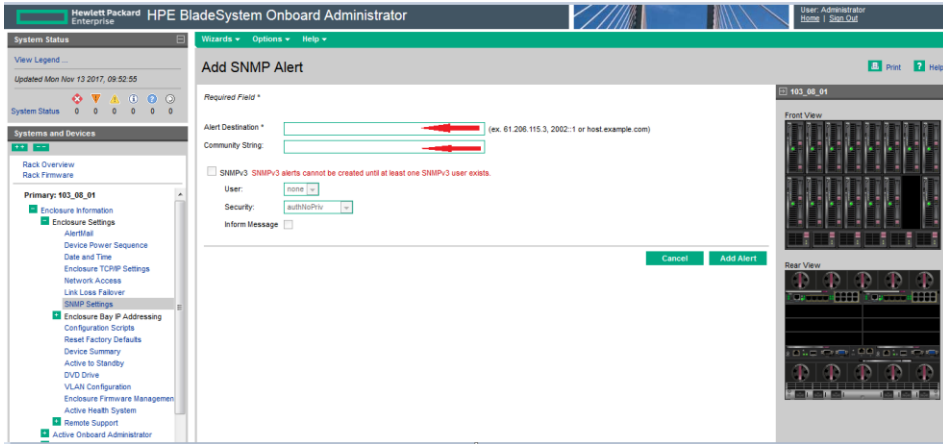
4.5.5 Add SNMP Trap Destination on OA

An SNMP trap destination must be added and configured using the Onboard Administrator (OA), or the SNMP must be disabled. One of these actions must be completed as described in this procedure.

Procedure 15. Add/Disable SNMP Trap Destination on OA

S T E P #	<p>This procedure adds an SNMP destination on OA.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active OA GUI: Login</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> To add an SNMP trap destination, navigate to the IP address of the active OA. Use Appendix I to determine the active OA. Login as an administrative user.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active OA GUI: Enter system information</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > SNMP Settings.  Enable SNMP and populate System Information. If SNMP is not already enabled, mark the Enable SNMP checkbox. Enter the Enclosure Name (shown in the title bar) or your preferred name into the System Location box.  Click Apply to save the system information. <p>Do not set Read Community and Write Community.</p>

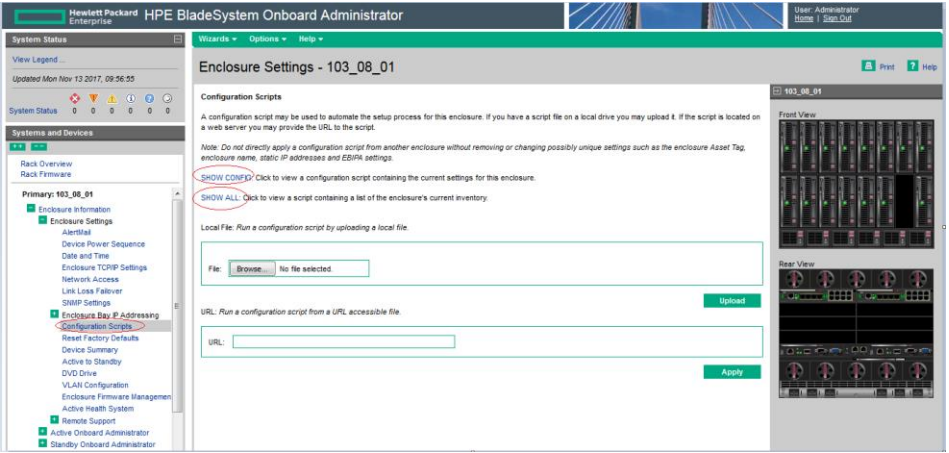
Procedure 15. Add/Disable SNMP Trap Destination on OA

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA GUI: Add SNMP Alert Destinations	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click New. 2. Type the destination information into the Alert Destination box (for example, 61.206.115.3, 2002::1 or host.example.com). 3. Type the community string into the Community String box. 4. Click Add Alert to add the destination to the system. 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA GUI: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To disable SNMP, log into the active OA. 2. Navigate to Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > SNMP Settings. 3. Unmark the Enable SNMP checkbox. 4. Click Apply to save the system information.

4.5.6 Store Configuration on Management Server**Procedure 16. Store OA Configuration on Management Server**

STEP #	This procedure backs up OA settings on the management server. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the IP address of the active OA. Use Appendix I to determine the active OA. 2. Login as root.

Procedure 16. Store OA Configuration on Management Server

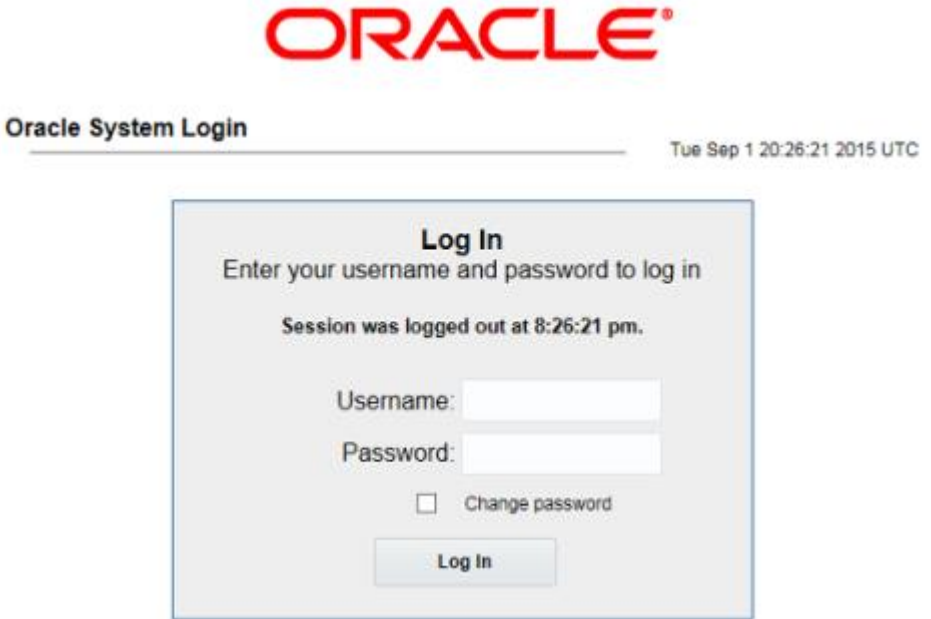
<p>2.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>OA GUI: Store configuration file</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > Configuration scripts. 2. Open the first configuration file (current settings for enclosure) and store it on a local disk.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Click Show Config. 4. Copy all text on the page and save it in a text file. Or, select File > Save As select a file name and path, and select Text file for the type. <pre><enclosure ID>_<timetag>.conf</pre>
<p>3.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Back up the configuration file</p>	<p>Do the following to back up the file on the PMAC:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Under /usr/TKLC/smac/etc directory you can create your own subdirectory structure. Log into the management server as admusr using ssh and create the target directory: <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mkdir -p /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/OA_backups/OABackup</pre> 2. Change the directory permissions: <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod go+x /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/OA_backups/OABackup</pre> 3. Copy the configuration file to the created directory. For UNIX users: <pre># scp ./<cabinet_enclosure_backup file>.conf \admusr@<pmac_management_network_ip>:/home/admusr</pre> Windows users, refer to Appendix E to copy the file to the management server. 4. On the PMAC, move the configuration file to the OA Backup folder that you created under /usr/TKLC/smac/etc. <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mv /home/admusr/<cabinet_enclosure_backup file>.conf /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/OA_backups/OABackup</pre>

Procedure 16. Store OA Configuration on Management Server

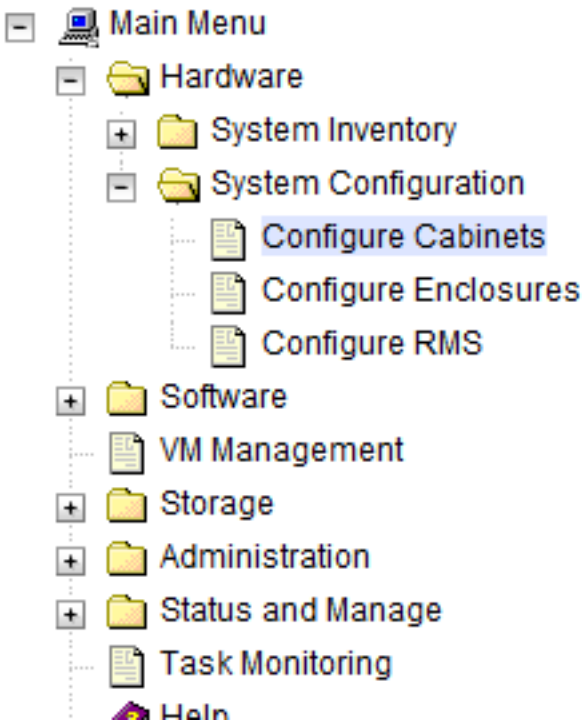
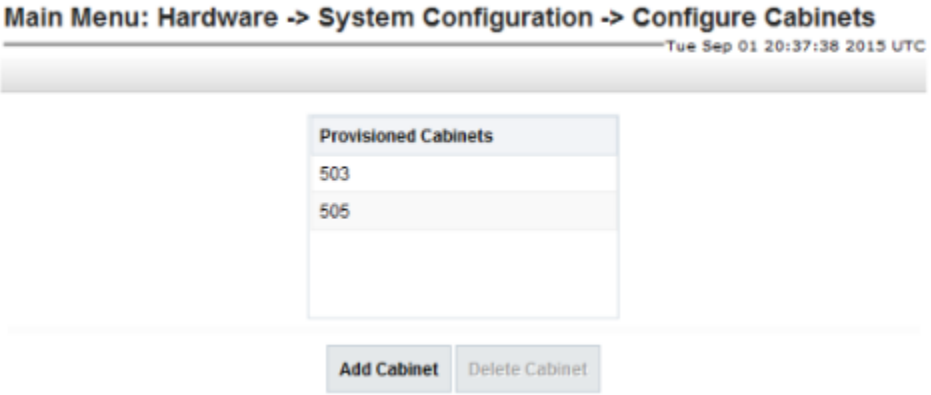
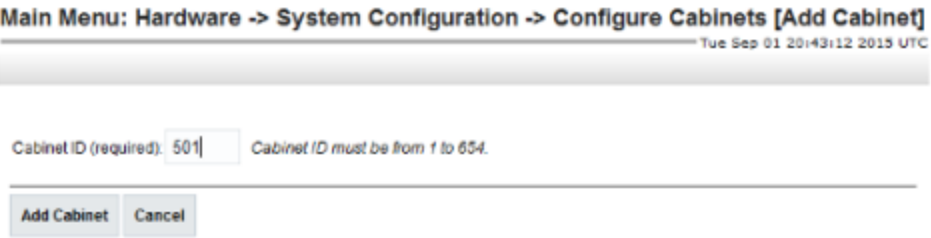
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Back up PMAC application to capture the OA backup	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm backup</pre> <p>PMAC backup has been successfully initiated as task ID 7</p> <p>Note: The backup runs as a background task. To check the status of the background task use the PMAC GUI Task Monitor screen, or issue the command <code>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</code>. The result should eventually be PMAC Backup successful and the background task should indicate COMPLETE.</p> <p>Note: The pmacadm backup command uses a naming convention that includes a date/time stamp in the filename (for example, <code>backupPmac_20111025_100251.pef</code>). In the example provided, the backup filename indicates it was created on 10/25/2011 at 10:02:51 am server time.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify backup	<p>Note: If the background task shows the backup failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of <code>pmaccli getBgTasks</code> should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks 2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4 sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum: 2 Server Identity: Physical Blade Location: Blade Enclosure: Blade Enclosure Bay: Guest VM Location: Host IP: Guest Name: TPD IP: Rack Mount Server: IP: Name: ::</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Save the backup	<p>The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory: <code>/var/TKLC/smac/backup</code>.</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: Logout	Logout from the OA by clicking Sign Out at the top right corner.

4.6 Enclosure and Blades Setup


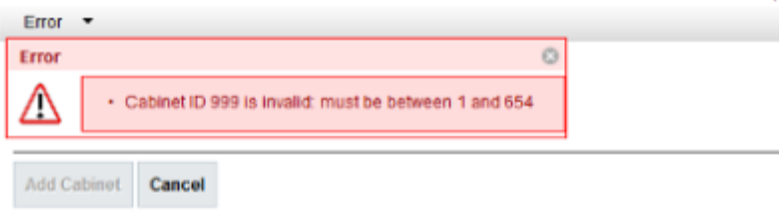
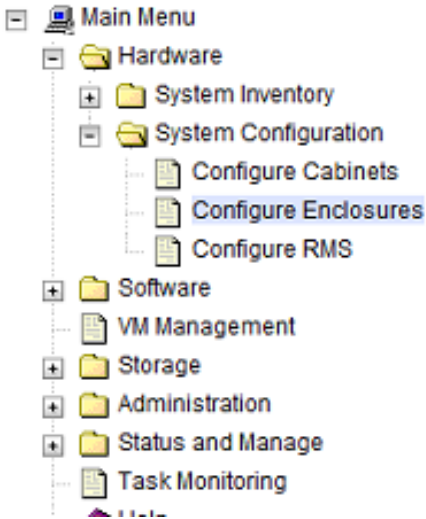
Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

S T E P #	<p>This procedure adds a cabinet and an enclosure to the PMAC system inventory.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Login	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p> 


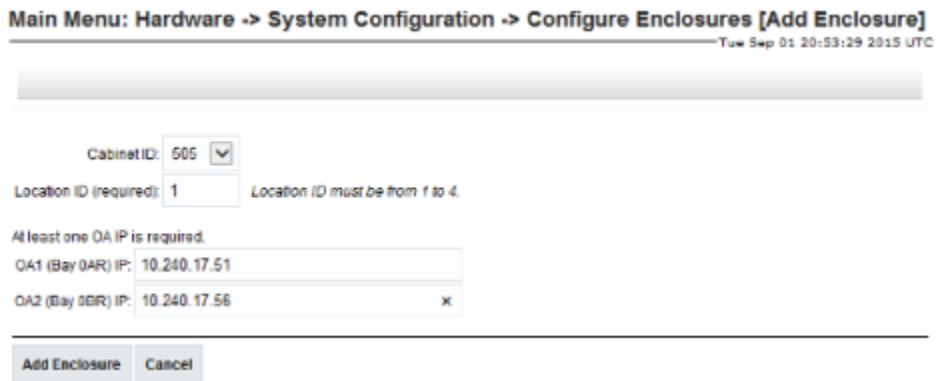
Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Navigate to Configure cabinets	<p>Navigate to Hardware > System Configuration > Configure Cabinets.</p> 
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Add cabinet	<p>Click Add Cabinet.</p> 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Enter cabinet ID	<p>Type the Cabinet ID and click Add Cabinet.</p> 

Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

<p>5.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Check errors</p>	<p>If no errors are reported, the Info box states it is successful.</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configu</p>  <p>Or an error message displays:</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure Cab</p> 
<p>6.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Navigate to Configure Enclosures</p>	<p>Navigate to Hardware > System Configuration > Configure Enclosures.</p> 

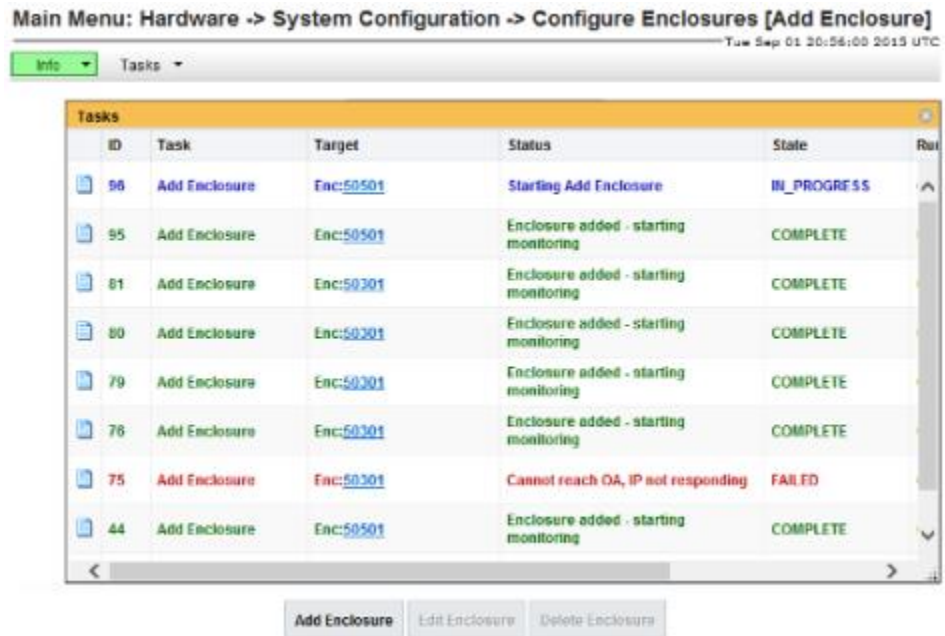
Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Add enclosure	<p>Click Add Enclosure.</p> 
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Provide enclosure details	<p>Type the Cabinet ID, Location, and two OA IP addresses (the enclosure's active and standby OAs).</p>  <p>Note: The Location ID uniquely identifies an enclosure within a cabinet. It can have a value of 1, 2, 3, or 4. The cabinet ID and location ID is combined to create a globally unique ID for the enclosure (for example, an enclosure in cabinet 502 at location 1 has an enclosure ID of 50201).</p> <p>Click Add Enclosure.</p>

Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

9. **PMAC GUI:**
☐ Monitor add enclosure

The Configure Enclosures screen displays again with a new background task entry in the Tasks table. Access this table by clicking **Tasks** on the toolbar under the Configure Enclosures heading.



When the tasks completes and is successful, the text changes to green and its Progress column indicates 100%.

Procedure 17. Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify backup was successful	<p>Note: If the background task shows the backup failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of <code>pmaccli getBgTasks</code> should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks 2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4 sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum: 2 Server Identity: Physical Blade Location: Blade Enclosure: Blade Enclosure Bay: Guest VM Location: Host IP: Guest Name: TPD IP: Rack Mount Server: IP: Name: ::</pre>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Save the backup	<p>The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory:</p> <p><code>/var/TKLC/smac/backup</code>.</p>

Procedure 18. Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account

S T E P #	<p>This procedure changes the blade server iLO password for Administrator account for blade server in an enclosure.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Login	Log into PMAC as admusr using ssh.

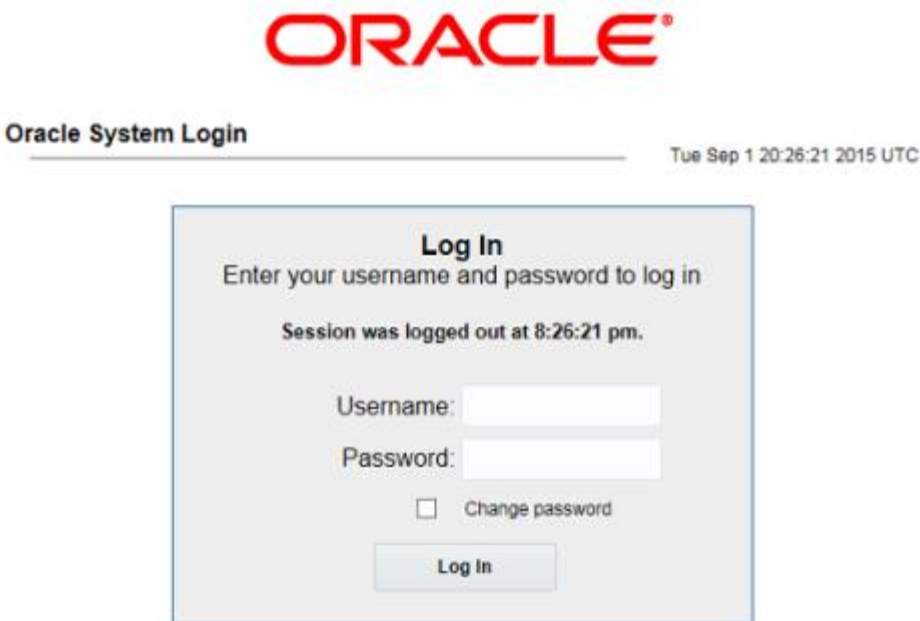
Procedure 18. Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Create xml file	<p>In the <code>/usr/TKLC/smac/html/public-configs</code> directory, create an xml file with information similar to the following example. Change the Administrator password field to a user-defined value.</p> <pre><RIBCL VERSION="2.0"> <LOGIN USER_LOGIN="admusr" PASSWORD="password"> <USER_INFO MODE="write"> <MOD_USER USER_LOGIN="Administrator"> <PASSWORD value="<new Administrator password>" /> </MOD_USER> </USER_INFO> </LOGIN> </RIBCL></pre> <p>Save this file as change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml.</p> <p>Change the permission of the file:</p> <pre>\$ sudo chmod 644 change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Shell: Login	<p>Log into the active OA using ssh as root user.</p> <pre>login as: root</pre> <pre>-----</pre> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <pre>-----</pre> <p>Firmware Version: 3.00</p> <p>Built: 03/19/2010 @ 14:13 OA</p> <p>Bay</p> <p>Number: 1 OA</p> <p>Role: Active</p> <p>admusr@10.240.17.51's password:</p> <p>If the OA role is not active, log into the other OA of the enclosure system.</p>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Shell: Run hponcfg command	<pre>> hponcfg all https://<pmac_ip>/public-configs/change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Shell: Check output	<p>Observe the output for any error messages and refer to the <i>HP Integrated Lights-Out Management Processor Scripting and Command Line Resource Guide</i> for troubleshooting.</p>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Shell: Logout	<p>Logout from the OA.</p>

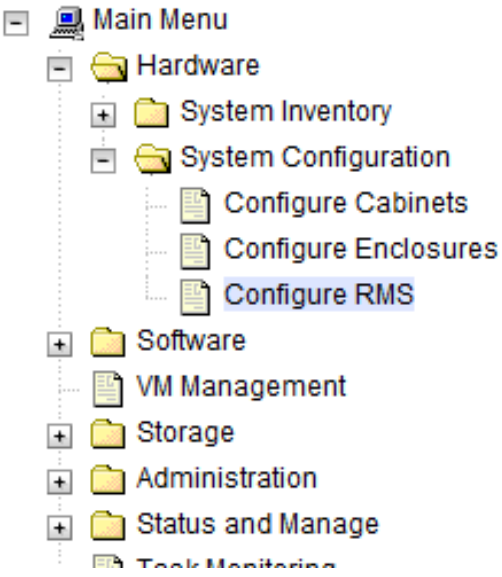
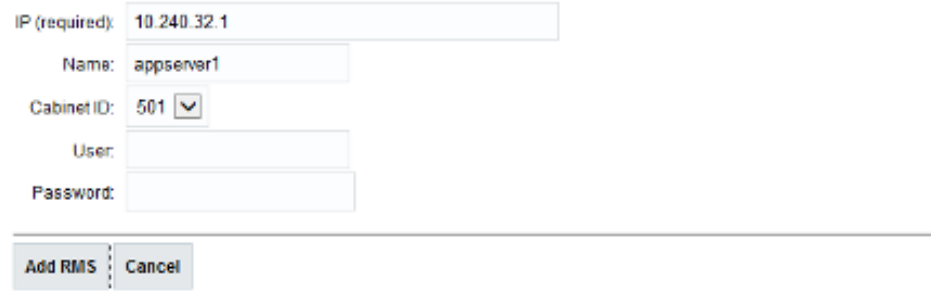
Procedure 18. Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Remove temporary file	<p>On the PMAC, remove the configuration file you created. This is done for security reasons so that no one can reuse the file:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/rm -rf /usr/TKLC/smac/html/public-configs/change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml</pre>
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4.6.1 Add PMAC Host Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory**Procedure 19. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory**

S T E P #		<p>This procedure adds a PMAC host rack mount server to the PMAC system inventory.</p> <p>Prerequisite: Complete Procedure 9.</p> <p>Note: You cannot edit the RMS iLO IP address. To change this address, delete and then add the RMS with the correct address.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
		<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>PMAC GUI: Login</p> <p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <pre>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></pre> <p>Login as <i>pmacadmin</i> user.</p> 

Procedure 19. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Configure RMS	<p>Navigate to Hardware > System Configuration > Configure RMS.</p> 
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Add RMS	Click Add RMS .
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Enter information	<p>Type the IP address of the rack mount server management port (iLO). All other fields are optional.</p> <p>Click Add RMS.</p> <p>Add a meaningful Name, if desired..</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]</p>  <p>Note: If the initial credentials provided by Oracle have been changed, enter valid credentials (not to be confused with OS or application credentials) for the rack mount server management port.</p>

Procedure 19. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

5. **PMAC GUI:**
☐ Check for errors

If no error is reported to the user, the following displays:

Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]

Info

Info

• RMS 10.240.32.1 was added to the system.

RMS Name

annservant

Or, an error message displays:

Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]

Error

Error

• Both the user and the password must be specified or neither.

Name:

Cabinet ID: ----- ▾

User:

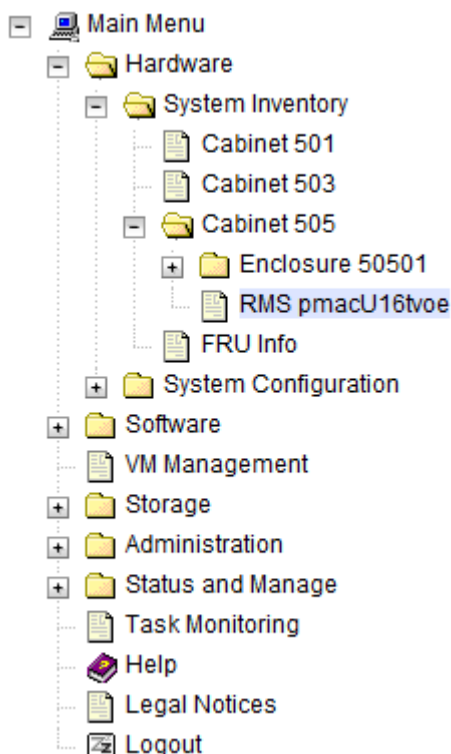
Password:

Add RMS Cancel

Procedure 19. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

6. **PMAC GUI:**
☐ Verify RMS discovered

Navigate to **Hardware > System Inventory > Cabinet xxx > RMS yyy** where **xxx** is the cabinet ID selected when adding RMS (or unspecified) and **yyy** is the name of the RMS.



Periodically, refresh the hardware information using the double arrow to the right of the Hardware Information title until the **Discovery State** changes from **Undiscovered** to **Discovered**. If **Status** displays an error, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for assistance.

Main Menu: Hardware -> System Inventory -> Cabinet 505 -> RMS pmacU16tvoe with IP 10.240.4.93
 Wed Sep 02 17:05:45 2015 UTC



Check RMS on **Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS**

Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS

4.7 Configure Enclosure Switches

If the enclosure switches used are Cisco 3020, execute Procedure 20.

If the switches used are HP 6120XG, execute Procedure 21.

If the enclosure switches used are HP6125G, execute Procedure 22.

If the enclosure switches used are HP6125XLG, execute Procedure 23.


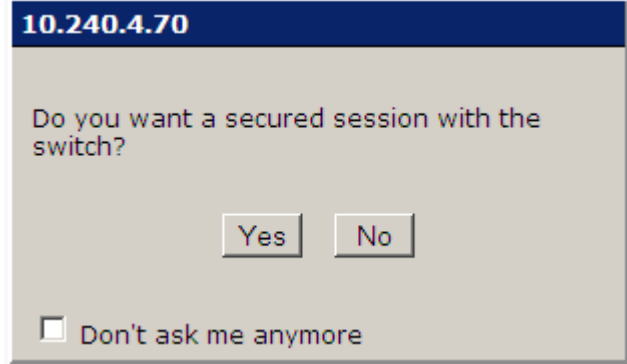
Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures 3020 switches from the PMAC server and the command line interface using templates included with an application.</p> <p>If the aggregation switches are supported by Oracle, then the Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F switches must be configured using section 4.3.2 Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switches (PMAC Installed) (netConfig). If the aggregation switches are provided by the customer, ensure the customer aggregation switches are configured as per requirements provided in the NAPD. If there is any doubt as to whether the aggregation switches are provided by Oracle or the customer, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p> <p>Make sure no IPM activity is occurring or will occur during the execution of this procedure.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP Misc firmware ISO image • Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] • Application specific documentation (documentation that referred to this procedure) • Template xml files in an application ISO on application media <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Prepare for switch configuration	<p>Log into PMAC with admusr credentials and run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify network connective to 3020 switches	<p>For each 3020 switch, verify network reachability.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <enclosure_switch_IP></pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Modify PMAC feature to allow TFTP	<p>Enable the DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT feature with the management role to allow tftp traffic:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm editFeature -- featureName=DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT --enable=1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm resetFeatures</pre> <p>Note: This may take up to 60 seconds to complete.</p>


Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify the template xml files exist	<p>Verify the initialization xml template file and configuration xml template file are present on the system and are the correct version for the system.</p> <p>Note: The XML files prepared in advance with the NAPD can be used as an alternative.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/more /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_init.xml</pre> <pre>\$ /bin/more /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_configure.xml</pre> <p>If either file does not exist, copy the files from the application media into the directory.</p> <p>If 3020_init.xml file exists, page through the contents to verify it is devoid of any site specific configuration information other than the device name. If the template file is appropriate, then skip step 5. and continue with step 6.</p> <p>If 3020_configure.xml file exists, page through the contents to verify it is the appropriate file for the this site and edited for this site. All network information is necessary for this activity. If the template file is appropriate, then skip step 5. and continue with step 6.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Modify 3020 xml files to configure the switch	<p>Update the 3020_init.xml and 3020_configure.xml files. When done editing the file, save and quit.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_init.xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_config.xml</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/OA GUI: Reset switch to factory defaults	<p>Note: Do not wait for the switch to finish reloading before proceeding to step 7.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the switch has been previously configured using netConfig or previous attempts at initialization have failed, use netConfig to reset the switch to factory defaults by executing this command: <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- device=<switch_name> setFactoryDefault</pre> 2. If the above command failed, use Internet Explorer to navigate to <enclosure_switch_ip_address>. If you are asked for a username and password, leave the username blank and use the appropriate password provided by the application documentation. Click OK. 3. If the Express Setup screen displays, click Refresh.

Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

		 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Catalyst Blade Switch 3020 Express Setup' web interface. It has a top bar with 'Refresh', 'Print', and 'Help' icons, and the Cisco logo. The main content is divided into two sections: 'Network Settings' and 'Optional Settings'. Network Settings: - Management Interface (VLAN ID): [] - IP Address: [][][][] Subnet Mask: 128.0.0.0 [v] - Default Gateway: 10.240.8.1 - Switch Password: [] Confirm Switch Password: [] Optional Settings: - Host Name: Switch - Telnet Access: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable - Telnet Password: [] Confirm Telnet Password: [] - SNMP: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable - SNMP Read Community: [] SNMP Write Community: [] - System Contact: [] System Location: [] At the bottom are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons.</p> <p>4. Click No if asked you want a secured session.</p>  <p>The dialog box has a blue header with the IP address '10.240.4.70'. The text asks 'Do you want a secured session with the switch?'. There are 'Yes' and 'No' buttons. At the bottom, there is a checkbox labeled 'Don't ask me anymore'.</p> <p>The new Catalyst Blade Switch 3020 Device Manager opens.</p> <p>5. Navigate to Configure > Restart/Reset.</p> <p>6. Click the Reset the switch to factory defaults . . . option and click Submit.</p>
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Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

		<div><div>Contents</div><ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Dashboard▼ Configure<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Port Settings■ Express Setup■ Restart / Reset▶ Monitor▶ Maintenance■ Network Assistant</div> <div><div>Restart / Reset</div><div><p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Restart the switch with its current settings.</p><p><input type="radio"/> Reset the switch to factory defaults, and then restart the switch.</p></div><div><div>Submit</div><div>Cancel</div></div></div>
<p>7. Click OK to reset to factory default settings.</p> <div><div>Windows Internet Explorer</div><div> The device will reset to its factory default settings and will delete its current IP address. Do you want to continue?</div><div><div>OK</div><div>Cancel</div></div></div>		

Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Remove old ssh key and initial switch	<p>To remove the old ssh key type:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/ssh-keygen -R <enclosure_switch_ip></pre> <p>The following command must be entered at least 60 seconds and at most 5 minutes after the previous step is completed.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_init.xml</pre> <p>Processing file: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_init.xml</p> <p>Waiting to load the configuration file... loaded.</p> <p>Attempting to login to device... Configuring....</p> <p>Note: This step takes about 10-15 minutes to complete, it is imperative that you wait until returned to the command prompt. DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL RETURNED TO THE COMMAND PROMPT.</p> <p>Check the output of this command for any errors. A successful completion of netConfig returns the user to the prompt. Due to strict host checking and the narrow window of time in which to perform the command, this command is prone to user error. Most issues are corrected by returning to the previous step and continuing. If this step has failed for a second time, stop the procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Reboot switch using netConfig	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name>reboot save=no</pre> <p>Wait 2-3 minutes for the switch to reboot. Verify it has completed rebooting and is reachable by pinging it.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping <enclosure_switch_IP></pre> <pre>From 10.240.8.48 icmp_seq=106 Destination Host Unreachable From 10.240.8.48 icmp_seq=107 Destination Host Unreachable From 10.240.8.48 icmp_seq=108 Destination Host Unreachable 64 bytes from 10.240.8.13: icmp_seq=115 ttl=255 time=1.13 ms 64 bytes from 10.240.8.13: icmp_seq=116 ttl=255 time=1.20 ms 64 bytes from 10.240.8.13: icmp_seq=117 ttl=255 time=1.17 ms</pre>

Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure switches	<p>Configure both switches by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_configure.xml</pre> <p>Processing file: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/3020_configure.xml</p> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <p>Note: This step takes 2-3 minutes to complete.</p> <p>Check the output of this command for any errors. If the file fails to configure the switch, please review/troubleshoot the file first. If troubleshooting is unsuccessful, stop this procedure and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>A successful completion of netConfig returns the user to the prompt.</p>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify switch configuration	<p>To verify the configuration was completed successfully, execute the following command and review the configuration:</p> <pre># sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig showConfiguration -- device=<switch_name></pre> <p>Configuration: = (</p> <p>Building configuration...</p> <p>Current configuration : 3171 bytes</p> <p>!</p> <p>! Last configuration change at 23:54:24 UTC Fri Apr 2 1993 by plat</p> <p>!</p> <p>version 12.2</p> <p><output removed to save space ></p> <pre>monitor session 1 source interface Gi0/2 rx monitor session 1 destination interface Gi0/1 encapsulation replicate end)</pre> <p>Return to step 4. and repeat for each 3020 switch.</p>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Modify PMAC feature to disable tftp	<p>Disable the DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT feature:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm editFeature -- featureName=DEVICE.NETWORK.NETBOOT --enable=0</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm resetFeatures</pre> <p>Note: This may take up to 60 seconds to complete.</p>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up switches	<p>Perform Appendix H.2 Back Up Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switch and/or Cisco 3020 Enclosure Switch (netConfig) for each switch configured in this procedure.</p>

Procedure 20. Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig)

13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Clean up FW file	Remove the FW file from the tftp directory. \$ sudo /bin/rm -f /var/TKLC/smac/image/<FW_image>
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Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures HP 6120XG switches from the PMAC server and the command line using templates included with an application.</p> <p>The HP 6120XG enclosure switch supports configuration of IPv6 addresses, but it does not support configuration of a default route for those IPv6 interfaces. Instead, the device relies on router advertisements to obtain default route(s) for those interfaces. For environments where IPv6 routes are needed (NTP, etc.), router advertisements need to be enabled either on the aggregation switch or customer network.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP Misc firmware ISO image • Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] • Application specific documentation (documentation that referred to this procedure) • Template xml files in an application ISO on application media <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Prepare for switch configuration	<p>If the aggregation switches are supported by Oracle, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1A_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1B_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch_mgmtVLAN_VIP></pre> <p>If the aggregation switches are provided by the customer, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify network connective to 6120XG switches	<p>For each 6120XG switch, verify network reachability.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <enclosure_switch_IP></pre>

Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/OA GUI: Reset switch to factory defaults	<p>If the 6120XG switch has been configured before this procedure, clear the configuration using the following command:</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh <username>@<enclosure_switch_IP></pre> <pre>Switch# config</pre> <pre>Switch(config)# no password all</pre> <pre>Password protection for all will be deleted, continue [y/n]? y</pre> <pre>Switch(config)# end</pre> <pre>Switch# erase startup-config</pre> <pre>Configuration will be deleted and device rebooted, continue [y/n]? y</pre> <p>(switch will automatically reboot, reboot takes about 120-180 seconds)</p> <p>Note: You may need to press Enter twice. You may also need to use previously configured credentials.</p> <p>If the above procedures fails, login using telnet and reset the switch to manufacturing defaults. If the above ssh procedures fails, login using telnet and reset the switch to manufacturing defaults.</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/telnet <enclosure_switch_IP></pre> <pre>Switch# config</pre> <pre>Switch(config)# no password all (answer yes to question)</pre> <pre>Password protection for all will be deleted, continue [y/n]? y</pre> <pre>Switch(config)# end</pre> <pre>Switch# erase startup-config</pre> <p>(switch will automatically reboot, reboot takes about 120-180 seconds)</p> <p>Note: The console connection to the switch must be closed, or the initialization fails.</p>
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Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Copy switch configuration template from the media to the tftp directory	Copy the switch initialization template and configuration template from the media to the tftp directory. <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6120XG_template_init.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6120XG_[single,LAG]Uplink_configure.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/TKLCnetwork-config-templates/templates/utility/addQOS_trafficTemplate_6120XG.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where [single,LAG] are variables for either one of two files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 6120XG_SingleUplink_configure.xml is for one uplink per enclosure switch topology • 6120XG_LAGUplink_configure.xml is for LAG uplink topology
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify template files are in the tftp directory	Verify the switch initialization template file and configuration file template are in the correct directory. <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i -l /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre> <pre>-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1955 Feb 16 11:36 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_template_init.xml</pre> <pre>-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1955 Feb 16 11:36 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_[single,LAG]Uplink_configure.xml</pre> <pre>-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 702 Sep 10 10:33 addQOS_trafficTemplate_6120XG.xml</pre>

Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Edit files for site specific information	<p>Edit the switch initialization file and switch configuration file template for site specific addresses, VLAN IDs, and other site specific content.</p> <p>Note: Note the files that are created in this step can be prepared ahead of time using the NAPD.</p> <p>Note: Move the addVlan commands above the configuration of the uplink so all VLANs, which should be allowed on the uplink, exist at the moment the setLinkAggregation command is executed.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_template_init.xml \$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_[single,LAG]Uplink_configuration.xml \$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/addQOS_trafficTemplate_6120XG.xml</pre> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <p>Note: For IPv6 configurations, IPv6 configuration for remote syslog is not currently supported on the HP6120XG switches. This function must be configured for IPv4.</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Apply include-credentials command to switch	<p>Log into the switch using SSH</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh <username>@<enclosure_switch_IP></pre> <pre>Switch# config Switch(config)# include-credentials</pre> <p>If prompted, answer yes to both questions.</p> <p>Logout of the switch.</p> <pre>Switch(config)# logout Do you want to log out [y/n]? y Do you want to save current configuration [y/n/^C]? y</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Initialize switch	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_template_init.xml</pre> <p>This could take up to 5-10 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>

Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure switch	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6120XG_[single,LAG]Uplink_configure.xml</pre> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <p>Note: This step takes 2-3 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS)</p>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Apply QoS traffic template settings	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/addQOS_trafficTemplate_6120XG.xml</pre> <p>Note: The switch reboots after this command. This step takes 2-5 minutes.</p> <p>If you receive the following:</p> <pre><!-- This file creates the 'egressDrop' traffic template on the 6120XG switches to set the egress-discard- threshold for queue 2 to medium. --> <!-- This ensures that packets are dropped (when necessary) on egress instead of ingress to avoid filling the transmit buffers and losing all traffic. --></pre> <p>Edit the template file:</p> <pre>\$ sudo vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/TKLCnetwork-config- templates/templates/utility/addQOS_trafficTemplate_6120XG.xml</pre> <p>Change configure to configure apiVersion="1.1"</p>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify configuration	<p>Once each HP 6120XG has finished rebooting, verify network reachability and configuration.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <enclosure_switch_IP> \$ /usr/bin/ssh <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP> <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP>'s password: <switch_platform_password> Switch# show run</pre> <p>Inspect the output of show run, and ensure it is configured as per site requirements.</p>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat	Repeat steps 3. through 11. for each HP 6120XG switch.
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up switches	Perform Appendix H.1 Back Up HP (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG,) Enclosure Switch for each switch configured in this procedure.

Procedure 21. Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig)

14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Clean up FW file	Remove the FW file from the tftp directory. \$ sudo /bin/rm -f ~<switch_backup_user>/<FW_image>
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Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures HP 6125G switches from the PMAC server and command line interface using templates included with an application.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application specific documentation (documentation that referred to this procedure) • Template xml files in an application ISO on application media <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Prepare for switch configuration	<p>If the aggregation switches are supported by Oracle, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1A_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1B_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch_mgmtVLAN_VIP></pre> <p>If the aggregation switches are provided by the customer, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify connectivity to OAs	<p>For each OA, verify network reachability.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <OA1_IP> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <OA2_IP></pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Determine active OA	<p>Log into OA1 to determine if it is active.</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh root@<OA1_IP></pre> <p>The OA is active if you see the following:</p> <p>Using username "root".</p> <p>-----</p> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <p>-----</p> <pre>Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 2 OA Role: Active</pre>

Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

	<pre> root@10.240.8.6's password: If you see the following, it is standby: Using username "root". ----- WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law. ----- Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 1 OA Role: Standby root@10.240.8.5's password: Press <ctrl> + C to close the SSH session. If OA1 has a role of Standby, verify OA2 is the active by logging into it: \$ /usr/bin/ssh root@<OA2_IP> Using username "root". ----- WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law. ----- Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 2 OA Role: Active root@10.240.8.6's password: In the following steps, OA means the active OA and <active_OA_IP> is the IP address of the active OA. Note: If neither OA reports active, STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS). Exit the ssh session. </pre>
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Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/OA GUI: Reset switch to factory defaults	<p>If the 6125G switch has been configured before this procedure, clear the configuration using the following command:</p> <pre>\$/usr/bin/ssh root@<active_OA_IP></pre> <p>Using username "root".</p> <p>-----</p> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <p>-----</p> <pre>Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 2 OA Role: Active root@10.240.8.6's password: <OA_password> > connect interconnect <switch_IOBAY_#> Press [Enter] to display the switch console:</pre> <p>Note: You may need to press Enter twice. You may also need to use previously configured credentials.</p> <pre><switch>reset saved-configuration The saved configuration file will be erased. Are you sure? [Y/N]:y Configuration file in flash is being cleared. Please wait ... MainBoard: Configuration file is cleared. <switch>reboot Start to check configuration with next startup configuration file, please wait.....DONE! This command will reboot the device. Current configuration will be lost, save current configuration? [Y/N]:n This command will reboot the device. Continue? [Y/N]: y The switch automatically reboots. This takes about 120-180 seconds. The switch reboot is complete when you see the following text: [...Output omitted...] User interface aux0 is available. Press ENTER to get started.</pre>
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Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

		<p>When the reboot is complete, disconnect from the console by pressing ctrl + shift + -, and then d.</p> <p>Note: If connecting to the virtual PMAC through the management server iLO, then follow Appendix C. Disconnect from the console by entering ctrl + v.</p> <p>Exit from the OA terminal:</p> <pre>>exit</pre> <p>Note: The console connection to the switch must be closed, or the initialization fails.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Copy template	<p>Copy switch initialization template and configuration template from the media to the tftp directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6125G_template_init.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6125G_Pair- <#>_configure.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify template files are in the tftp directory	<p>Verify the switch initialization template file and configuration file template are in the correct directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i -l /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre> <pre>-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1955 Feb 16 11:36 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125G_template_init.xml</pre> <pre>-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1955 Feb 16 11:36 /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125G_Pair-[#]_configure.xml</pre>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Edit files for site specific information	<p>Edit the switch initialization file and switch configuration file template for site specific addresses, VLAN IDs, and other site specific content.</p> <p>Note: Move the addVlan commands above the configuration of the uplink so all VLANs, which should be allowed on the uplink, exist at the moment the setLinkAggregation command is executed.</p> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125G_template_init.xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125G_Pair- <#>_configure.xml</pre> <p>Note: For IPv6 Configurations, IPv6 over NTP is NOT currently supported on the HP6125G switches. This function must be configured for IPv4.</p> <p>Note: Within the 6125G xml netConfig file, change this stanza to the value that represents your XMI VLAN ID:</p> <pre><option name="access">access</option></pre> <p>Example input:</p> <pre><option name="access">\$xmi_vlan_ID</option></pre>

Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Initialize switch	<p>Note: The console connection to the switch must be closed before performing this step.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125G_template_init.xml</pre> <p>This could take up to 5-10 minutes.</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify initialization	<p>Verify the initialization succeeded with the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig getHostname -- device=<switch_hostname></pre> <p>Hostname: <switch_hostname></p> <p>This could take up to 2-3 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify firmware	Execute Appendix L to verify the existing firmware version and downgrade if required.
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure switch	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/612G_Pair- <#>_configure.xml</pre> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <p>Note: This could take 2-3 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS)</p>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Add IPv6 default route (IPv6 network only)	<p>For IPv6 management networks, the enclosure switch requires an IPv6 default route to be configured.</p> <p>Apply the following command using netConfig:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name> addRoute network=::/0 nexthop=<mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>

Procedure 22. Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig)

13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify configuration	<p>Once each HP 6125G has finished rebooting, verify network reachability and configuration.</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <enclosure_switch_IP></pre> <pre>PING 10.240.8.10 (10.240.8.10) 56(84) bytes of data.64 bytes from 10.240.8.10:icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.637 ms64 bytes from 10.240.8.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.661 ms64 bytes from 10.240.8.10: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.732 m</pre> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP> <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP>'s password: <switch_platform_password> Switch_hostname> display current-configuration</pre> <p>Inspect the output to ensure it is configured as per site requirements.</p>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat	Repeat steps 4. through 13. for each HP 6125G switch.
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up switches	Perform Appendix H.1 Back Up HP (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG,) Enclosure Switch for each switch configured in this procedure.
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Clean up FW file	<p>Remove the FW file from the tftp directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/rm -f ~<switch_backup_user>/<FW_image></pre>

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures HP 6125XLG switches from the PMAC server and the command line interface using templates included with an application.</p> <p>Needed Material:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application specific documentation (documentation that referred to this procedure) • Template xml files in an application ISO on application media <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Prepare for switch configuration	<p>If the aggregation switches are supported by Oracle, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1A_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch1B_mgmtVLAN_address> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <switch_mgmtVLAN_VIP></pre> <p>If the aggregation switches are provided by the customer, log into the management server, then run:</p> <pre>\$ /bin/ping -w3 <mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify connectivity to OAs	For each OA, verify network reachability. \$ /bin/ping -w3 <OA1_IP> \$ /bin/ping -w3 <OA2_IP>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Determine active OA	<p>Log into OA1 to determine if it is active.</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh root@<OA1_IP></pre> <p>The OA is active if you see the following:</p> <p>Using username "root".</p> <hr/> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <hr/> <p>Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 2 OA Role: Active root@10.240.8.6's password:</p> <p>If you see the following, it is standby:</p> <p>Using username "root".</p> <hr/> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <hr/> <p>Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 1 OA Role: Standby root@10.240.8.5's password:</p> <p>Press <ctrl> + C to close the SSH session.</p> <p>If OA1 has a role of Standby, verify OA2 is the active by logging into it:</p> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh root@<OA2_IP></pre> <p>Using username "root".</p> <hr/> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <hr/> <p>Firmware Version: 3.70 Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53 OA Bay Number: 2</p>

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

		<p>OA Role: Active</p> <p>root@10.240.8.6's password:</p> <p>In the following steps, OA means the active OA and <active_OA_IP> is the IP address of the active OA.</p> <p>Note: If neither OA reports active, STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>Exit the ssh session.</p>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/OA GUI: Reset switch to factory defaults	<p>If the 6125XLG switch has been configured before this procedure, clear the configuration using the following command:</p> <pre>\$/usr/bin/ssh root@<active_OA_IP></pre> <p>Using username "root".</p> <hr/> <p>WARNING: This is a private system. Do not attempt to login unless you are an authorized user. Any authorized or unauthorized access and use may be monitored and can result in criminal or civil prosecution under applicable law.</p> <hr/> <p>Firmware Version: 3.70</p> <p>Built: 10/01/2012 @ 17:53</p> <p>OA Bay Number: 2</p> <p>OA Role: Active</p> <p>root@10.240.8.6's password: <OA_password></p> <p>> connect interconnect <switch_IOBAY_#></p> <p>Press [Enter] to display the switch console:</p> <p>Note: You may need to press Enter twice. You may also need to use previously configured credentials.</p> <pre><switch>reset saved-configuration</pre> <p>The saved configuration file will be erased. Are you sure? [Y/N]:y</p> <p>Configuration file in flash is being cleared.</p> <p>Please wait ...</p> <p>MainBoard:</p> <p>Configuration file is cleared.</p> <pre><switch>reboot</pre> <p>Start to check configuration with next startup configuration file, please</p> <p>wait.....DONE!</p> <p>This command will reboot the device. Current configuration will be lost, save</p> <p>current configuration? [Y/N]:n</p> <p>This command will reboot the device. Continue? [Y/N]: y</p>

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

		<p>The switch automatically reboots. This takes about 120-180 seconds. The switch reboot is complete when the switch begins the auto configuration sequence.</p> <p>When the reboot is complete, disconnect from the console by pressing ctrl + shift + -, and then d.</p> <p>Note: If connecting to the virtual PMAC through the management server iLO, then follow Appendix C. Disconnect from the console by entering ctrl + v.</p> <p>Exit from the OA terminal:</p> <pre>>exit</pre> <p>Note: The console connection to the switch must be closed, or the initialization fails.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Copy template	<p>Copy switch initialization template and configuration template from the media to the tftp directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6125XLG_template_init.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cp -i /<path to media>/6125XLG_configure.xml /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify template files are in the tftp directory	<p>Verify the switch initialization template file and configuration file template are in the correct directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i -l /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre> <pre>131195 -rw----- 1 root root 248 May 5 11:01 6125XLG_IOBAY3_template_init.xml</pre> <pre>131187 -rw----- 1 root root 248 May 5 10:54 6125XLG_IOBAY5_template_init.xml</pre> <pre>131190 -rw----- 1 root root 6194 Mar 24 15:04 6125XLG_IOBAY8-config.xml</pre> <pre>131189 -rw----- 1 root root 248 Mar 25 09:43 6125XLG_IOBAY8_template_init.xml</pre>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Edit files for site specific information	<p>Edit the switch initialization file and switch configuration file template for site specific addresses, VLAN IDs, and other site specific content.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125XLG_init.xml</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/vi /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125XLG_configure.xml</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Initialize switch	<p>Note: The console connection to the switch must be closed before performing this step.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/6125XLG_init.xml</pre> <p>This could take up to 5-10 minutes.</p>

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify initialization	<p>Verify the initialization succeeded with the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig getHostname -- device=<switch_hostname></pre> <p>Hostname: <switch_hostname></p> <p>Note: This could take 2-3 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure switch	<pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- file=/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/612XLG_configure.xml</pre> <p>Note: If the Command addVlan is deprecated message displays, it is expected and can be safely ignored.</p> <p>Note: This could take 2-3 minutes.</p> <p>Note: Upon successful completion of netConfig, the user returns to the PMAC command prompt. If netConfig fails to complete successfully, contact My Oracle Support (MOS)</p>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Add IPv6 default route (IPv6 network only)	<p>For IPv6 management networks, the enclosure switch requires an IPv6 default route to be configured.</p> <p>Apply the following command using netConfig:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name> addRoute network=::/0 nexthop=<mgmtVLAN_gateway_address></pre>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Verify configuration	<p>Once each HP 6125XLG has finished rebooting, verify network reachability and configuration.</p> <pre>PING 10.240.8.10 (10.240.8.10) 56(84) bytes of data.64 bytes from 10.240.8.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.637 ms64 bytes from 10.240.8.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.661 ms64 bytes from 10.240.8.10: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.732 m</pre> <pre>\$ /usr/bin/ssh <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP> <switch_platform_username>@<enclosure_switch_IP>'s password: <switch_platform_password> Switch_hostname> display current-configuration</pre> <p>Inspect the output to ensure it is configured as per site requirements.</p>
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Configure ports	<p>For HP 6125XLG switches connected by 4x1GE LAG uplink perform Utility procedure Appendix M; otherwise, for deployments with 10GE uplink, continue to the next step.</p>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat	Repeat steps 4. through 13. for each HP 6125XLG switch.

Procedure 23. Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig)

15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Set downlinks	For HP 6125XLG switches with 4x1GE uplink to customer switches, field personnel are expected to work with the customer to set their downlinks to the HP 6125XLG 4x1GE LAG to match speed and duplex set in step 13. For HP 6125XLG switches with 4x1GE LAG uplink to Cisco 4948/E/E-F aggregation switches, perform Appendix M to match speed and duplex settings from step 13. ; otherwise, for deployments with a 10GE uplink, continue to the next step.
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up switches	Perform Appendix H.1 Back Up HP (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG,) Enclosure Switch for each switch configured in this procedure.
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Clean up FW file	Remove the FW file from the tftp directory. <code>\$ sudo /bin/rm -f ~<switch_backup_user>/<FW_image></code>

4.8 Server Blades Installation Preparation**4.8.1 Upgrade Blade Server Firmware**

Software Centric Customers: If Oracle Consulting Services or any other Oracle Partner is providing services to a customer that includes installation and/or upgrade, then, as long as the terms of the scope of those services include that Oracle Consulting Services is employed as an agent of the customer (including update of Firmware on customer provided services), Oracle consulting services can install FW they obtain from the customer who is licensed for support from HP.

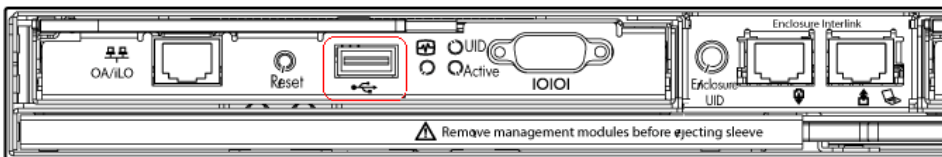
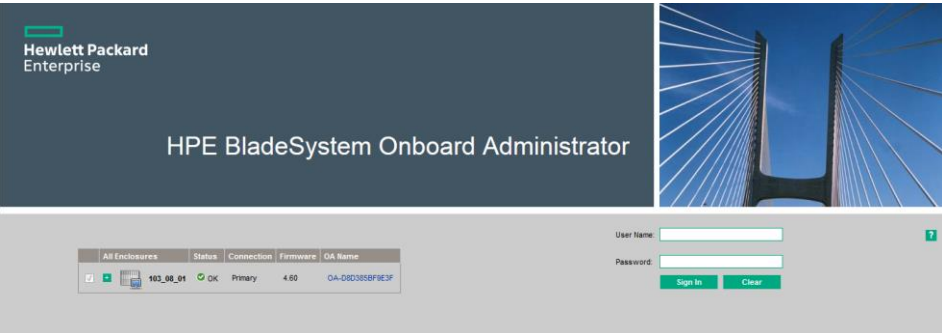
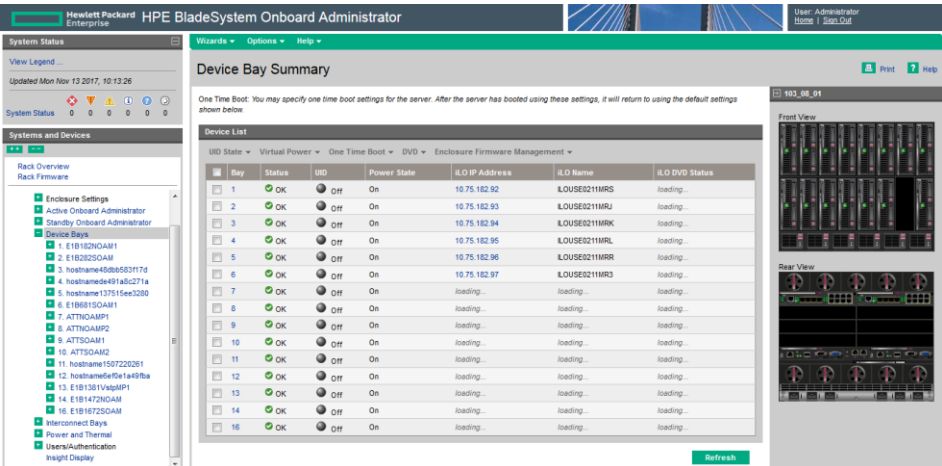
Note: This procedure uses a custom SPP version that cannot be obtained from the customer and, therefore, cannot be used for a Software Centric Customer. Software Centric Customers must ensure their firmware versions match those detailed in the *HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, Software Centric Release Notes* document.

The HP Support Pack for ProLiant installer automatically detects the firmware components available on the target server and only upgrades those components with firmware older than what is on the current ISO.

Procedure 24. Upgrade Blade Server Firmware

S T E P #	This procedure upgrades the firmware on the Blade servers. Needed Material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP) firmware ISO image • HP MISC firmware ISO image (for errata updates if applicable) • Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] • USB Flash Drive (4GB or larger and formatted as FAT32) Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
	1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Local Workstation: Copy image

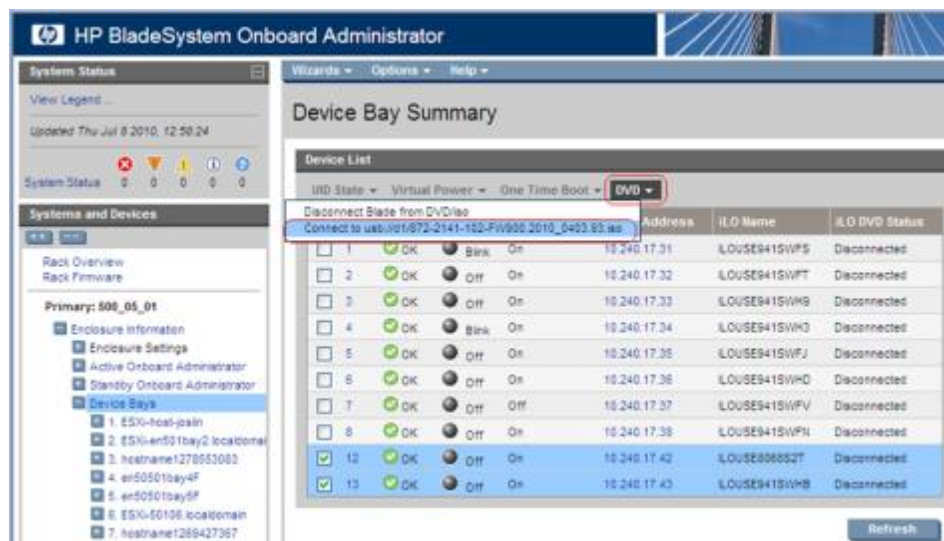
Procedure 24. Upgrade Blade Server Firmware

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Insert USB flash drive	<p>Insert the USB flash drive with the HP Support Pack for ProLiant ISO into the USB port of the active OA module.</p> 
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA GUI: Login	<p>Navigate to the IP address of the active OA, using Appendix I.</p> <p>Login as an administrative user.</p> 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Web GUI: Access the device summary page	<p>On the left pane, expand the Device Bays node to display the Device Bay Summary window.</p> <p>Select the individual blade servers to upgrade by clicking and enabling the corresponding checkbox next to the bay number of the blade servers.</p> <p>Note: A maximum of 8 blade servers can be upgraded concurrently at one time. If the c7000 enclosure has more than 8 blade servers, they need to be upgraded in multiple sessions.</p> 

Procedure 24. Upgrade Blade Server Firmware

5. **OA Web GUI:**
☐ Connect to USB drive

Connect the selected blade servers to the ISO on the USB Drive by clicking **Connect to USB** from the DVD menu.



The ISO media Device List table changes to indicate an iLO DVD Status as **Connected** for each selected blade.

Device List

UID State ▾ Virtual Power ▾ One Time Boot ▾ DVD ▾

<input type="checkbox"/>	Bay	Status	UID	Power State	iLO IP Address	iLO Name	iLO DVD Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	OK	Blink	On	10.240.17.31	ILOUSE941SWFS	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.32	ILOUSE941SWFT	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.33	ILOUSE941SWH9	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	OK	Blink	On	10.240.17.34	ILOUSE941SWH3	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.35	ILOUSE941SWFJ	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.36	ILOUSE941SWHD	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	OK	Off	Off	10.240.17.37	ILOUSE941SWFV	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.38	ILOUSE941SWFN	Disconnected
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.42	ILOUSE8068S2T	Connected
<input type="checkbox"/>	13	OK	Off	On	10.240.17.43	ILOUSE941SWHB	Connected

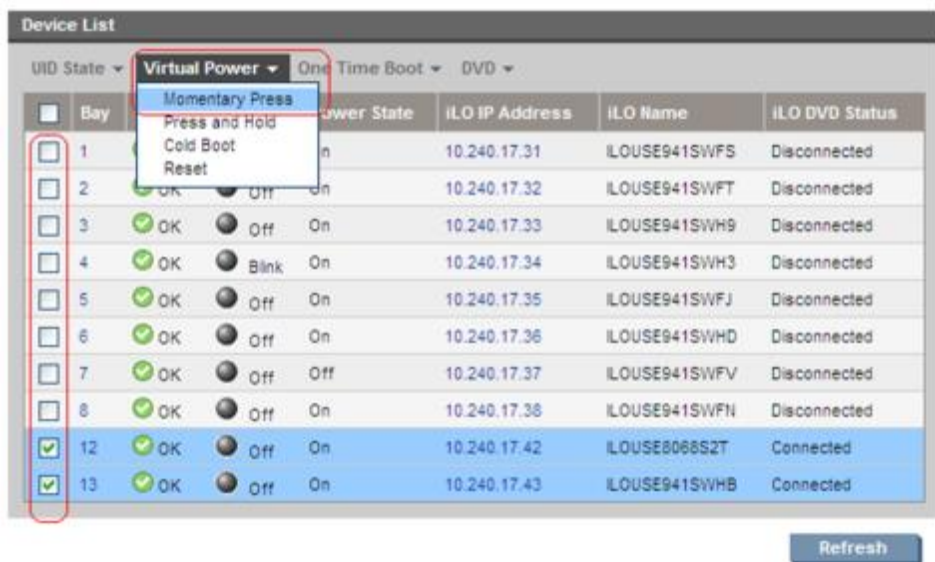
Refresh

Note: You may need to click **Refresh** to see the changed status of all blade servers.

Procedure 24. Upgrade Blade Server Firmware

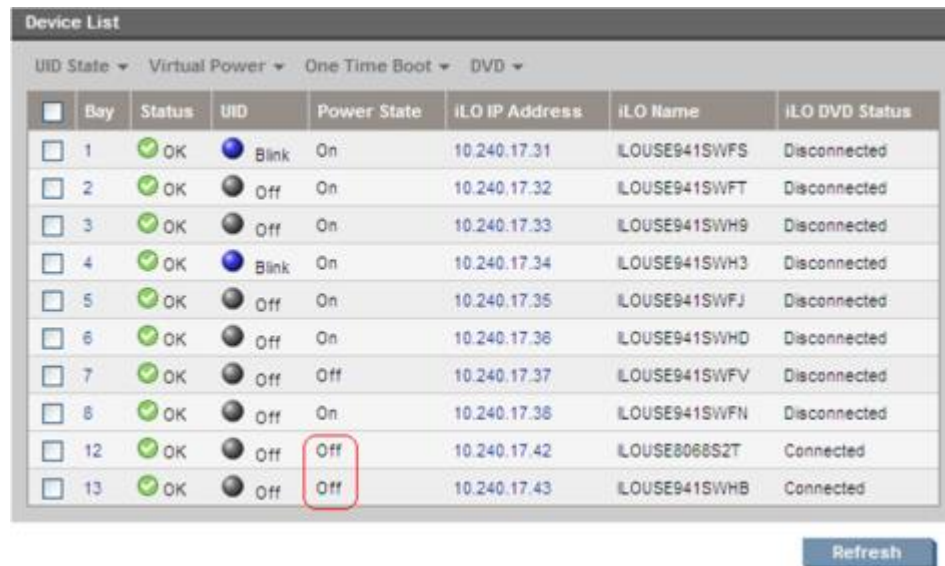
6. **OA Web GUI:**
☐ Power down blade servers

If needed, reselect the **UID** checkbox for each blade to be upgraded and select **Momentary Press** under the Virtual Power menu.



When asked, click **OK** to confirm the action.

The power down sequence can take several minutes to complete. When it completes, the Device List table indicates the Power State of each selected blade server as **Off**.

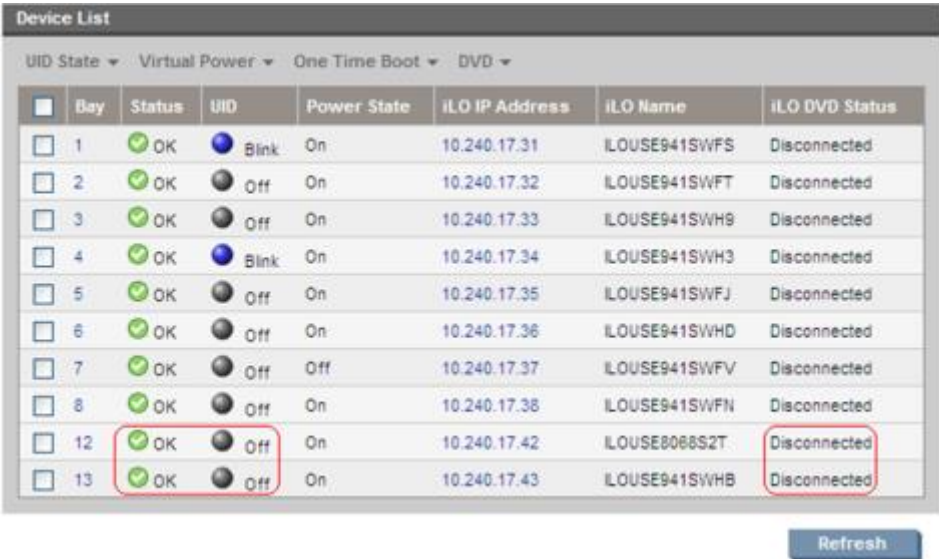


Note: You may need to click **Refresh** to see the changed status of all blade servers.

7. **OA Web GUI:**
☐ Initiate firmware upgrade

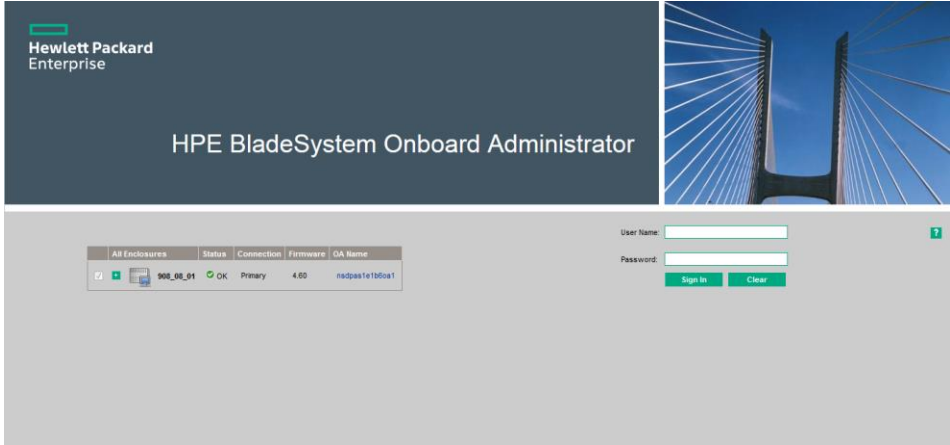
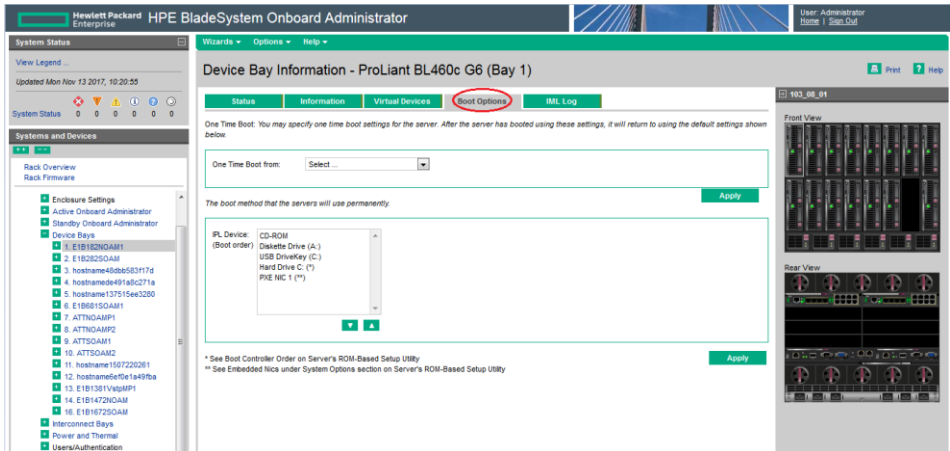
To power the blade servers back on and begin the automated firmware upgrade process, repeat step 6. and this time make sure the Power State indicates **On** for each selected blade server.

Procedure 24. Upgrade Blade Server Firmware

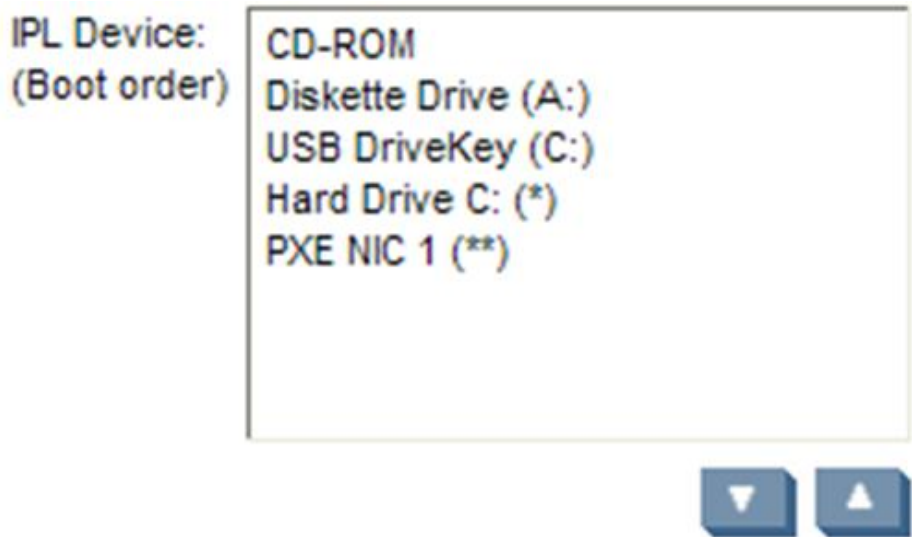
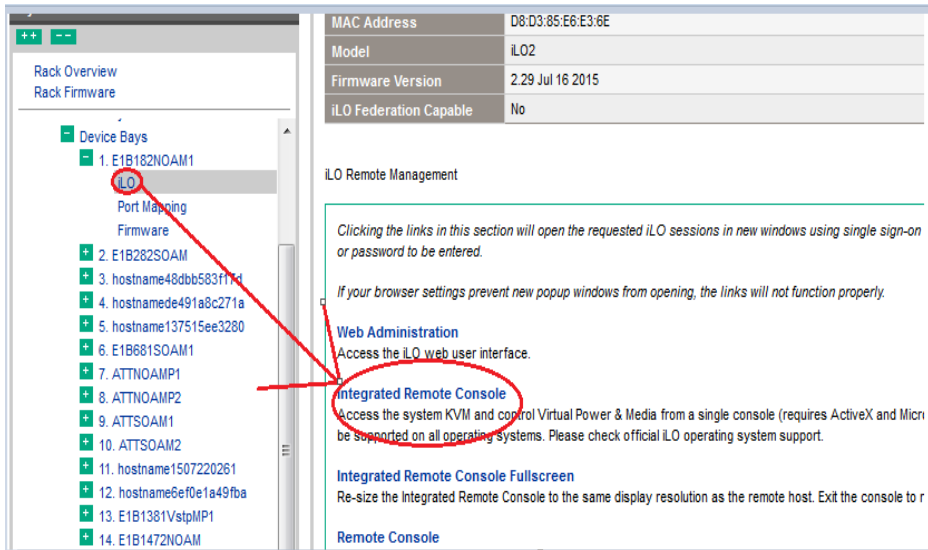
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA Web GUI: Monitor firmware upgrade	<p>Each blade server boots into an automated firmware upgrade process that lasts approximately 30 minutes. During this time, all feedback is provided through the UID lights. The UID light on a server blinks when firmware is actively being applied.</p> <p>The UID lights do not blink until the server fully boots and the firmware upgrades have started to be applied. If no upgrades are needed, the UID lights do not blink, but the server still reboots and the iLO DVD is disconnected after completion.</p>  <p>Upon a successful firmware upgrade, the Device List table lists each blade server with a Status of OK, UID of Off, and the iLO DVD Status as Disconnected. At this time, the blade servers automatically reboot.</p> <p>Note: Make sure all blade servers have disconnected before continuing. If any blade servers are still connected after their UIDs have stopped blinking and Status is OK, disconnect them manually by selecting Disconnect Blade from DVD/ISO from the DVD menu. If the UID light is solid, a failure has occurred during the firmware upgrade. Use the iLO's integrated remote console or a KVM connection to view the error.</p> <p>If necessary, repeat steps 1. through 8. for the remaining blades in the enclosure to be upgraded.</p> <p>Proceed to the next step.</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Remove USB flash drive	The USB flash drive may now safely be removed from the active OA module.
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Update Firmware Errata	<p>Check the Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] to see if there are any firmware errata items that apply to the server being upgraded.</p> <p>If there are firmware errata items that apply to the server being upgraded, there is a directory matching the errata's ID in the /errata directory of the HP MISC firmware ISO image. The errata directories contain the errata firmware and a README file detailing the installation steps.</p>

4.8.2 Confirm/Upgrade Blade Server BIOS Settings

Procedure 25. Confirm/Upgrade Blade Server BIOS Settings

S T E P #	<p>This procedure updates the BIOS boot order on blade servers. All servers should have SNMP disabled. Refer to Appendix B.</p> <p>For instructions on BIOS configuration for Gen9 blade or RMS, refer to Procedure 31.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active OA GUI: Login</p>	<p>Navigate to the IP address of the active OA, using Appendix I.</p> <p>Login as an administrative user.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active OA GUI: Navigate to device bay settings</p>	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Device Bays > <Blade1>.</p> <p>Click the Boot Options tabs.</p> 

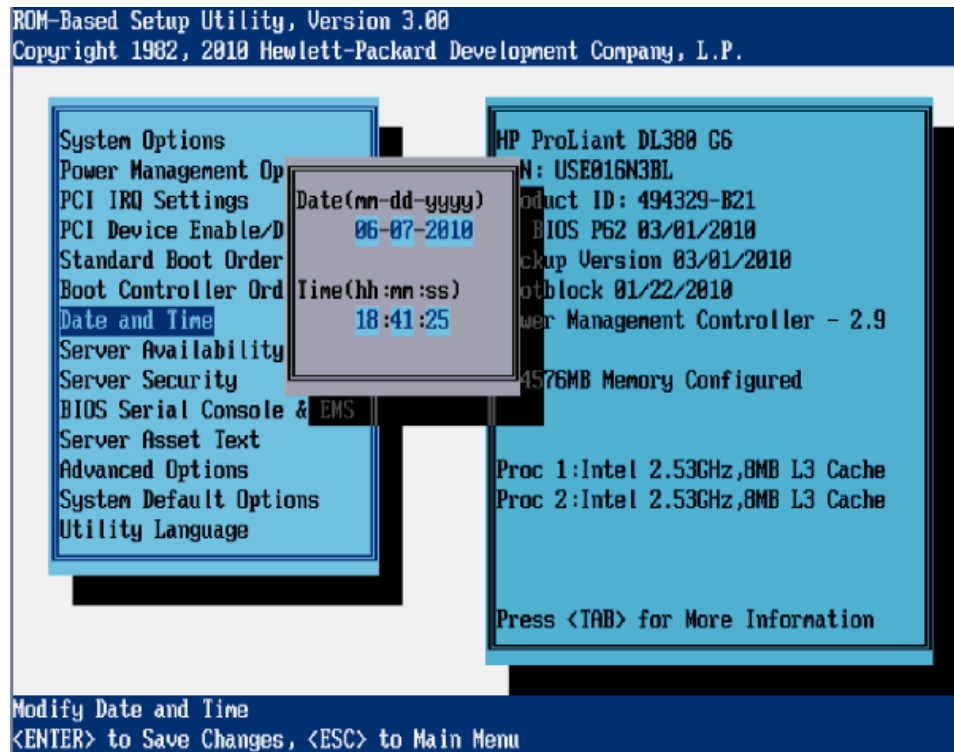
Procedure 25. Confirm/Upgrade Blade Server BIOS Settings

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA GUI: Verify/Update boot device order	<p>Verify the boot order is as follows. If it is not, use the up and down arrows to adjust the order to match the figure. Click Apply.</p> 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA: Access the blade iLO	<p>Navigate to Enclosure Information > Device Bays > <Blade1> > iLO. Click Integrated Remote Console.</p>  <p>This starts the iLO interface for that blade. If this is the first time the iLO is being accessed, you are asked to install an addon to your web browser. Follow the on screen instructions to do so.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA: Restart the blade server and access the BIOS	<p>Click Continue if a certificate security warning displays.</p> <p>Log into the blade server using the admusr username.</p> <p>Reboot the server using the reboot command and after the server is powered on, as soon as you see F9=Setup in the lower left corner of the screen. Press F9 to access the BIOS setup screen.</p>

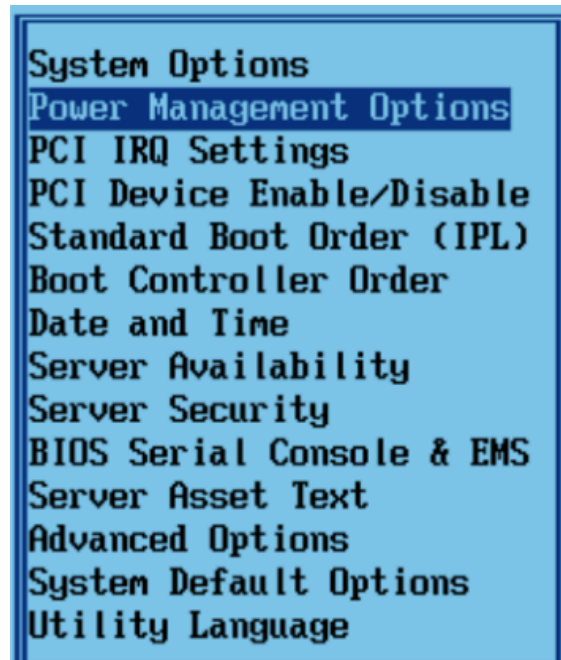
Procedure 25. Confirm/Upgrade Blade Server BIOS Settings

6. **OA:** Update BIOS settings

1. Select **Date and Time** and press **Enter**.
2. Set the current **date** and set the **time** to current UTC time. Press **Enter**.

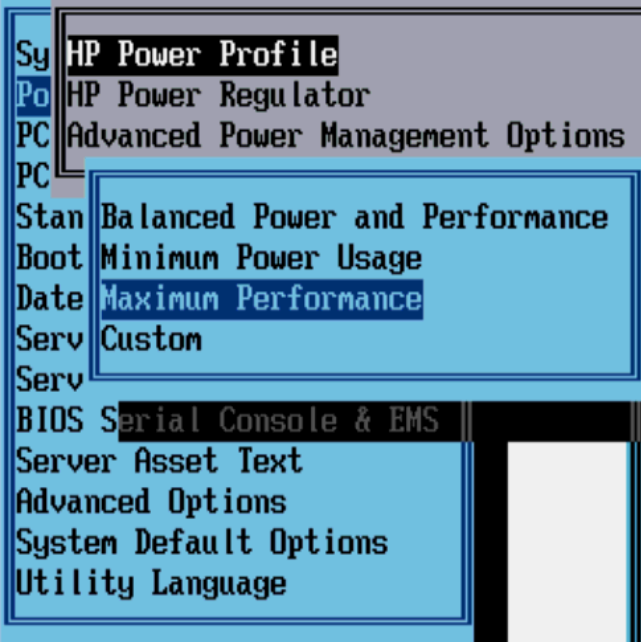


3. Press **Esc** to go back to the main menu. Select **Power Management Options** and press **Enter**.



4. Select **HP Power Profile** and press **Enter**.

Procedure 25. Confirm/Upgrade Blade Server BIOS Settings

		<p>5. Select Maximum Performance and press Enter.</p>  <p>6. Press Esc twice to return to the BIOS setup screen. Press F10 to confirm exiting the utility.</p> <p>The blade server reboots.</p>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat	Repeat procedure for remaining blade serves.

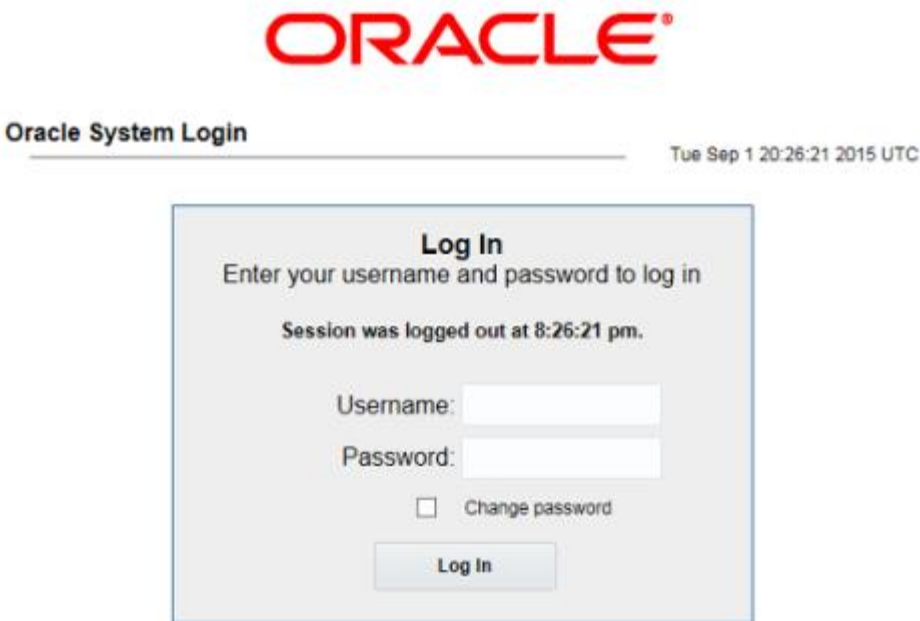
4.9 Install TVOE on Rack Mount Servers

This procedure is specific to RMS servers that are managed by PMAC and do not yet have a TVOE environment configured. It requires the RMS server be on the PMAC control network (that is, it is able to receive a DHCP IP address from PMAC on the 192.168.1.0 network).

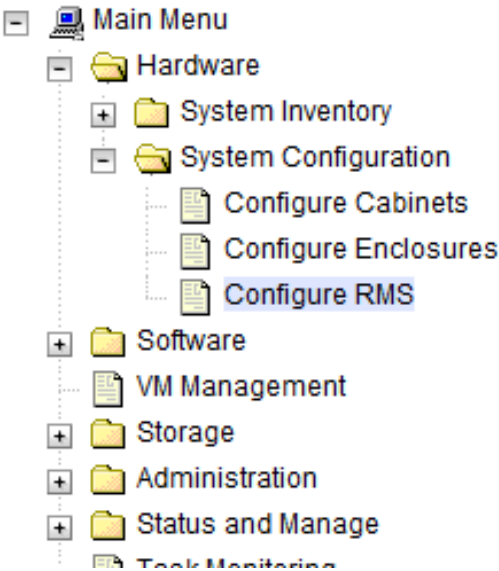
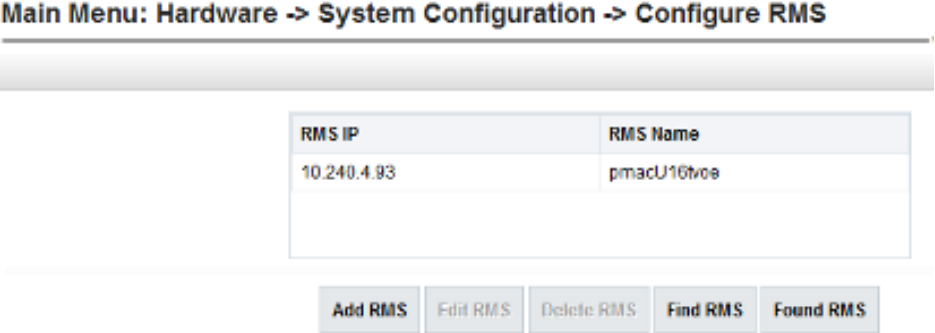
This is an IPM activity for a server that will be a virtual host.

4.9.1 Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

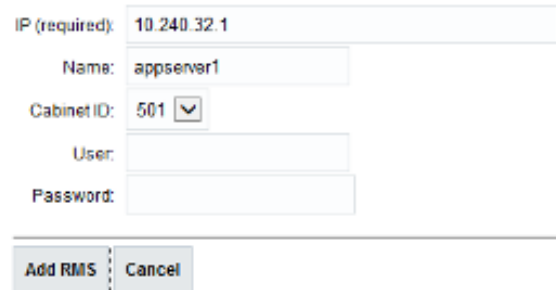
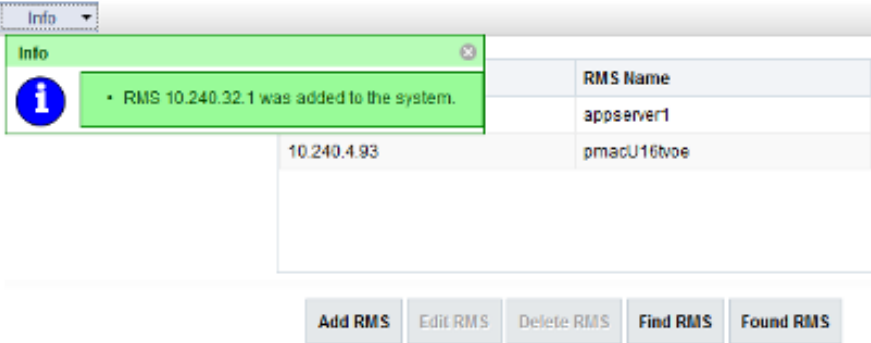
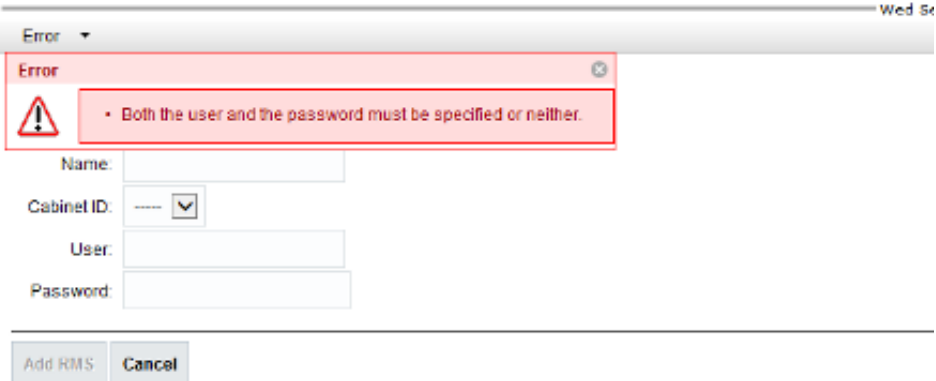
Procedure 26. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

STEP #	<p>This procedure adds a rack mount server to the PMAC system inventory.</p> <p>Prerequisite: Complete Procedure 9.</p> <p>Note: You cannot edit the RMS iLO IP address. To change this address, delete and then add the RMS with the correct address.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>PMAC GUI: Configure cabinet (optional)</p>	<p>If this is a RMS installation only or a cabinet has not been previously configured, perform steps 2. through 5. of Procedure 17 Add Cabinet and Enclosure to the PMAC System Inventory to add one or more cabinets.</p>

Procedure 26. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Configure RMS	<p>Navigate to Hardware > System Configuration > Configure RMS.</p> 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Add RMS	<p>Click Add RMS.</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS</p> 

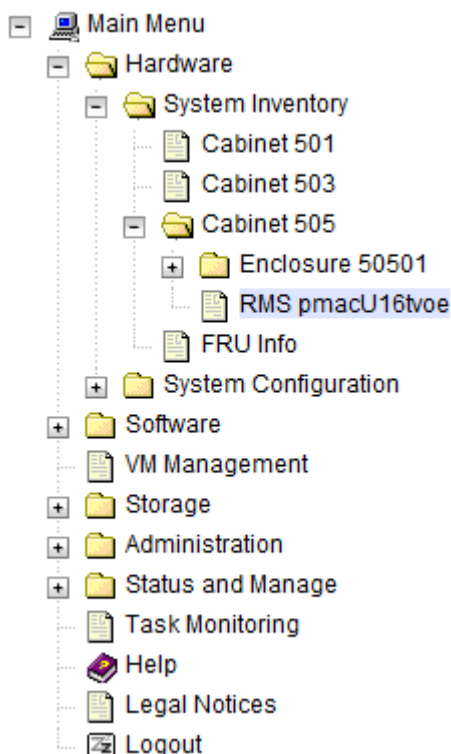
Procedure 26. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Enter information	<p>Enter the IP address of the rack mount server management port (iLO). All other fields are optional.</p> <p>Click Add RMS.</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]</p>  <p>Note: If the initial credentials provided by Oracle have been changed, enter valid credentials (not to be confused with OS or application credentials) for the rack mount server management port.</p>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Check for errors	<p>If no error is reported to the user, the following displays:</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]</p>  <p>Or, an error message displays:</p> <p>Main Menu: Hardware -> System Configuration -> Configure RMS [Add RMS]</p> 

Procedure 26. Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory

7. **PMAC GUI:**
☐ Verify RMS discovered

Navigate to **Hardware > System Inventory > Cabinet xxx > RMS yyy** where **xxx** is the cabinet ID selected when adding RMS (or unspecified) and **yyy** is the name of the RMS.



Periodically refresh the hardware information using the double arrow to the right of the Hardware Information title until the **Discovery State** changes from **Undiscovered** to **Discovered**. If **Status** displays an error, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for assistance.

Main Menu: Hardware -> System Inventory -> Cabinet 505 -> RMS pmacU16tvoe with IP 10.240.4.93
 Wed Sep 02 17:05:45 2015 UTC



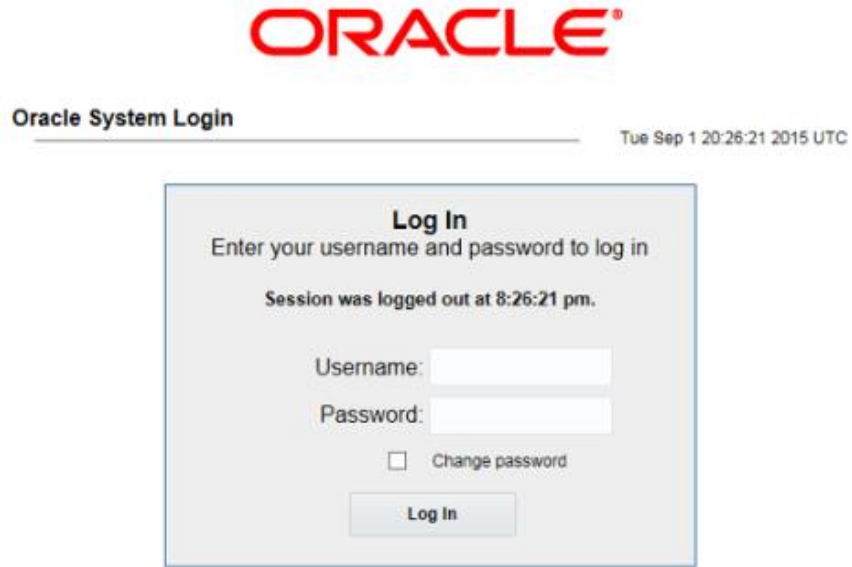
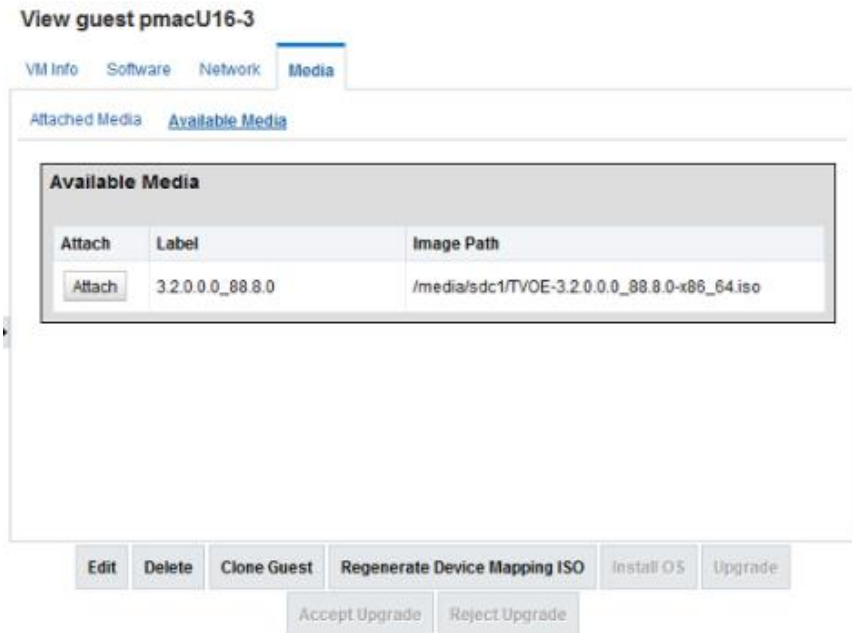
4.9.2 Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository

If the Rack Mount Server (RMS) or blade server is to be configured as a TVOE hosting application guest, then execute this procedure using the applicable TVOE ISO as the image to add.

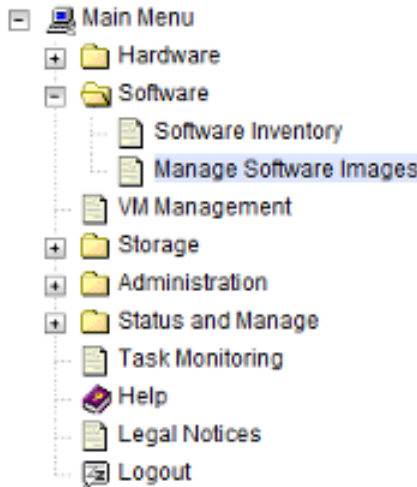
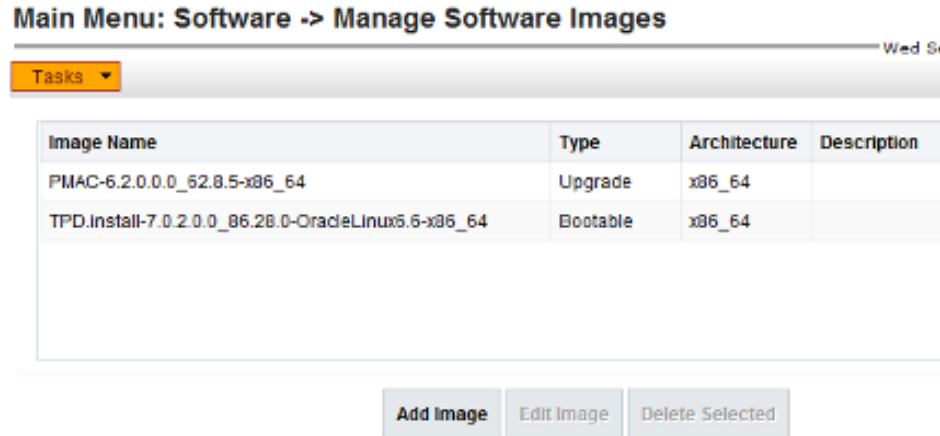
Procedure 27. Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository

S T E P #	<p>This procedure adds ISO images to the PMAC system inventory.</p> <p>Note: You cannot edit the RMS iLO IP address. To change this address, delete and then add the RMS with the correct address.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Make image available to PMAC	<p>There are two ways to make an image available to PMAC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attach the USB device containing the ISO image to a USB port of the management server. • Use sftp to transfer the iso image to the PMAC server in the /var/TKLC/smac/image/isoimages/home/smacftpusr/ directory as pmacftpusr user: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cd into the directory where your ISO image is located (not on the PMAC server) • Using sftp, connect to the PMAC management server as the pmacftpusr user. If using IPv6, shell escapes around the IPv6 address may be required. <pre>> sftp pmacftpusr@<pmac_management_network_ip> > put <image>.iso</pre> • After the image transfer is 100% complete, close the connection <pre>> quit</pre> <p>Refer to the documentation provided by application for the pmacftpusr password.</p>

Procedure 27. Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository

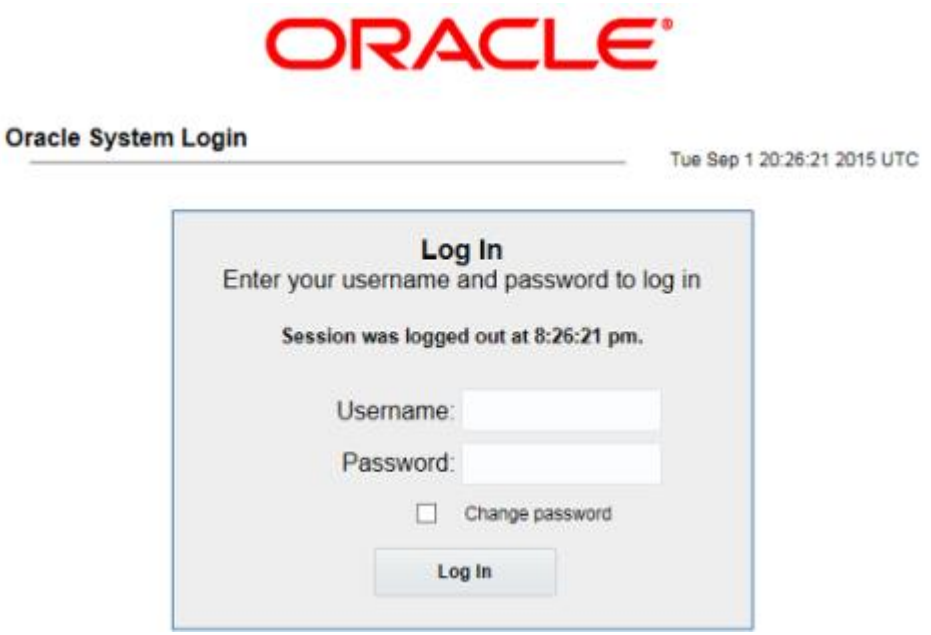
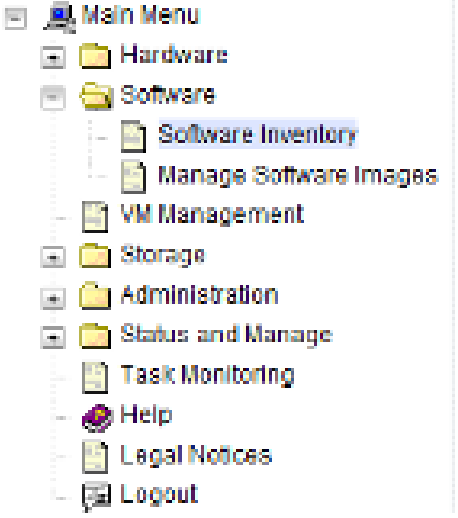
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Login	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the Oracle System Login page. At the top is the Oracle logo in red. Below it, the text 'Oracle System Login' is on the left and 'Tue Sep 1 20:26:21 2015 UTC' is on the right. In the center is a light blue box with the title 'Log In'. Inside this box, it says 'Enter your username and password to log in' and 'Session was logged out at 8:26:21 pm.' Below this are two input fields: 'Username:' and 'Password:'. There is a checkbox labeled 'Change password' and a 'Log In' button at the bottom of the box.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Attach software image to the PMAC guest	<p>If in step 1. the ISO image was transferred directly to the PMAC guest using sftp, skip the rest of this step and continue with step 4. If the image is on a USB device, continue with this step.</p> <p>In the PMAC GUI, navigate to VM Management. In the VM Entities list, select the PMAC guest. On the resulting View VM Guest screen, select the Media tab.</p> <p>Under the Media tab, find the ISO image in the Available Media list, and click its Attach button. After a pause, the image displays in the Attached Media list.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the 'View guest pmacU16-3' page in the PMAC GUI. It has tabs for 'VM Info', 'Software', 'Network', and 'Media', with 'Media' selected. Under the 'Media' tab, there are two sub-tabs: 'Attached Media' and 'Available Media', with 'Available Media' selected. A table titled 'Available Media' is shown with three columns: 'Attach', 'Label', and 'Image Path'. The table contains one row with an 'Attach' button, the label '3.2.0.0.0_88.8.0', and the image path '/media/sdc1/TVOE-3.2.0.0.0_88.8.0-x86_64.iso'. Below the table are several buttons: 'Edit', 'Delete', 'Clone Guest', 'Regenerate Device Mapping ISO', 'Install OS', 'Upgrade', 'Accept Upgrade', and 'Reject Upgrade'.</p>

Procedure 27. Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository

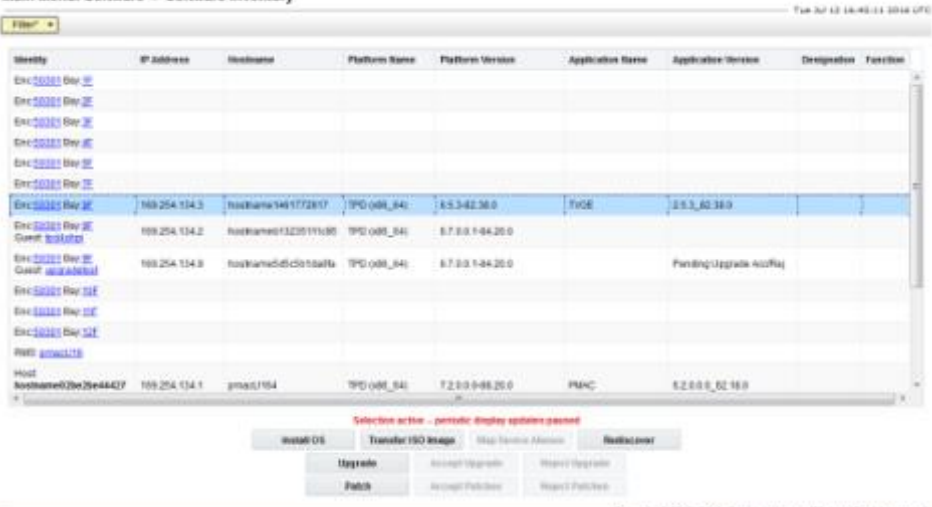
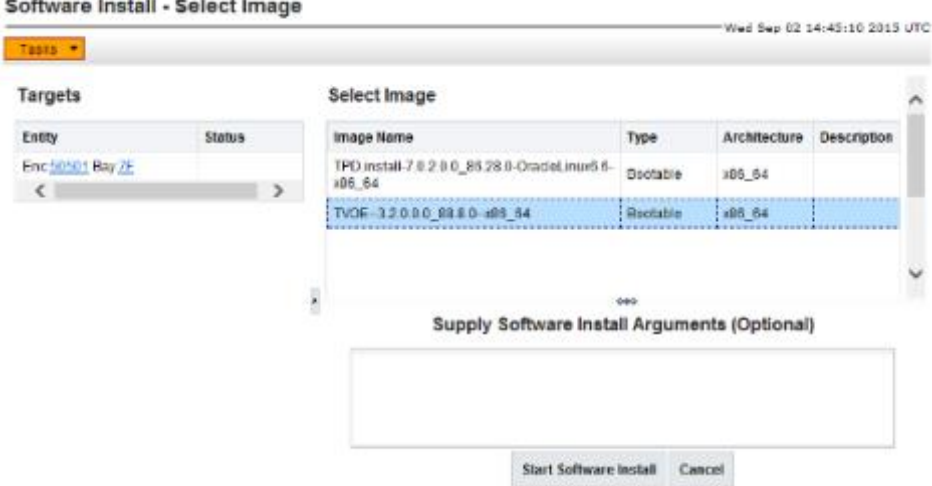
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Manage software image	<p>Navigate to Software > Manage Software Images.</p> 
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Add image	<p>Click Add Image.</p> 
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Select image	<p>Select an image to add:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If in step 1. the image was transferred to PMAC using sftp, it displays in the list as a /var/TKLC/... local file.• If the image was supplied on a USB drive, it displays as a virtual device (device://...). These devices are assigned in numerical order as USB images become available on the management server. The first virtual device is reserved for internal use by TVOE and PMAC; therefore, the iso image of interest is normally present on the second device, device://dev/sr1. If one or more USB-based images is already present on the management server before you started this procedure, select a correspondingly higher device number. <p>Enter an image description and click Add New Image.</p>

4.9.3 IPM Servers Using PMAC Application

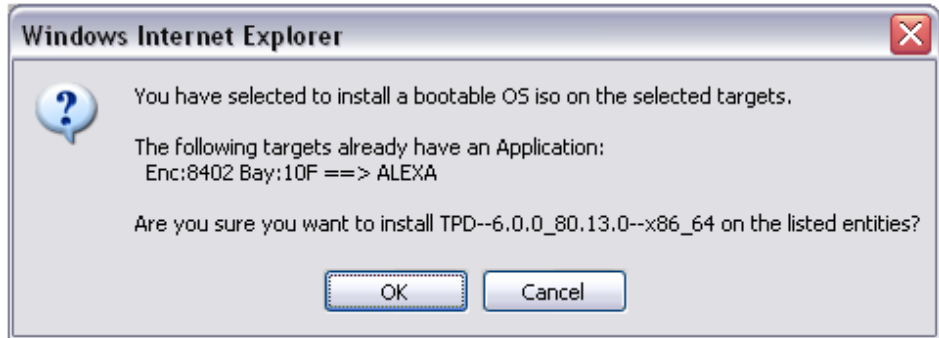

Procedure 28. IPM Servers Using PMAC Application

S T E P #	<p>This procedure installs TPD or TVOE using an image from the PMAC image repository.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>PMAC GUI: Manage software inventory</p>	<p>Navigate to Software > Software Inventory.</p> 

Procedure 28. IPM Servers Using PMAC Application

3.	PMAC GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Select servers	<p>Select the servers you want to IPM. If you want to install the same OS on more than one server, you may select multiple servers by selecting multiple rows. Selected rows are highlighted in green.</p> <p>Main Menu: Software → Software Inventory</p>  <p>Click Install OS.</p>
4.	PMAC GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Select image	<p>The left side of the screen displays the servers to be affected by the OS installation. From the list of available bootable images on the right side of the screen, select the OS image to install on the selected servers.</p> <p>Software Install - Select Image</p> 
5.	PMAC GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Supply install arguments (optional)	<p>Enter Installation arguments by entering them into the textbox displayed under the list of bootable images. These arguments are appended to the kernel line during the IPM process. If no install arguments are needed for the OS, leave the install arguments textbox empty.</p> <p>Note: The valid arguments for a TPD IPM are listed in <i>TPD Initial Product Manufacture Software Installation Procedure</i>.</p>

Procedure 28. IPM Servers Using PMAC Application

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Start installation	Click Start Install .
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Confirm OS installation	<p>Click OK to proceed with the installation.</p> 
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Monitor install OS	<p>Navigate to Task Monitoring to monitor the progress of the Install OS background task. A separate task displays for each server affected.</p>  <p>When the task completes, the text changes to green and its Progress column indicates 100%. Make sure the correct image name displays in the Status column.</p> <p>Repeat this procedure for additional RMSs with appropriate data.</p>


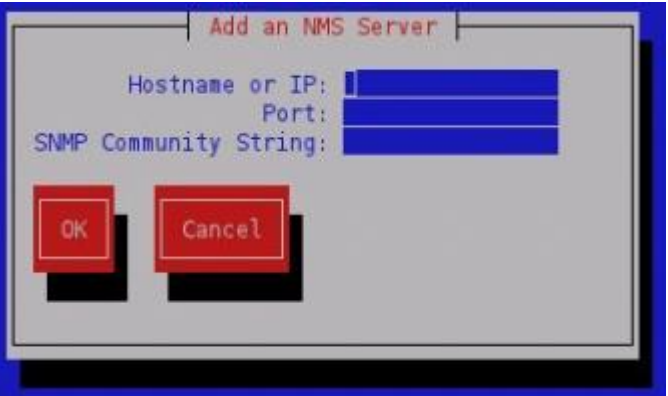
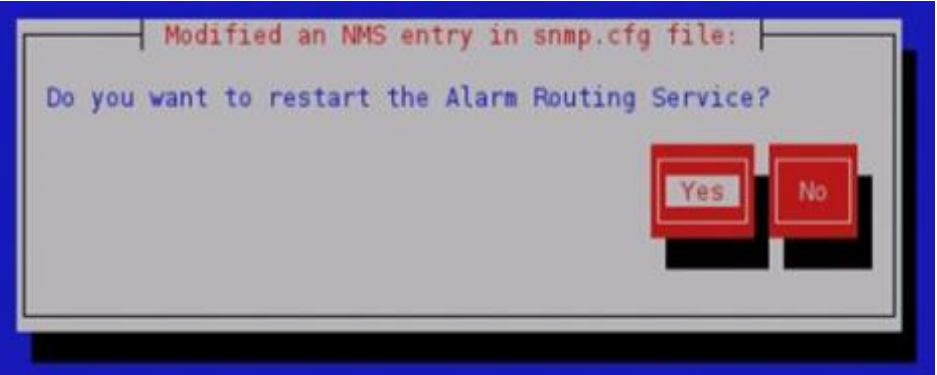
4.9.4 Add SNMP Trap Destination on TPD-Based Application

The application is responsible for the configuration of the SNMP trap destination.

Procedure 29. Add SNMP Trap Destination on TPD-Based Application

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures a SNMP trap destination to a server running on TVOE based on TPD. All alarm information is sent to the NMS located at the destination.</p> <p>Note: Refer to section 3.3 SNMP Configuration.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Login as platcfg user on the server.

Procedure 29. Add SNMP Trap Destination on TPD-Based Application

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Navigate to Network Configuration > SNMP Configuration >NMS Configuration .
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Click Edit.</p> 
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Click Add a New NMS Server and enter data about the SNMP trap destination. Click OK.</p>  <p>Refer to section 3.3 SNMP Configuration for SNMP trap destination recommendations.</p>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Click Exit and then Yes to restart the Alarm Routing Service.</p>  <p>Exit platcfg by clicking Exit on each menu until platcfg has been exited.</p>

4.10 Install TVOE on Blade Servers

Install the TVOE hypervisor platform on blade servers. Perform sections 4.9.2 Add ISO Images to the PMAC Image Repository and 4.9.3 IPM Servers Using PMAC Application to install TVOE on a blade server.

Appendix A. Initial Product Manufacture of RMS and Blade Server

Appendix A.1 Set Server’s CMOS Clock

The date and time in the server’s CMOS clock must be set accurately before running the IPM procedure. There are a number of different ways to set the server’s CMOS clock.

Note: The IPM installation process managed by PMAC for blade servers automatically sets the server’s CMOS clock, so there is no need to set the server CMOS clock when using PMAC.

Appendix A.2 Configure BIOS Settings

Follow these steps to configure HP DL380 server BIOS settings for supported models of Gen8 and Gen9 servers.

Procedure 30. Configure HP DL380 RMS Server BIOS Settings


S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures HP DL380 server BIOS settings for supported models of Gen8 and Gen8 servers.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Access BIOS setting	<p>Reboot the server and after the server is powered on, press F9 when asked to access the ROM-Based Setup Utility.</p>  <p>Figure 3. HP CIOS Setup</p>

Figure 3. HP CIOS Setup

Procedure 30. Configure HP DL380 RMS Server BIOS Settings

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select Date and Time	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Set the server date and time to UTC (Coordinated Universal Time). Press ESC to navigate to the main menu.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select Server Availability	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Change Automatic Power-On to Restore Last Power State. Change Power-On Delay to No Delay. Press ESC to navigate to the main menu.
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select System Options	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select Processor Options. Change Intel Virtualization Technology to Enabled. Press ESC to return to System Options. Select Serial Port Options. Change Embedded Serial Port to COM2. Change Virtual Serial Port to COM1. Press ESC to navigate to the main menu.
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Save and Exit	Press F10 to save and exit from the ROM-Based Setup Utility.

Procedure 31. Configure HP Gen9 RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings

S T E P #	<p>The HP Gen9 systems can have UEFI boot enabled. Since TPD is configured to use the Legacy BIOS option, both blade and rack mount Gen9 servers should have their BIOS settings checked before IPM. Rack mount servers should also have the iLO serial port configured at this time. Directions for both settings are provided in this procedure.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
	1. <input type="checkbox"/>	If this is a rack mount server, connect via a VGA monitor and USB keyboard. If a blade server is being configured, use the iLO Integrated Remote Console.
	2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Reboot/reset the server.
	3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Press F9 to access the System Utilities menu when <F9 System Utilities> displays in the lower left corner of the screen.
	4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the System Configuration menu.
	5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) menu.
	6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the Boot Options menu.

Procedure 31. Configure HP Gen9 RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	If the Boot Mode is not Legacy BIOS mode, press Enter to open the BIOS mode menu; otherwise, skip to step 9.
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select Legacy BIOS Mode .
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Press Esc once to back out to the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) menu. If a blade server is being configured, skip to step 17. ; otherwise, continue with next step.
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the System Options menu and select the Serial Port Options menu.
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Change Embedded Serial Port to COM2 .
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Change Virtual Serial Port to COM1 .
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Press <Esc> twice to back out to the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) menu.
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the Server Availability menu.
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Set Automatic Power-On to Restore Last Power State .
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Set Power-On Delay to No Delay and press Esc once to back out to the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) menu.
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select the Power Management menu.
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	Set HP Power Profile to Maximum Performance . Press Esc once to back out to the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) menu.
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Press F10 to save the updated settings, then y to confirm the settings change.
20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Press Esc twice to back out to the System Utilities menu.
21. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select Reboot the System and press Enter to confirm.

Appendix A.3 OS IPM Installation for HP Rack Mount Servers

Insert the IPM installation media into the system. Installation begins by resetting (or power cycling) the system so the BIOS can find and boot from the IPM installation media. The reboot steps are different for the different rack mount servers.

Note: You can either configure an IP address on the iLO/iLOM and access the console using the iLO/iLOM, or use the VGA monitor and keyboard. You can also use the remote media function of the iLO/iLOM to access to the installation media.

Procedure 32. Install OS IPM for HP Rack Mount Servers

S T E P #	This procedure prepares the server for IPM procedures.	
	Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Insert media	Insert the OS IPM media (CD/DVD or USB) into the CD/DVD tray/USB slot of the application server.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Power cycle the server	Press and hold the power button until the button turns amber, then release. Wait 5 seconds and press the power button. Release it again to power on the system.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select boot method	For some servers, you must select a boot method so that the server does not boot directly to the hard drive. Press F11 when asked to bring up the boot menu and select the appropriate boot method.

Appendix A.4 IPM Command Line Procedures

Procedure 33. Install OS IPM for HP Rack Mount Servers

S T E P #	This procedure installs the OS IPM.	
	Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Perform media check (optional)	If media has not been previously verified, perform a media check now. Refer to Appendix A.6.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Enter TPD command	Figure 4 shows a sample output screen indicating the initial boot from the install media was successful. The information in this screen output is representative of TPD 7.0.0.0.0.

Procedure 33. Install OS IPM for HP Rack Mount Servers

```

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Welcome to Teklaec Platform Distribution!
Release: 7.0.0.0_06.11.0
Arch: x86_64

For a detailed description of all the supported commands and their options,
please refer to the Initial Platform Manufacture document for this release.
In addition to linux & rescue TPD provides the following kickstart profiles:

[ TPD : TPDnoraaid : TPDblade : TPDcompact : HDD ]

Commonly used options are:

[ console=<console_option>[,<console_option>] ]
[ primaryConsole=<console_option> ]
[ rdate=<server_ip> ]
[ scrub ]
[ reserved=<size>[,<sizeN>] ]
[ diskconfig=HWRRAID[,force] ]
[ drives=<device>[,<device>] ]
[ guestArchive ]

To install using a monitor and a local keyboard, add console=tty0

boot: _

```

Figure 4. Boot from Media Screen, TPD 7.0.0.0.0

Note: Based on the deployment type, either TPD or TVOE can be installed.

The command to start the installation is dependent upon several factors, including the type of system, knowledge of whether an application has previously been installed or a prior IPM install failed, and what application will be installed.

Note: Text case is important and the command must be typed exactly.

IPM the server by entering the TPD command at the boot prompt. An example command to enter is:

```
TPDnoraaid console=tty0 diskconfig=HWRRAID,force
```

After entering the command to start the installation, the Linux kernel loads as shown in Figure 5.

```

please refer to the Initial Platform Manufacture document for this release.
In addition to linux & rescue TPD provides the following kickstart profiles:

[ TPD : TPDnoraaid : TPDblade : TPDbladeraid : TPDnocons : I1280sol : HDD ]

Commonly used options are:

[ console=<console_option>[,<console_option>] ]
[ rdate=<server_ip> ]
[ scrub ]
[ reserved=<size>[,<sizeN>] ]
[ diskconfig=HPC6[,force] ]
[ drives=<device>[,<device>] ]

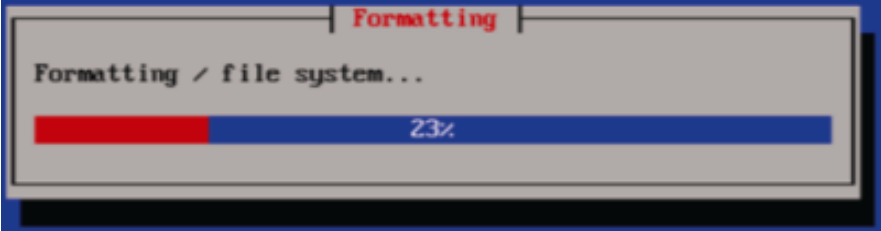
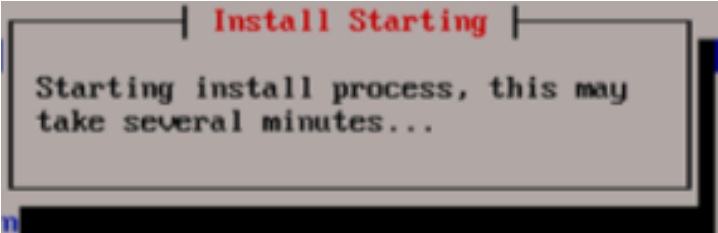
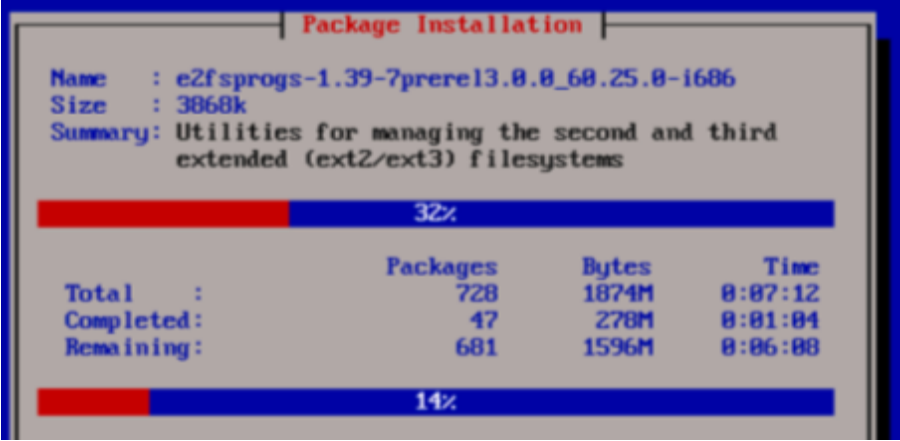
To install using a monitor and a local keyboard, add console=tty0

boot: TPD
Loading vmlinuz.....
Loading initrd.img.....
.....
Ready.

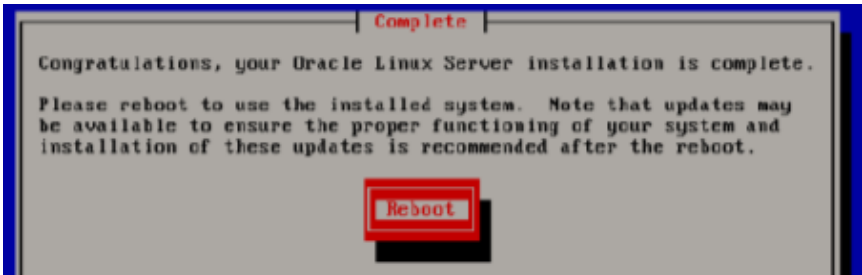
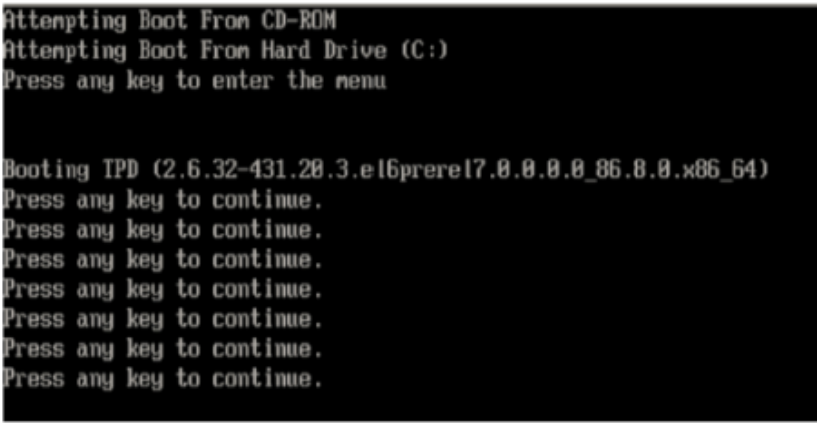
```

Figure 5. Kernel Loading Output

Procedure 33. Install OS IPM for HP Rack Mount Servers

	<p>After a few seconds, additional messages begin scrolling by on the screen as the Linux kernel boots, and then the drive formatting and file system creation steps begin:</p>  <p>Figure 6. File System Creation Screen</p> <p>Once the drive formatting and file system creation steps are complete, a screen similar to Figure 7 displays indicating the package installation step is about to begin.</p>  <p>Figure 7. Package Installation Screen</p> <p>Once Figure 7 displays, it may take several minutes before anything changes. After a few minutes, a screen similar to Figure 8 displays showing the status of the package installation step. For each package, there is a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you the text statistics indicate the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number remaining, and current and projected time estimates.</p>  <p>Figure 8. Installation Statistics Screen</p>
--	---

Procedure 33. Install OS IPM for HP Rack Mount Servers

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Reboot the system	<p>Once all the packages have been successfully installed, a screen similar to Figure 9 displays, letting you know the installation process is complete. Remove the installation media (DVD or USB key) and press Enter to reboot the system.</p> <p>Note: It is possible the system will reboot several times during the IPM process. No user input is required if this occurs.</p>  <p>Figure 9. Installation Complete Screen</p> <p>After a few minutes, the server boot sequence starts and eventually displays that it is booting the new IPM load.</p>  <p>Figure 10. Boot Loader Output</p> <p>A successful IPM platform installation process results in a user login prompt.</p>
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Appendix A.5 Post Installation Processing**Procedure 34. Post Installation Health Check**

S T E P #	This procedure runs a system health check after installing the OS. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Login	<p>Login as syscheck user and the system health check runs automatically.</p> <p>This checks the health of the server and prints an OK if the tests passed, or, a descriptive error of the problem if anything failed. The Figure 11 shows a successful run of syscheck where all tests pass indicating the server is healthy.</p>

Procedure 34. Post Installation Health Check

```

Oracle Linux Server release 6.5
Kernel 2.6.32-431.28.3.el6prere17.8.8.8_86.8.8.x86_64 on an x86_64

Server login: syscheck
Password:
Last login: Fri Sep 26 09:53:06 on tty1
Running modules in class disk...
                                OK

Running modules in class hardware...
                                OK

Running modules in class net...
                                OK

Running modules in class proc...
                                OK

Running modules in class system...
                                OK

Running modules in class upgrade...
                                OK

LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log

```

Figure 11. Successful Syscheck Output

Since an NTP server is not normally configured at this point, syscheck may fail due to the NTP test as shown in Figure 12. The error is acceptable and can be ignored.

```

hostname1307389642 login: syscheck
Password:
Last login: Mon Jun  6 15:49:26 from localhost
Running modules in class system...
                                OK

Running modules in class hardware...
                                OK

Running modules in class proc...
*      ntp: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000000200 -- Server NTP
onized
*      ntp: FAILURE:: ntp is not synchronized.
One or more module in class "proc" FAILED

Running modules in class disk...
                                OK

LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log

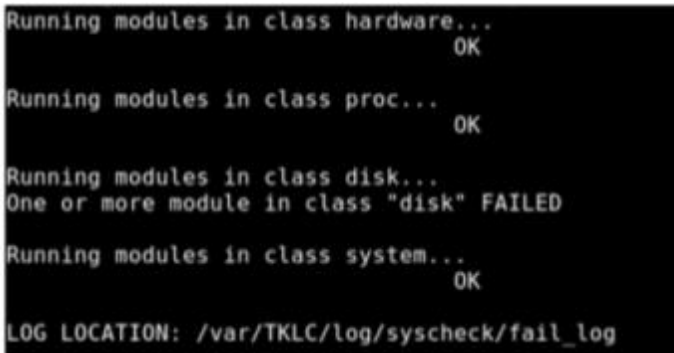
CentOS release 5.5 (Final)
Kernel 2.6.18-194.32.1.el5prere15.0.0_72.11.0 on an x86_64

hostname1307389642 login: █

```

Figure 12. Syscheck Output with NTP Error

Procedure 34. Post Installation Health Check

		<p>Figure 13 indicates a disk failure in one of the syscheck tests. If the server is using software disk mirroring (RAID1), the syscheck disk test fails until the disks have synchronized. The amount of time required to synchronize the disks varies with disk speed and capacity. Continue executing the system check every 5 minutes (by logging in as syscheck to run syscheck again) until the health check executes successfully as shown in Figure 11. If the disk failure persists for more than two (2) hours, or if system check returns any other error message besides a disk failure or the NTP error shown in Figure 12, do not continue. Contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and report the error condition.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Figure 13. Syscheck Disk Failure Output</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Verify IPM	<p>Verify that the IPM completed successfully by logging in as admusr and running the verifyIPM command. No output is expected. Contact My Oracle Support (MOS) if any output is printed by the verifyIPM command.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/verifyIPM</pre>

Appendix A.6 Media Check

Media check only works on CDs/DVDs. Validate USB media when it is created since the validation steps depend on how it was created.

Procedure 35. Post Installation Health Check

S T E P #	<p>This procedure verifies and validates media.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Appendix A.3 to automatically boot from the DVD or USB IPM media.

Procedure 35. Post Installation Health Check

2. ☐ The screen output shown in Figure 14 indicates the initial boot from DVD is successful. Enter the command `linux mediacheck` and press **Enter**.

```

Copyright (C) 2003, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Welcome to Tekelec Platform Distribution!
Release: 7.0.0.0_06.11.0
Arch: x86_64
For a detailed description of all the supported commands and their options,
please refer to the Initial Platform Manufacture document for this release.
In addition to linux & rescue TPD provides the following kickstart profiles:

[ TPD | TPDnoraaid | TPDblade | TPDcompact | HDD ]

Commonly used options are:

[ console=<console_option>[,<console_option>] ]
[ primaryConsole=<console_option> ]
[ rdate=<server_ip> ]
[ scrub ]
[ reserved=<size>[,<sizeM>] ]
[ diskconfig=HWRaid[,force] ]
[ drives=<device>[,device] ]
[ guestArchive ]

To install using a monitor and a local keyboard, add console=tty0

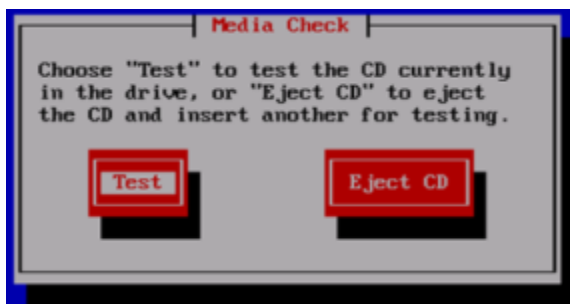
```

Figure 14. Media Check Command

3. ☐ Select **OK**.

**Figure 15. Media Test Screen**

4. ☐ Select **Test** to begin testing the currently installed media.

**Figure 16. Media Check**

Procedure 35. Post Installation Health Check

5. ☐ If the media check is successful, Figure 17 displays. Select **OK**.

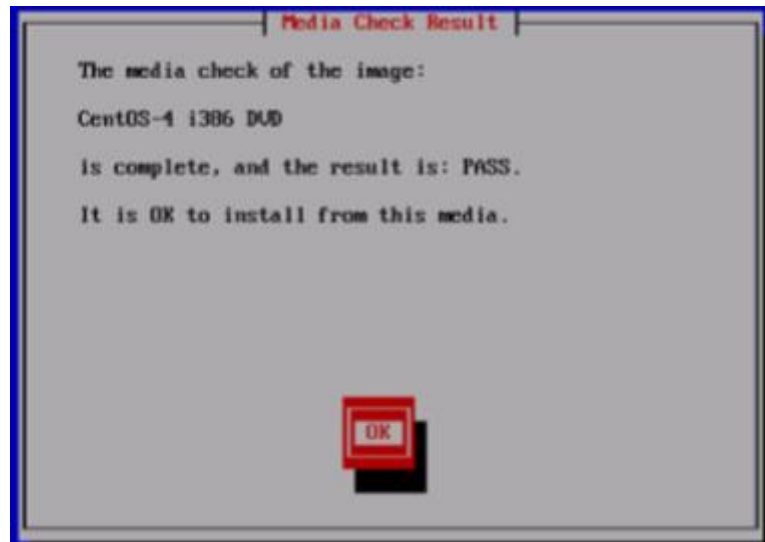


Figure 17. Media Check Result

6. ☐ To test additional media, remove original media, insert new media, select **Test**. If no additional media needs to be checked and the media check passed, remove the current media, insert the original media (first disk or USB pen), and select **Continue** to continue with the installation.


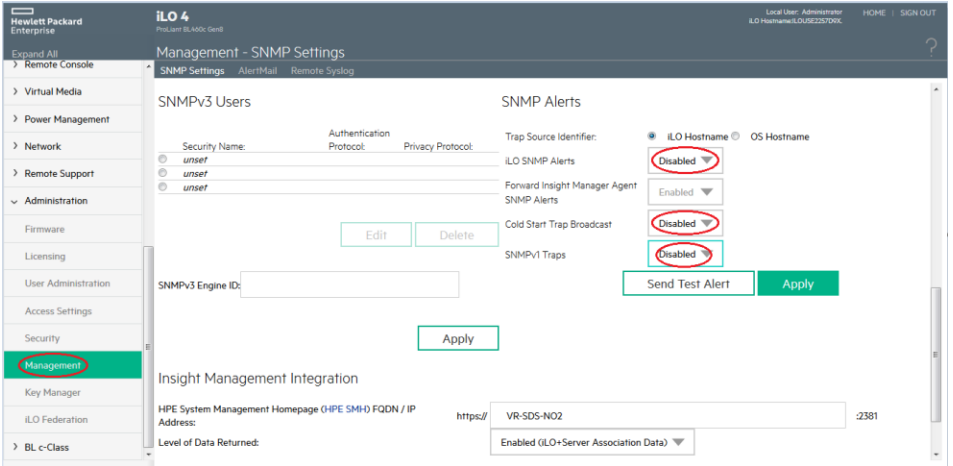


Figure 18. Media Check Continuation

Appendix B. Change SNMP Configuration Settings for iLO

Perform this procedure for every iLO4 device on the network. For instance, for every HP ProLiant Blade and rack mount server.

Procedure 36. Access a Remote Server Console

S T E P #	<p>This procedure changes the default SNMP settings for the HP ProLiant iLO device.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Workstation: Open browser and login</p>	<p>Open a browser and connect to the iLO 4 device using https://.</p> <p>Log into the GUI using an Administrator account name and password.</p> 
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>iLO 4 Web UI: Disable SNMP alerts</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Administration > Management. 2. Select Disabled for each SNMP alert and click Apply.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Verify the setting changes by navigating away from the Management screen and returning to it to verify the SNMP settings are the same. 4. Repeat this procedure for all remaining iLO 4 devices on the network.

Appendix C. Access a Server Console Remotely Using iLO

Procedure 37. Access a Remote Server Console Using iLO

S T E P #	<p>This procedure accesses a server console remotely.</p> <p>Needed Material: <iLO_admin_user> is the privileged username for HP iLO access.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Access the iLO/ILOM GUI	<p>Using a laptop or desktop computer connected to the customer network, navigate with Internet Explorer to the IP address of the iLO/ILOM of the Management Server.</p> <p>Click Continue to this website (not recommended) if prompted.</p> <p>Log into the iLO as the <iLO_admin_user>.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Open the remote console window	<p>Click the Remote Console tab and select Remote Console to open the remote console in a new window.</p> <p>If prompted, click Continue on the Security Warning screen.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Log into the console	<p>In the Remote Console window, log into the console as the admusr.</p> <pre> Login as: admusr Password: Last login: Fri Oct 6 17:52:28 2017 [admusr@tvo ~]\$ </pre>

Appendix D. Install NetBackup Client on TVOE Server (Optional)

This optional procedure includes all information necessary to install the NetBackup software on the TVOE host. This must be done after the Aggregate Switches are properly configured. This procedure assumes all necessary NetBackup network configuration has been completed from 4.1 Configure and IPM the Management Server.

Note: Once the NetBackup Client is installed on TVOE, the NetBackup Master should be configured to back up the following files from the TVOE host:

```
/var/TKLC/bkp/*.iso
```

Procedure 38. Set Up and Install NetBackup Client

S T E P #	<p>If NetBackup is configured on this system, this procedure sets up and installs the NetBackup Client on a TVOE host.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Server: Login	Login as the admusr user.

Procedure 38. Set Up and Install NetBackup Client

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Server: Open firewall ports	<p>Open firewall ports for NetBackup using the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo ln -s /usr/TKLC/plat/share/netbackup/60netbackup.ipt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/iptables</pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/iptablesAdm reconfig</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Server: Enable platcfg	<p>Enable platcfg to show the NetBackup Menu Items by executing the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBConfig</pre> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBInit</pre> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBDeInit</pre> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBInstall</pre> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBVerifyEnv</pre> <pre>\$ sudo platcfgadm --show NBVerify</pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Server: Create LV and filesystem	<p>Use the vgguests volume group to create an LV and filesystem for the NetBackup client software.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create a storageMgr configuration file that defines the LV to be created. <pre>\$ sudo echo "lv --mountpoint=/usr/openv --size=2G -- name=netbackup_lv --vg=\$VG" > /tmp/nb.lvm</pre> <p>This example uses the \$VG as the volume group. Replace \$VG with the desired volume group as specified by the application group.</p> 2. c) Server: Create the LV and filesystem by using storageMgr. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKlC/plat/sbin/storageMgr /tmp/nb.lvm</pre> <p>This creates the LV, formats it with a filesystem, and mounts it under /usr/openv/.</p> <p>Example output:</p> <pre>Called with options: /tmp/nb.lvm VG vgguests already exists. Creating lv netbackup lv. Volume netbackup_lv will be created. Success: Volume netbackup_lv was created. Creating filesystem, this may take a while. Updating fstab for lv netbackup_lv. Configuring existing lv netbackup_lv.</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Server: Install/Upgrade NetBackup	<p>Perform Appendix J.1 Application NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade Procedures.</p>

Appendix E. Uninstall NetBackup Client on TVOE Server (Optional)

In this procedure, target server refers to the TPD or TVOE server where the NetBackup client is installed. In the case of TPD, this is the application server. In the case of TVOE, this is the base server hosting the application virtual machines.

Prerequisites:

- The TPD NetBackup RPM is installed on the server.
- The contents of the NetBackup client configuration file are known if one exists. Depending on the version of NetBackup, a configuration file may not exist.
- The firewall rules implementation is known. Depending on the application, the implementation of firewall rules vary. Do not proceed without understanding the appropriate steps to remove the rules for your application. Reference the documentation for your specific application. The steps presented in this procedure are for a TVOE server and may not apply to a TPD application server.
- The server health checks return no issues.

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

S T E P #	<p>This procedure uninstalls a successfully installed Symantec NetBackup client from a server with an OS based on TPD or TVOE.</p> <p>Note: If you are attempting to uninstall a failed Symantec NetBackup client installation or upgrade, do not use this procedure. This procedure should only be used when the initial Symantec NetBackup client installation, or subsequent upgrade, is successful.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up application	Back up your application as described in your application documentation. Take care not to use NetBackup since the NetBackup client is being removed from the server.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Login	<p>SSH into the server and login as admusr.</p> <pre>login as: admusr Password: <admusr_password> Last login: Fri Aug 28 12:09:06 2015 from 10.75.8.61 [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Determine the NetBackup client version	<p>Determine the NetBackup client version by inspecting the version file:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /bin/cat /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/version NetBackup-RedHat2.6.18 7.6.0.1 [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$</pre>

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Determine packages installed and services configured	<p>Determine the NetBackup client packages installed and services configured on the server by inspecting the client profile configuration file. For some versions of NetBackup, a configuration file is not used and does not exist. If your installation does not use a client profile file, refer to Table 5 for your specific release.</p> <p>Table 5. Installed Packages and Services for NetBackup Client 7.0, 7.1, 7.5, and 7.7</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NetBackup Client Version</th><th>Packages (RPMs)</th><th>Services</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NB 7.0</td><td>VRTS pbx</td><td>RC: netbackup</td></tr> <tr> <td>NB 7.1</td><td>SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx</td><td>RC: netbackup</td></tr> <tr> <td>NB 7.5 and NB 7.7</td><td>SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx</td><td>RC: netbackup RC: vxpbx_exchanged</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: The client profile configuration file includes the client version in the name. For example, NB7601.conf where 7601 represents the client version number with the periods removed. In this example, version 7.6.0.1 is used.</p> <p>Inspect the client profile configuration file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /bin/cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/profiles/NB7601.conf VERSION=7.6.0.1 RPMS="SYMCpddea,SYMCnbjre,SYMCnbjava,SYMCnbclt,VRTSpbx" RC_SERVICES="netbackup,vxpbx_exchanged"</pre>	NetBackup Client Version	Packages (RPMs)	Services	NB 7.0	VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup	NB 7.1	SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup	NB 7.5 and NB 7.7	SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup RC: vxpbx_exchanged
NetBackup Client Version	Packages (RPMs)	Services												
NB 7.0	VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup												
NB 7.1	SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup												
NB 7.5 and NB 7.7	SYMCpdddea SYMCnbjre SYMCnbjava SYMCnbclt VRTS pbx	RC: netbackup RC: vxpbx_exchanged												

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Stop all NetBackup processes	<p>Stop the Symantec NetBackup client services identified in step 4. This example stops the services for NetBackup version 7.6.0.1.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo service netbackup stop</pre> <p>stopping the NetBackup Deduplication Multi-Threaded Agent</p> <p>stopping the NetBackup Discovery Framework</p> <p>stopping the NetBackup client daemon</p> <p>stopping the NetBackup network daemon</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo service vxpbx_exchanged stop</pre> <p>Stopped Symantec Private Brach Exchange</p>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Verify the processes stopped	<p>Verify all NetBackup processes are stopped. No output is expected.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/bpps</pre>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Ensure directory is not already in use	<p>Ensure the directory to which the NetBackup LV is mounted is not already in use. This is a precautionary step.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ cd ~</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Delete services	<p>Delete the NetBackup services identified in the client profile from step 4. In this example, the NetBackup client services are netbackup and vxpbx_exchanged.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/service_conf del netbackup</pre> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/service_conf del vxpbx_exchanged</pre>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Reconfigure services	<p>Reconfigure the server services after the deletion:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/service_conf reconfig</pre>

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: xxx	<p>Uninstall the NetBackup client packages identified in the client profile from step 4. In this example, the NetBackup client packages are SYMCnbclt, SYMCnbjava, SYMCnbjre, SYMCpddea, and VRTSpxb.</p> <p>Note: Warnings can be ignored.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rpm -ev SYMCnbclt SYMCnbjava SYMCnbjre SYMCpddea VRTSpxb warning: erase unlink of /opt/VRTSpxb/lib/libvxicuil8n.so.6 failed: No such file or directory warning: erase unlink of /opt/VRTSpxb/bin/vxpbxcfg failed: No such file or directory Starting SYMCpddea postremove script. Removing link /opt/pdag Removing link /opt/pdshared Removing /opt/pdde directory. Removing link /usr/opensv/lib/ost-plugins/libstspipd.so Removing link /usr/opensv/lib/ost-plugins/libstspipdMT.so Removing PDDE installation directory. SYMCpddea postremove script done!</pre>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Verify removal of client RPMs	<p>Verify the removal of the NetBackup client RPMs. In this example the NetBackup client RPMs are: SYMCnbclt, SYMCnbjava, SYMCnbjre, SYMCpddea, and VRTSpxb. No output is expected.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rpm -qa egrep "SYMCnbclt SYMCnbjava SYMCnbjre SYMCpddea VRTSpxb"</pre>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Clean up directory	<p>Clean up the /etc/rc.d/init.d directory.</p> <p>List any NetBackup client service files that may not have been removed by the uninstall of the client RPMs. In this example, the client services are netbackup and vxpbx_exchanged.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo ls -l /etc/rc.d/init.d/netbackup /etc/rc.d/init.d/vxpbx_exchanged ls: cannot access /etc/rc.d/init.d/vxpbx_exchanged: No such file or directory -r-x----- 1 root root 22776 Sep 6 16:04 /etc/rc.d/init.d/netbackup</pre> <p>The output of this example shows the netbackup service file was not removed. Delete the service file:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /etc/rc.d/init.d/netbackup</pre>

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Identify volume and volume group	<p>Identify the NetBackup logical volume (LV) and volume group (VG). The LV and VG are referenced in later steps.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo lvs</pre> <pre>LV VG Attr LSize Pool Origin Data% Meta% Move Log</pre> <pre>Cpy%Sync Convert</pre> <pre>netbackup_lv vgroot -wi-ao---- 5.00g</pre> <pre>plat_root vgroot -wi-ao---- 1.00g</pre> <pre>plat_tmp vgroot -wi-ao---- 1.00g</pre> <pre>plat_usr vgroot -wi-ao---- 4.00g</pre> <pre>plat_var vgroot -wi-ao---- 1.00g</pre> <pre>plat_var_tklc vgroot -wi-ao---- 4.00g</pre> <p>The output shows the NetBackup LV is named netbackup_lv and the VG is vgroot.</p>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Identify processes using volume	<p>Verify no processes are using the LV identified in the previous step. Use the VG and LV values identified in the previous step. No output is expected.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /sbin/fuser -m /dev/vgroot/netbackup_lv</pre>
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Unmount device	<p>Unmount /usr/openv device from the NetBackup LV:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /bin/umount -l /usr/openv</pre>
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove LV entry	<p>Remove the NetBackup LV entry from /etc/fstab file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /bin/sed -i.bak '/netbackup_lv/d' /etc/fstab</pre>
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Check in file	<p>Check the /etc/fstab file into the RCS.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/rcscheck /etc/fstab</pre>
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Verify removal of file	<p>Verify the removal of the entry from the /etc/fstab file.</p> <p>Compare the /etc/fstab file to the /etc/fstab.bak backup file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/bin/diff /etc/fstab.bak /etc/fstab</pre> <pre>19d18</pre> <pre>< /dev/vgroot/netbackup_lv /usr/openv ext4 defaults 1 2</pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove backup file	<p>Remove the /etc/fstab.bak file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /etc/fstab.bak</pre>
20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove volume	<p>Remove the NetBackup LV identified in step 13. Take care to use the correct volume group.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /sbin/lvremove -f /dev/vgroot/netbackup_lv</pre>

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

21. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove client package entries	<p>Execute the command in this step to remove the NetBackup client package entries from the pkgKeep.conf file. The NetBackup client packages were identified in step 4. If pkgKeep.conf only contains these packages, the pkgKeep.conf file can be removed. In this example, the NetBackup client packages are SYMCnbclt, SYMCnbjava, SYMCnbjre, SYMCPddea, and VRTSpxb.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /bin/sed -i.bak '/SYMCnbclt\ SYMCnbjava\ SYMCnbjre\ SYMCPddea\ VRTSpxb/d' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/pkgKeep.conf</pre>
22. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Verify removal of packages	<p>Verify the removal of the NetBackup client package entries from the pkgKeep.conf file by comparing the pkgKeep.conf to the pkgKeep.conf.bak backup file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/bin/diff /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/pkgKeep.conf.bak /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/pkgKeep.conf 1,5d0 < SYMCnbclt < SYMCnbjava < SYMCnbjre < SYMCPddea < VRTSpxb</pre>
23. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove backup file	<p>Remove the pkgKeep.conf.bak file.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/pkgKeep.conf.bak</pre>
24. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove configuration file	<p>Remove the client profile configuration file, if one exists. The existence of this file is determined in step 4.</p> <p>Note: The client profile configuration file includes the client version in the name. For example, NB7601.conf where 7601 represents the client version number with the periods removed. In this example, version 7.6.0.1 is used.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/profiles/NB7601.conf</pre>
25. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove script file	<p>Remove the NetBackup client script file. For some versions of NetBackup, a script file is not used and does not exist. Proceed to the next step if this is the case.</p> <p>Note: The client profile configuration file includes the client version in the name. For example, NB7601.conf where 7601 represents the client version number with the periods removed. In this example, version 7.6.0.1 is used.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/scripts/NB7601</pre>

Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

26. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove firewall rules	<p>Remove the firewall rules related to NetBackup.</p> <p>Note: This step varies depending on how the application implemented the firewall rules. The example in this step illustrates the correct steps for a TVOE server. If you are uninstalling NetBackup on a TPD application server, refer to the documentation for your specific application.</p> <p>Remove the iptables and ip6tables firewall rules related to NetBackup on a TVOE server:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/iptablesAdm delete --type=domain -- domain=60netbackup --protocol=ipv4 [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /sbin/service iptables restart iptables: Setting chains to policy ACCEPT: filter [OK] iptables: Flushing firewall rules: [OK] iptables: Applying firewall rules: [OK] [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/iptablesAdm delete --type=domain -- domain=60netbackup --protocol=ipv6 [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /sbin/service ip6tables restart ip6tables: Setting chains to policy ACCEPT: filter [OK] ip6tables: Flushing firewall rules: [OK] ip6tables: Applying firewall rules: [OK]</pre>
27. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Remove firewall configuration files	<p>Remove firewall configuration files related to NetBackup.</p> <p>Note: This step varies depending on how the application implemented the firewall rules. The example in this step illustrates the correct steps for a TVOE server. If you are uninstalling NetBackup on a TPD application server, refer to the documentation for your specific application.</p> <p>Remove firewall configuration files related to NetBackup on a TVOE server:</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/iptables/60netbackup.ipt [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rm -f /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ip6tables/60netbackup.ipt</pre>

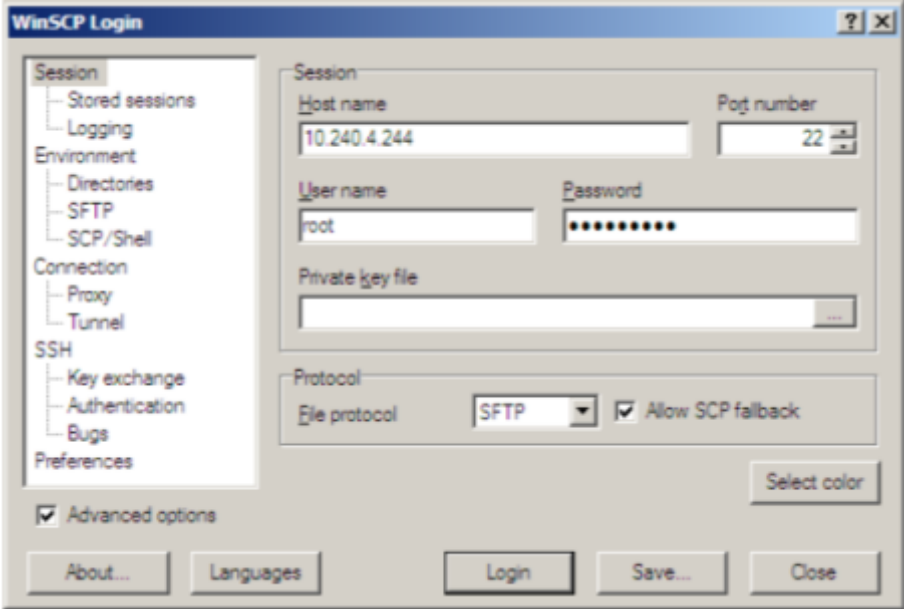
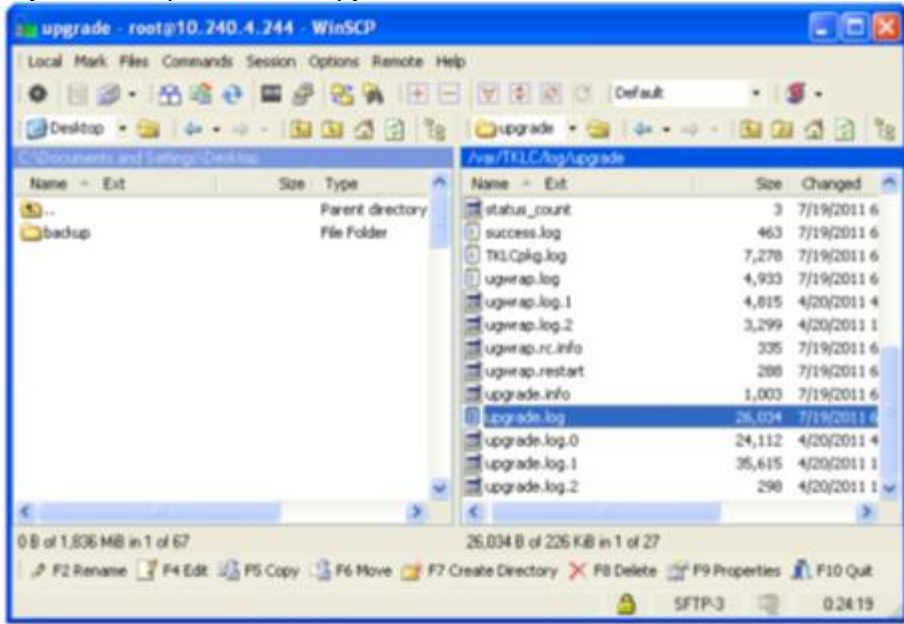
Procedure 39. Uninstall Symantec NetBackup Client

28. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Update hosts file	<p>Update the /etc/hosts file to remove the NetBackup server host using the platcfg utility.</p> <p>Note: If the NetBackup entry in the /etc/hosts file is an alias and you do not want to delete the host, select Delete Alias instead of Delete Host. The rest of the steps remain the same.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. As admusr, execute the sudo su - platcfg command to launch the platcfg utility. 2. Select Network Configuration. 3. Select Modify Hosts File. 4. Select Edit. 5. Select Delete Host. 6. Select the host entry for NetBackup. 7. Select Yes to confirm deletion. 8. Exit out of the platcfg utility.
29. <input type="checkbox"/>	Target Server: Verify server health	<p>No unexpected alarms should display and no missing package files should exist.</p> <pre>[admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr -alarmStatus [admusr@<target_server> ~]\$ sudo rpm -Va</pre>

Appendix F. Using WinSCP**Procedure 40. Copy a File from the Management Server to the PC Desktop**

S T E P #	<p>This procedure demonstrates how to copy a file from the management server to your PC desktop.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Download the WinSCP application	http://winscp.net/eng/download.php

Procedure 40. Copy a File from the Management Server to the PC Desktop

<p>2.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Connect to the management server</p>	<p>After starting this application, navigate to Session and enter: <management_server_IP> into the Host name field, root into the User name field, and <root_password> into the Password field.</p> <p>Click Login.</p>  <p>The WinSCP Login dialog box shows the Session tab selected in the left sidebar. The Session section contains fields for Host name (10.240.4.244), Port number (22), User name (root), and Password (masked with dots). There is a Private key file field and a Protocol dropdown set to SFTP with the 'Allow SCP fallback' checkbox checked. At the bottom are buttons for About..., Languages, Login, Save..., and Close. A 'Select color' button is also present.</p>
<p>3.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Copy the target file from the management server</p>	<p>On the left is your own desktop filesystem. Navigate within it to Desktop directory. On the right side is the management server file system. Within it, navigate into the location of the file you would like to copy to your desktop. Highlight the file in the management server file system by pressing the insert key, and then press F5 to copy the file.</p>  <p>The WinSCP main window shows a dual-pane view. The left pane displays the local file system at 'C:\Documents and Settings\Desktop', with a 'backup' folder highlighted. The right pane displays the remote file system at '/var/TCLC/Log/upgrade', with a list of files including status_count, success.log, TKL.Cplog.log, ugrwrap.log, and various upgrade.log files. The 'upgrade.log' file is highlighted. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'SFTP-3' and '0.2419'.</p>
<p>4.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Close the WinSCP application</p>	<p>Press F10 and click OK to confirm terminating the session.</p>

Appendix G. Upgrade Cisco 4948 PROM

Procedure 41. Upgrade Cisco 4948 PROM

S T E P #	<p>This procedure upgrades the Cisco 4948 PROM.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server: Verify the PROM image is on the system	<p>If the appropriate image does not exist, copy the image to the server.</p> <p>Determine if the PROM image for the 4948/4948E/4948E-F is on the system.</p> <p>For a PMAC system:</p> <pre>\$ ls /var/TKLC/smac/image/<PROM_image_file></pre> <p>For a NON-PMAC system:</p> <pre>\$ ls /var/lib/tftpboot/<PROM_image_file></pre> <p>If the file exists, skip the remainder of this step and continue with the next step. If the file does not exist, copy the file from the firmware media and ensure the file is specified by the Release Notes of the HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2].</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server: Attach to switch console	<p>If upgrading the firmware on switch1A, connect serially to the switch by issuing the following command as admusr on the server:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/console -M <management_server_mgmt_ip_address> -l platcfg switch1A_console Enter platcfg@pmac5000101's password: <platcfg_password> [Enter `^Ec?' for help]</pre> <p>Press Enter.</p> <p>If the switch is not already in enable mode (switch# prompt), then issue the enable command; otherwise, continue with the next step.</p> <pre>Switch> enable</pre> <p>If upgrading the firmware on switch1B, connect serially to switch1B by issuing the following command as admusr on the PMAC server:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/console -M <management_server_mgmt_ip_address> -l platcfg switch1B_console Enter platcfg@pmac5000101's password: <platcfg_password> [Enter `^Ec?' for help]</pre> <p>Press Enter.</p> <p>If the switch is not already in enable mode (switch# prompt), then issue the enable command; otherwise, continue with the next step.</p> <pre>Switch> enable</pre>

Procedure 41. Upgrade Cisco 4948 PROM

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server (Switch Console Session): Configure ports on the 4948/4948E/ 4948E-F switch	<p>To ensure connectivity, ping the management server's management vlan IP <pmac_mgmt_ip_address> address from the switch.</p> <pre>Switch# conf t</pre> <p>If upgrading the firmware on switch1A, use these commands:</p> <pre>Switch(config)# vlan <switch_mgmtVLAN_id> Switch(config-vlan)# int vlan <switch_mgmtVLAN_id> Switch(config-if)# ip address <switch1A_mgmtVLAN_ip_address> <netmask> Switch(config-if)# no shut Switch(config-if)# int gil/40</pre> <p>If upgrading the firmware on switch1B, use these commands:</p> <pre>Switch(config)# vlan <switch_mgmtVLAN_id> Switch(config-vlan)# int vlan <switch_mgmtVLAN_id> Switch(config-if)# ip address <switch1B_mgmtVLAN_ip_address> <netmask> Switch(config-if)# no shut Switch(config-if)# int gil/40</pre> <p>If the model is 4948, execute these commands:</p> <pre>Switch(config-if)# switchport trunk encap dot1q Switch(config-if)# switchport mode trunk Switch(config-if)# spanning-tree portfast trunk Switch(config-if)# end Switch# write memory</pre> <p>If the model is 4948E or 4948E-F, execute these commands:</p> <pre>Switch(config-if)# switchport mode trunk Switch(config-if)# spanning-tree portfast trunk Switch(config-if)# end Switch# write memory</pre> <p>Now issue ping command:</p> <p>Note: The IP address <pmac_mgmt_ip_address> is in the reference table at the beginning of the Cisco 4948 configuration procedure that referenced this procedure.</p> <pre>Switch# ping <pmac_mgmtVLAN_ip_address> Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to <pmac_mgmt_ip_address>, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms</pre>
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Procedure 41. Upgrade Cisco 4948 PROM

		If ping is not successful, make sure the procedure was completed correctly by repeating all steps up to this point. If after repeating those steps, ping is still unsuccessful, then contact My Oracle Support (MOS).
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server (Switch Console Session): Upgrade PROM	<pre>Switch# copy tftp: bootflash: Address or name of remote host []? <pmac_mgmt_ip_address> Source filename []? <PROM_image_file> Destination filename [<PROM_image_file>]? [Enter] Accessing tftp://<pmac_mgmt__ip_address>/<PROM_image_file>... Loading <PROM_image_file> from <pmac_mgmt__ip_address> (via Vlan2): !!!!! [OK- 45606 bytes] 45606 bytes copied in 3.240 secs (140759 bytes/sec) Switch#</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server (Switch Console Session): Reload switch	<pre>Switch# reload System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: no Proceed with reload? [confirm] [Enter] === Boot messages removed === Type Control-C when Type control-C to prevent autobooting message displays.</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server (Switch Console Session): Upgrade PROM	<pre>rommon 1 > boot bootflash:<PROM_image_file> === PROM upgrade messages removed === System will reset itself and reboot within few seconds....</pre>
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server (Switch Console Session): Verify upgrade	<p>The switch reboots when the firmware upgrade completes. Allow it to boot. Wait for the following line to be printed:</p> <pre>Press RETURN to get started! Would you like to terminate autoinstall? [yes]: [Enter] Switch> show version include ROM ROM: 12.2(31r)SGA1 System returned to ROM by reload</pre> <p>Review the output and look for the ROM version. Verify the version is the desired new version.</p> <p>If the switch does not boot properly, or has the wrong ROM version, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>

Procedure 41. Upgrade Cisco 4948 PROM

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC/ Management Server: Reset switch to factory defaults	<p>Connect serially to the switch as outlined in step 4. , and reload by performing the following commands:</p> <pre>Switch# write erase Switch# reload</pre> <p>Wait until the switch reloads, then exit from console, enter ctrl-e + c + . and you are returned to the server prompt.</p> <p>Note: There may be messages from the switch, if asked to confirm, press Enter. If asked yes or no, type No and press Enter.</p>
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Appendix H. Backup Procedures**Appendix H.1 Back Up HP (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG,) Enclosure Switch**

Execute this procedure after every change to the switch configuration after completing Procedure 21, Procedure 22, and/or Procedure 23.

Prerequisites:

- Install TVOE on the Management Server (section 4.1.1)
- Deploy PMAC (section 4.2.1) must be completed
- Configure HP 6120XG Switch (netConfig) (Procedure 21)
- Configure HP 6125G Switch (netConfig) (Procedure 22)
- Configure HP 6125XLG Switch (netConfig) (Procedure 23)

Variable	Value
<switch_name>	Hostname of the switch

Procedure 42. Back Up the HP Enclosure Switch

S T E P #	<p>This procedure backs up the HP enclosure switch.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Ensure the directory where the backups are stored exists.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i -l /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup</pre> <p>If you receive an error such as the following:</p> <pre>-bash: ls: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup: No such file or directory</pre> <p>Then the directory must be created by issuing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mkdir -p /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup</pre> <p>Change the directory permissions:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod go+x /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup</pre>

Procedure 42. Back Up the HP Enclosure Switch

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Execute the backup command.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name> backupConfiguration service=ssh_service filename=<switch_name>-backup</pre>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Copy the files to the backup directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mv -i ~admusr/<switch>-backup* /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup</pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Verify switch configuration was backed up by cat <switch_name> and inspect its contents to ensure it reflects the latest known good switch configurations.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup/<switch_name>- backup* \$ sudo /bin/cat /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup/<switch_name>-backup</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Save FW files.</p> <p>If a firmware upgrade, switch replacement, or an initial install (which performed a FW upgrade during initialization) was performed, back up the FW image used by performing the following command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mv -i ~<switch_backup_user>/<fw image> <switch_backup_directory>/</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Back up the PMAC application.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm backup</pre> <p>PMAC backup has been successfully initiated as task ID 7</p> <p>Note: The backup runs as a background task. To check the status of the background task use the PMAC GUI Task Monitor screen, or issue the command <code>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</code>. The result should eventually be PMAC Backup successful and the background task should indicate COMPLETE.</p> <p>Note: The pmacadm backup command uses a naming convention that includes a date/time stamp in the filename (for example, backupPmac_20111025_100251.pef). In the example provided, the backup filename indicates it was created on 10/25/2011 at 10:02:51 am server time.</p>

Procedure 42. Back Up the HP Enclosure Switch

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Verify PMAC backup was successful</p> <p>Note: If the background task shows the backup failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of <code>pmaccli getBgTasks</code> should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks 2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4 sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum: 2 Server Identity: Physical Blade Location: Blade Enclosure: Blade Enclosure Bay: Guest VM Location: Host IP: Guest Name: TPD IP: Rack Mount Server: IP: Name: ::</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Save the PMAC backup</p> <p>The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory: <code>/var/TKLC/smac/backup</code>.</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Repeat step 2. through 8. for each HP switch to be backed up.</p>

Appendix H.2 Back Up Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switch and/or Cisco 3020 Enclosure Switch (netConfig)

Prerequisites for RMS system aggregation switch:

- Step 2 of 4.1.1 Install TVOE on the Management Server to install the IPM DL380 server.
- Configure TVOE Network (section 4.1.4)
- Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switches (PMAC Installed) (netConfig) (section 4.3.2)
- Application username and password for creating switch backups must be configured on the management server before executing this procedure.

Prerequisites for c-Class system aggregation switch (Oracle-provided):

- Install TVOE on the Management Server (section 4.1.1)
- Deploy PMAC (section 4.2.1) must be completed
- Configure TVOE Network (section 4.1.4)
- Deploy PMAC (section 4.2.1) must be completed
- Configure Cisco 4948/4948E/4948E-F Aggregation Switches (PMAC Installed) (netConfig) (section 4.3.2)

Prerequisites for Cisco 3020 enclosure switch:

- Install TVOE on the Management Server (section 4.1.1)
- Configure TVOE Network (section 4.1.4)
- Deploy PMAC (section 4.2.1) must be completed
- Configure 3020 Switches (netConfig) (Procedure 20)

Variable	Value
<switch_backup_user> (also needed in switch configuration procedure)	admusr
<switch_backup_user_password> (also needed in switch configuration procedure)	admusr
<switch_name>	Hostname of the switch
<switch_backup_directory>	Non-PMAC System: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/switch/backup
	PMAC System: /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/backup

Procedure 43. Back Up the Cisco Switch

S T E P #	<p>This procedure backs up the Cisco aggregation and enclosure switches.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Verify switch is at least initialized correctly and connectivity to the switch by verifying hostname</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name> getHostname</pre> <p>Hostname: switch1A</p> <p>Note: The value beside Hostname should be the same as the <switch_name> variable.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Run the netConfig --repo showService name=ssh_service command and look for ssh service.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --repo showService name=ssh_service</pre> <p>Service Name: ssh_service</p> <p>Type: ssh</p> <p>Host: 10.250.62.85</p> <p>Options:</p> <pre>password: C20F7D639AE7E7 user: admusr</pre> <p>In the ssh_service parameters, the value for user: is the value for the variable <switch_backup_user>.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Verify existence of the backup directory.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/ls -i <switch_backup_directory></pre> <p>If the output contains:</p> <pre>ls: cannot access <switch_backup_directory>: No such file or directory</pre> <p>Create the directory with:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/mkdir -p <switch_backup_directory></pre> <p>Change directory permissions:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/chmod go+x<switch_backup_directory></pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Execute the backup command.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig --device=<switch_name> backupConfiguration service=ssh_service filename=<switch_name>-backup</pre>

Procedure 43. Back Up the Cisco Switch

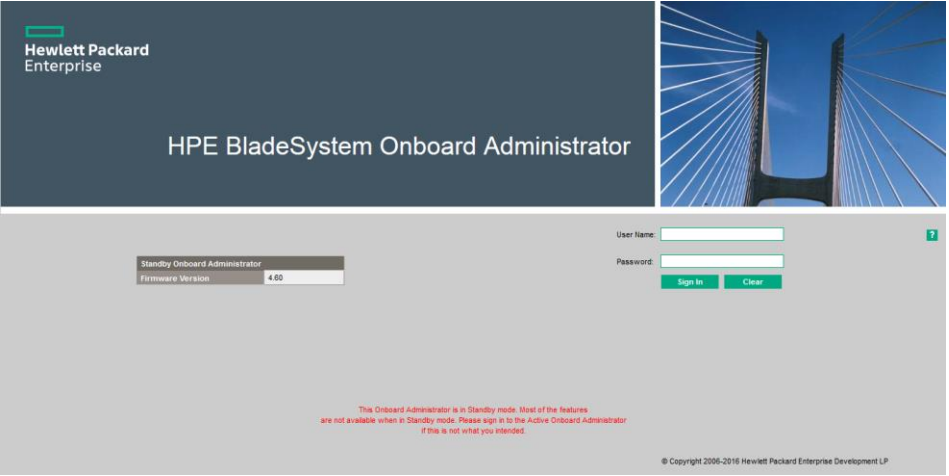
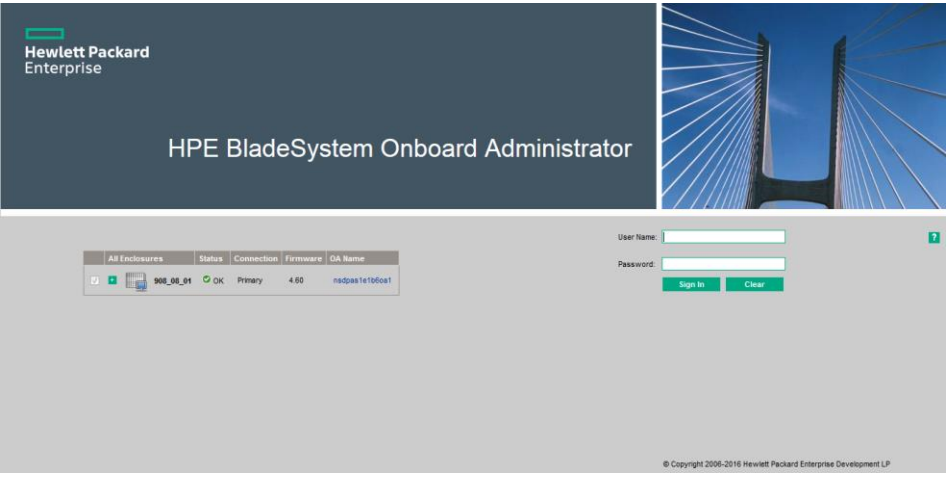
[illegible]

Procedure 43. Back Up the Cisco Switch

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Verify PMAC backup was successful</p> <p>Note: If the background task shows the backup failed, then the backup did not complete successfully. STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p> <p>The output of pmaccli getBgTasks should look similar to the example below:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks 2: Backup PMAC COMPLETE - PMAC Backup successful Step 2: of 2 Started: 2012-07-05 16:53:10 running: 4 sinceUpdate: 2 taskRecordNum: 2 Server Identity: Physical Blade Location: Blade Enclosure: Blade Enclosure Bay: Guest VM Location: Host IP: Guest Name: TPD IP: Rack Mount Server: IP: Name: ::</pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Save the PMAC backup</p> <p>The PMAC backup must be moved to a remote server. Transfer (sftp, scp, rsync, or preferred utility), the PMAC backup to an appropriate remote server. The PMAC backup files are saved in the following directory: /var/TKLC/smac/backup.</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Repeat steps steps 1. and 4. through 8. for each switch to be backed up.</p>

Appendix I. Determine which Onboard Administrator is Active

Procedure 44. Determine which Onboard Administrator is Active

S T E P #	<p>This procedure determines which onboard administrator is active in an enclosure with two OAs.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>OA GUI: Determine which OA is active</p>	<p>Open a web browser and navigate to the IP address of one of the administrators.</p> <p>If you see the following page, you have navigated to a GUI of the Standby Onboard Administrator as indicated by the red warning. In such case, navigate to the other Onboard Administrator IP address.</p>  <p>If you navigate the GUI of active Onboard Administrator GUI, the enclosure overview table is available in the left part of the login page as shown below.</p> 

Appendix J. NetBackup Procedures (Optional)

Appendix J.1 Application NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade Procedures

The NetBackup is a utility used to manage backups and recover remote systems. The NetBackup suite supports disaster recovery at the customer site.

Notes

- Platform 7.0.0 only supports NetBackup 7.1 and 7.5 clients, while Platform 7.0.1 only supports NetBackup 7.1, 7.5, and 7.6 clients. Platform 7.4 and later supports NetBackup 7.7. If the NetBackup client being installed is not supported, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for guidance on creating a configuration file that allows for installing unknown NetBackup clients. Use Appendix J.4 Create NetBackup Client Configuration File once the contents of the configuration file are known.
- Failure to install the NetBackup client properly (that is, by neglecting to execute this procedure) may result in the NetBackup client being deleted during an Oracle software upgrade.

Procedure 45. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client Software on an Application Server

S T E P #	<p>This procedure installs and configures the NetBackup client software on an application server.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select and perform NetBackup client installation	<p>There are two different ways to install NetBackup Client. Perform one of the following methods.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If a customer has a way of transferring and installing the NetBackup client without the aid of TPD tools, then use Appendix J.2 NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade with nbAutoInstall. This is not common and if the answer to the previous question is not known then do not use Appendix J.2. If you do not use Appendix J.2, use Appendix J.3 NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade with platcfg.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Modify host file	<p>Use platform configuration utility (platcfg) to modify hosts file with the NetBackup server alias.</p> <p>Note: If the NetBackup client has successfully been installed, then you can find the NetBackup server's hostname in the /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf file. It is identified by the SERVER configuration parameter as shown in the following output:</p> <p>1. List NetBackup servers hostname:</p> <pre>\$ sudo cat /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf</pre> <pre>SERVER = nb70server</pre> <pre>CLIENT_NAME = pmacDev8</pre> <p>Note: In the case of nbAutoInstall, the NetBackup client may not yet be installed. For this situation, the /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf command cannot be used to find the NetBackup server alias.</p> <p>Use platform configuration utility (platcfg) to update application hosts file with NetBackup Server alias.</p> <pre>\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre>

Procedure 45. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client Software on an Application Server

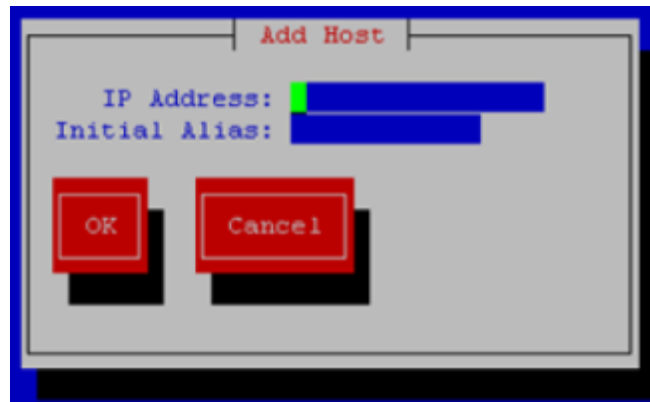
2. Navigate to **Network Configuration > Modify Hosts File.**



3. Select **Edit** to display the Host Action Menu.



4. Select **Add Host** and enter the appropriate data.



5. Select **OK** to confirm the host alias add and exit the Patfrom Cofiguration Utility.

Procedure 45. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client Software on an Application Server

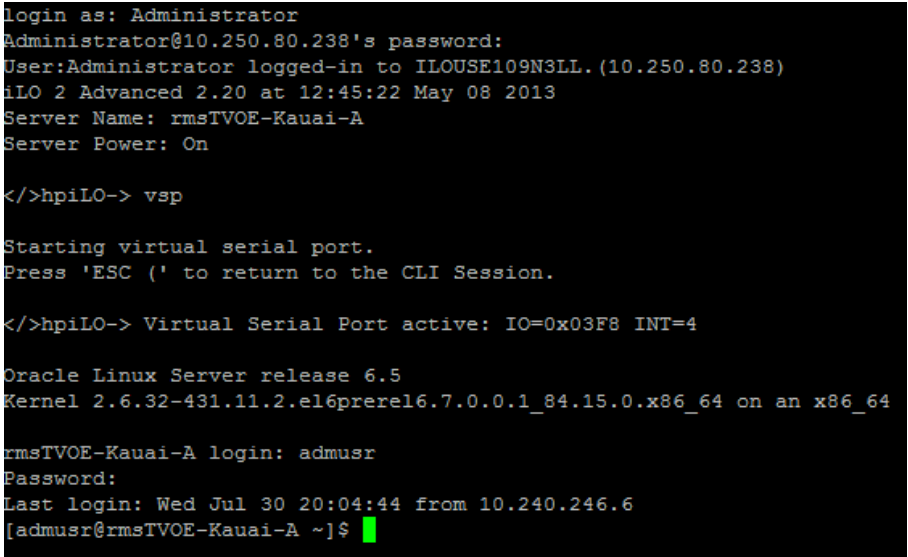
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Create path	<p>Create a link for the NetBackup client scripts to a path on the application server where the NetBackup expects to find them.</p> <p>Note: Link notify scripts from appropriate path on application server for given application.</p> <pre>\$ sudo mkdir -p /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/ \$ sudo ln -s <path>/bpstart_notify /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/bpstart_notify \$ sudo ln -s <path>/bpend_notify /usr/opensv/netbackup/bin/bpend_notify</pre>
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Appendix J.2 NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade with nbAutoInstall**Procedure 46. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with nbAutoInstall**

S T E P #	<p>This procedure enables TPD to detect when a NetBackup client is installed and completes TPD tasks needed for NetBackup client operation.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The NetBackup client installation (pushing the client and performing the installation) is the responsibility of the customer and is not covered in this procedure. If the customer does not have a way to push and install the NetBackup client, use Appendix J.3. Execute this procedure before the customer does the NetBackup client installation. <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Enable nbAutoInstall by executing:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/nbAutoInstall --enable</pre> <p>The server now periodically checks to see if a new version of NetBackup client has been installed and performs necessary TPD configuration accordingly.</p> <p>At any time, the customer may now push and install a new version of NetBackup client.</p>

Appendix J.3 NetBackup Client Install/Upgrade with platcfg

Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

S T E P #	<p>This procedure pushes and installs NetBackup client using platcfg.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Application Server iLO: Login and open integrated remote console</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the using a web browser and the password provided by the application. <code>http://<management_server_iLO_IP></code> Click the Remote Console tab and open the Integrate Remote Console on the server.  Click Yes if the security alert displays.

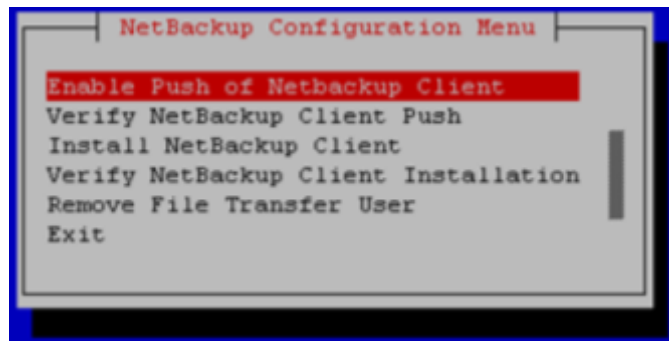
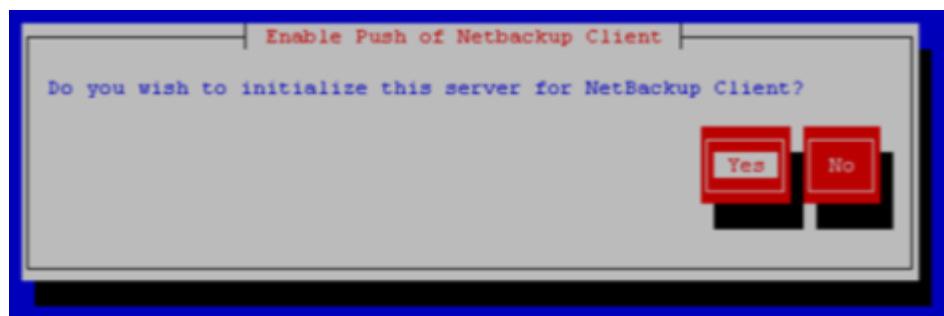
Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Application Server ILO: Login	<p>If the application is a guest on a TVOE host, login with application admusr credentials. If the application is not a guest on a TVOE host, continue to step 3.</p> <p>Note: On a TVOE host, if you open the virsh console, for example, <code>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh console X</code> or from the virsh utility <code>virsh # console X</code> command and you get garbage characters or the output is not correct, then there is likely a stuck virsh console command already being run on the TVOE host. Exit out of the virsh console, run <code>ps -ef grep virsh</code>, and then kill the existing process <code>kill -9 <PID></code>. Then execute the <code>virsh console X</code> command. Your console session should now run as expected.</p> <p>Log into the application console using virsh and wait until you see the login prompt:</p> <pre> \$ virsh \$ virsh list --all Id Name State 13 myTPD running 20 applicationGuestName running \$ virsh console applicationGuestName [Output Removed] Starting ntdMgr: [OK] Starting atd: [OK] 'TPD Up' notification(s) already sent: [OK] upstart: Starting tpdProvd... upstart: tpdProvd started. CentOS release 6.2 (Final) Kernel 2.6.32-220.17.1.el6prere16.0.0_80.14.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 applicationGuestName login: </pre>
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Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg3.
☐**Application Console:**
Configure
NetBackup

1. Configure the NetBackup client on the application server.

```
$ sudo su - platcfg
```

2. Navigate to **NetBackup Configuration > Enable Push of NetBackup Client**.3. Select **Yes** to initialize the server and enable the NetBackup client software push.4. Enter NetBackup password and select **OK**.

If the version of NetBackup is 7.6.0.0 or greater, follow the instructions provided by the OSDC download for the version of NetBackup that is being pushed.

Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Verify software push is enabled	<p>Verify the NetBackup client software push is enabled.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Navigate to NetBackup Configuration > Verify NetBackup Client Push.2. Verify list entries indicate OK for NetBackup client software environment.  <ol style="list-style-type: none">3. Select Exit to return to the NetBackup Configuration menu.
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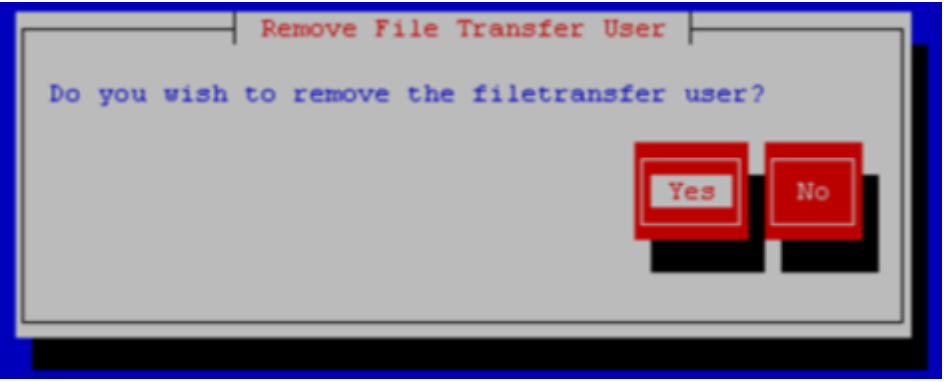
Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

5. <input type="checkbox"/>	NetBackup Server: Push software	<p>Push appropriate NetBackup client software to application server.</p> <p>Notes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The NetBackup server is not an application asset. Access to the NetBackup server and location path of the NetBackup client software is under the control of the customer. These steps are required on the NetBackup server to push the NetBackup client software to the application server. It is assumed the NetBackup server is executing in a Linux environment. The backup server is supported by the customer and the backup utility software provider. If this step, executed at the backup utility server, fails to execute successfully, STOP and contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for the backup and restore utility software provider being used at this site. The NetBackup user on the client is a new user who is required to change the password immediately. Change the initial password during the client's NetBackup configuration platcfg session. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the NetBackup server using the password provided by the customer. <pre>\$ sudo cd /usr/opensv/netbackup/client/Linux/6.5</pre> Execute the <code>sftp_to_client</code> NetBackup utility using the application IP address and application NetBackup user: <pre># ./sftp_to_client 10.240.17.106 netbackup</pre> <p>Connecting to 10.240.17.106...</p> <p>Password:</p> <p>You are required to change your password immediately (root enforced)</p> <p>Changing password for netbackup.</p> <p>(current) UNIX password:</p> <p>New password:</p> <p>Retype new password:</p> <p>sftp completed successfully.</p> <p>The root user on 10.240.17.106 must now execute the command sh /tmp/bp.26783/client_config [-L]. The optional argument, -L, is used to avoid modification of the client's current bp.conf file.</p>
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Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Install software	<p>Install NetBackup client software on application server.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to NetBackup Configuration > Install NetBackup Client.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Select Yes to install the NetBackup client software. 3. Select Exit to return to the NetBackup Configuration menu.
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Verify installation	<p>Verify NetBackup client software installation on the application server.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to NetBackup Configuration > Verify NetBackup Client Installation. 2. Verify list entries indicate OK for NetBackup client software installation.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Select Exit to return to the NetBackup Configuration menu.

Procedure 47. Install/Upgrade NetBackup Client with platcfg

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Verify transfer	<p>Disable NetBackup client software transfer to the application server.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to NetBackup Configuration > Remove File Transfer User.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Select Yes to remove the NetBackup file transfer user from the application server.
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Console: Verify server has been added to file	<p>Verify the server has been added to the /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf file.</p> <pre>\$ sudo cat /usr/opensv/netbackup/bp.conf CLIENT_NAME = 10.240.34.10 SERVER = NB71server</pre>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Application Server iLO: Exit	<p>Exit platform configuration utility (platcfg)</p>

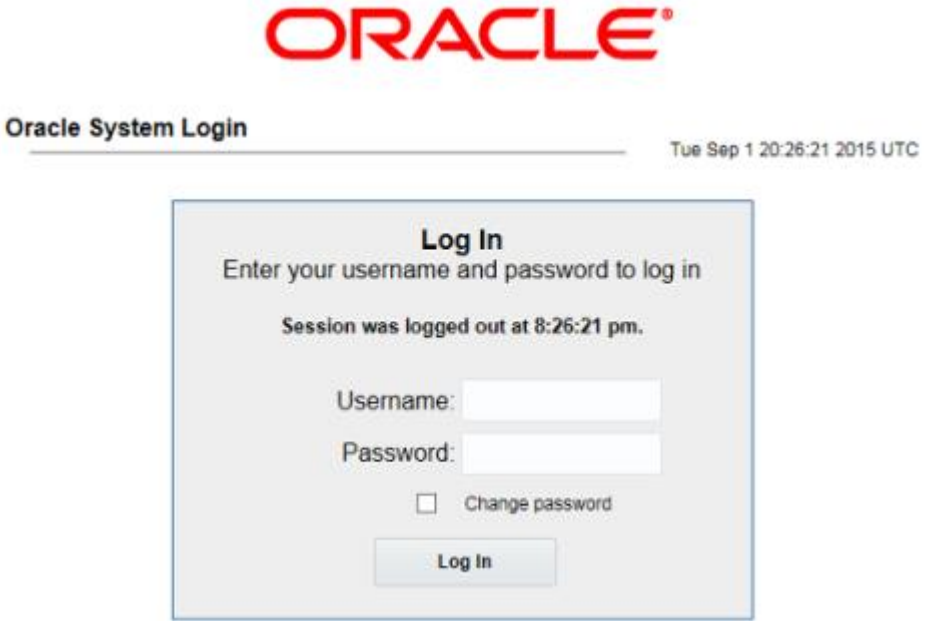
Appendix J.4 Create NetBackup Client Configuration File

Procedure 48. Create NetBackup Client Configuration File

S T E P #	<p>This procedure copies a NetBackup client configuration file into the appropriate location on the TPD based application server. The configuration file allows you to install previously unsupported versions of the NetBackup client by providing necessary information to the TPD.</p> <p>The contents of the configuration file are provided by My Oracle Support (MOS). Contact My Oracle Support (MOS) if you are attempting to install an unsupported version of the NetBackup client.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Server: Create NetBackup client config file</p>	<p>Create the NetBackup client configuration file on the server using the contents that were previously determined. The configuration file is placed in the /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/profiles directory and follows this naming convention:</p> <pre>NB\$ver.conf</pre> <p>Where \$ver is the client version number with the periods removed. For the 7.5 client, the value of \$ver would be 75 and the full path to the file would be:</p> <pre>/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/profiles/NB75.conf</pre> <p>Note: The config files must start with NB and must have a suffix of .conf.</p> <p>The server is now capable of installing the corresponding NetBackup Client.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Server: Create NetBackup client config file script</p>	<p>Create the NetBackup client configuration script file on the server using the contents that were previously determined. The configuration script file is placed in the /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/scripts directory. The name of the NetBackup client configuration script file is determined from the contents of the NetBackup client configuration file. As an example for the NetBackup 7.5 client the following is applicable:</p> <p>NetBackup client configuration:</p> <pre>/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/profiles/NB75.conf</pre> <p>NetBackup client configuration script:</p> <pre>/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/netbackup/scripts/NB75</pre>

Appendix J.5 Configure PMAC Application Guest NetBackup Virtual Disk

Procedure 49. Configure PMAC Application Guest NetBackup Virtual Disk

S T E P #	<p>This procedure configures the PMAC application guest NetBackup virtual disk.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Login	<p>Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code></p> <p>Login as pmacadmin user.</p>  <p>Navigate to VM Management.</p>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC GUI: Determine configuration	<p>Select the PMAC application guest from the VM Entities list.</p> <p>If the NetBackup device exists for the PMAC application guest, then return to the procedure that invoked this procedure; otherwise, continue with this procedure.</p>

Procedure 49. Configure PMAC Application Guest NetBackup Virtual Disk

3.

PMAC GUI: Add virtual disk

Edit the PMAC application guest to add the **NetBackup** virtual disk.

1. Click **Edit** and enter the following data for the new NetBackup virtual disk.

• Size (MB): 2048

• Host Pool: vgguests

• Host Vol Name: <pmacGuestName>_netbackup.img

• Guest Dev Name: netbackup

Note: The **Guest Dev Name** must be set to **netbackup** for the PMAC application to mount the appropriate host device. The **<pmacGuestName>** variable should be set to the PMAC guest's name to create a unique volume name on the TVOE host of the PMAC.

Main Menu: VM Management

Tasks

VM Entities

Refresh

hostname02be2be4427

pmacU16-1

pmacU16-2

pmacU16-3

pmacU16-4

Edit guest pmacU16-2

VM Info

Software

Network

Media

Summary

Virtual Disks

Virtual NICs

Virtual Disks

Add

Delete

Primary	Size (MB)	Host Pool	Host Vol Name	Guest Dev Name
NO	2048	vgguests	pmacU16-2_netbackup.img	netbackup
YES	51200	vgguests	pmacU16-2.img	PRIMARY
NO	20480	vgguests	pmacU16-2_images.img	images
NO	10240	vgguests	pmacU16-2_logs.img	logs

Save

Cancel

2. Click **Save**.

A confirmation screen displays with the message:

Changes to the PMAC guest: <pmacGuestName> will not take effect until after the next power cycle. Do you wish to continue?

3. Click **OK**.

4. Navigate to the **Background Task Monitoring**. Confirm the guest edit task has completed successfully.

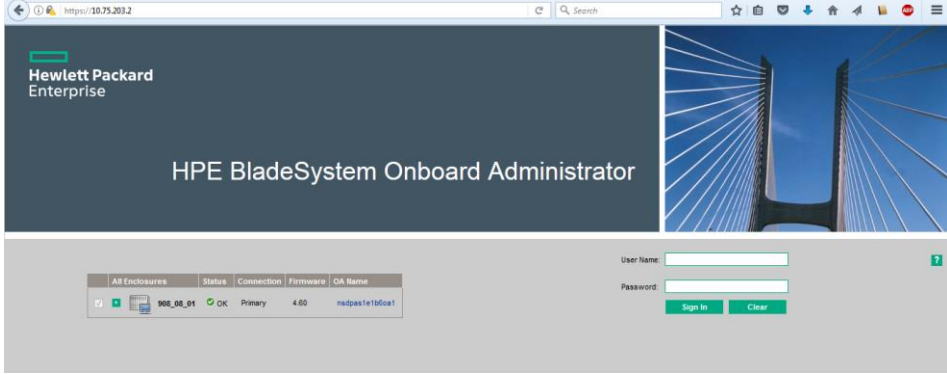
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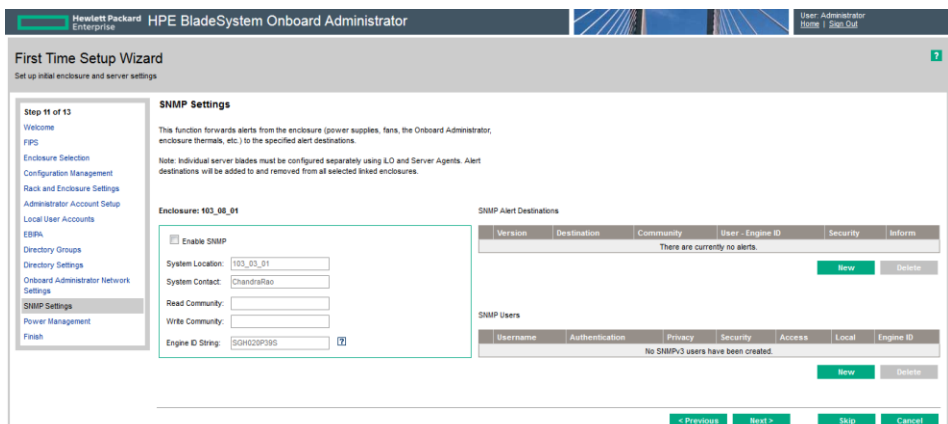
Procedure 49. Configure PMAC Application Guest NetBackup Virtual Disk

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Management Server iLO: Shut down guest	<p>Shut down the PMAC application guest.</p> <p>Note: To configure the PMAC application with the new NetBackup virtual disk, the PMAC application guest needs to be shut down and restarted. Refer to <i>PMAC Incremental Upgrade</i>, Release 5.7 and 6.0, E54387, Appendix O, Shutdown PMAC 5.5 or Later Guest.</p> <p>Using virsh utility on TVOE host of PMAC guest, start the PMAC guest. Query the list of guests until the PMAC guest is running.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/virsh virsh # list --all Id Name State -- -- 20 pmacU14-1 shut off virsh # start pmacU14-1 Domain pmacU14-1 started virsh # list --all Id Name State -- -- 20 pmacU14-1 running</pre>
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Appendix K. Disable SNMP on the OA**Procedure 50. Disable SNMP on the OA**

S T E P #	<p>This procedure disables SNMP on the OA.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>OA GUI: Login</p> <p>Open you web browser and navigate to the OA Bay 1 IP address assigned in Procedure 11.</p> <p><code>http://<OA_IP></code></p> <p>Login as an administrative user. The original password is on a paper card attached to each OA.</p> 

Procedure 50. Disable SNMP on the OA

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: SNMP Settings	Use either the First Time Setup Wizard SNMP Settings menu or the Enclosure Information > Enclosure Settings > SNMP Settings menu.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	OA GUI: SNMP Settings	<p>Unmark the Enable SNMP checkbox.</p> 

Appendix L. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch**Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch**

S T E P #	<p>This procedure downgrades firmware on 6125G enclosure switches when they are found to contain firmware newer than the qualified baseline. See HP Solutions Firmware Upgrade Pack, version 2.x.x [2] (the latest is recommended if an upgrade is to be performed; otherwise, version 2.2.8 is the minimum) for the target firmware version.</p> <p>Prerequisite: This procedure assumes the netConfig repository data fill is complete including copying the target firmware to the netConfig server (PMAC).</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA: Login	<p>SSH into the active OA and login as the administrative user.</p> <pre>login as: <oa_user> <oa_user>@<oa_ip>'s password: <oa_password></pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA: Access serial console	<p>Gain serial console access to the switch by executing the following command.</p> <p>Note: Multiple Enter keystrokes are required to gain the switch console prompt.</p> <pre>> connect interconnect <io_bay> [Enter] [Enter] [Enter] Username: <switch_user> [Enter] Password: <switch_password> [Enter] [Enter]</pre>

Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Determine firmware	<p>Execute the display version command to determine if a downgrade of the firmware needs to be performed.</p> <pre>> display version</pre> <p>HP Comware Platform Software</p> <p>Comware Software, Version 5.20.99, Release 2105</p> <p>Copyright (c) 2010-2013 Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P.</p> <p>HP 6125G Blade Switch uptime is 0 week, 2 days, 23 hours, 49 minutes</p> <p>Slot 1 (M):</p> <p>Uptime is 0 weeks, 2 days, 23 hours, 49 minutes</p> <p>HP 6125G Blade Switch with 1 Processor</p> <p>1024M bytes SDRAM</p> <p>256M bytes Nand Flash Memory</p> <p>Hardware Version is Ver.B</p> <p>CPLD Version is 003</p> <p>BootWare Version is 1.07</p> <p>[SubSlot 0] Back Panel</p> <p>[SubSlot 1] Front Panel</p> <p>If the firmware is found to be newer than the target firmware, then proceed with the rest of this procedure; otherwise, gracefully exit the switch and PMAC.</p>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Login	<p>SSH into the PMAC and login as admusr.</p> <pre>login as: admusr</pre> <pre>Password: <admusr_password></pre> <pre>Last login: Fri Aug 28 12:09:06 2015 from 10.75.8.61</pre> <pre>[admusr@<pmac> ~]\$</pre>
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Copy firmware	<p>Copy the firmware file to the switch.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/bin/scp 6125-cmw520-r2105.bin</pre> <pre><switch_user>@<switch_ip>:/6125-cmw520-r2105.bin</pre> <pre><switch_user>@<switch_ip>'s password:</pre> <pre><switch_platform_password></pre> <pre>100% 16MB 766.3KB/s 00:21</pre>
6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: Exit	<p>Gracefully exit from the PMAC SSH session.</p> <pre>\$ logout</pre>

Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA: Login	<p>If not already connected, ssh into the active OA and login as the administrative user.</p> <pre>login as: <oa_user> <oa_user>@<oa_ip>'s password: <oa_password></pre>
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA: Access serial console	<p>If not already connected, gain serial console access to the switch by executing the following command.</p> <p>Note: Multiple Enter keystrokes are required to gain the switch console prompt.</p> <pre>> connect interconnect <io_bay> [Enter] [Enter] [Enter] Username: <switch_user> [Enter] Password: <switch_password> [Enter] [Enter]</pre>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Reboot switch	<p>Reboot the switch and enter into the extended boot menu by pressing Ctrl+B when prompted.</p> <p>Note: During this process you may be prompted for additional input. Only respond with the input noted in this step; otherwise, let the system time out and continue automatically.</p> <pre>> reboot Start to check configuration with next startup configuration file, please wait.....DONE!N This command will reboot the device. Current configuration will be lost, save current configuration? [Y/N]: N This command will reboot the device. Continue? [Y/N]: Y #May 15 15:03:44:478 2015 HP6125G_IOBAY5 DEVM/1/REBOOT: Reboot device by command. %May 15 15:03:44:570 2015 HP6125G_IOBAY5 DEVM/5/SYSTEM_REBOOT: System is rebooting now. System is starting... Press Ctrl+D to access BASIC BOOT MENU Press Ctrl+T to start memory test Bootting Normal Extend BootWare The Extend BootWare is self-decompressing.....Done! [OUTPUT REMOVED] BootWare Validating... Backup Extend BootWare is newer than Normal Extend BootWare,Update? [Y/N] Press Ctrl+B to enter extended boot menu... BootWare password: Not required. Please press Enter to continue. [OUTPUT REMOVED]</pre>

Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Access File Control menu	<p>Select 4 to access the file control from the extend-bootware menu.</p> <pre> =====<EXTEND-BOOTWARE MENU>===== <1> Boot System <2> Enter Serial SubMenu <3> Enter Ethernet SubMenu <4> File Control <5> Restore to Factory Default Configuration <6> Skip Current System Configuration <7> BootWare Operation Menu <8> Clear Super Password <9> Storage Device Operation <0> Reboot ===== Ctrl+Z: Access EXTEND-ASSISTANT MENU Ctrl+C: Display Copyright Ctrl+F: Format File System Enter your choice(0-9): 4 </pre>
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Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

11. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Identify target firmware	<p>Select 1 from the file control menu to list all files and identify the target firmware from the list.</p> <pre> =====<File CONTROL>===== Note:the operating device is flash <1> Display All File(s) <2> Set Application File type <3> Delete File <0> Exit To Main Menu ===== Enter your choice(0-3): 1 Display all file(s) in flash: 'M' = MAIN 'B' = BACKUP 'S' = SECURE 'N/A' = NOT ASSIGNED ===== NO. Size(B) Time Type Name 1 1584 Aug/27/2015 18:41:08 N/A private-data.txt 2 151 Aug/27/2015 18:41:08 N/A system.xml 3 3626 Aug/27/2015 18:41:09 M config.cfg 4 16493888 Aug/20/2015 11:14:44 M+B 6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 5 4 Apr/26/2000 07:00:52 N/A snmpboots 6 16913408 Aug/20/2015 10:56:42 N/A 6125-cmw520-r2112.bin 7 735 Apr/26/2000 12:04:14 N/A hostkey_v3 8 591 Apr/26/2000 12:04:15 N/A serverkey_v3 9 16166 Sep/05/2013 10:17:21 N/A test 10 16053376 Jun/05/2012 10:14:37 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2103.bin 11 16479296 Apr/26/2000 10:31:54 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2105.bin 12 16493888 Apr/26/2000 10:59:10 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 13 16479296 Nov/05/2013 23:24:06 N/A ~/2105.bin 14 5361 Jun/25/2013 14:22:05 N/A ~/config.cfg 15 16493888 Nov/05/2013 23:20:13 N/A ~/2106.bin 16 1048519 Aug/27/2015 23:30:55 N/A logfile/logfile.log 17 735 Apr/26/2000 12:05:10 N/A hostkey 18 591 Apr/26/2000 12:05:11 N/A serverkey ===== [OUTPUT REMOVED] </pre>
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Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Set application file type	<p>Select 2 from the file control menu to set the application file type.</p> <pre>=====<File CONTROL>===== Note:the operating device is flash <1> Display All File(s) <2> Set Application File type <3> Delete File <0> Exit To Main Menu ===== Enter your choice(0-3): 2</pre>
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Select file	<p>Select the firmware file identified in step 11. and enter the corresponding line number.</p> <p>'M' = MAIN 'B' = BACKUP 'S' = SECURE 'N/A' = NOT ASSIGNED</p> <pre>===== NO. Size(B) Time Type Name 1 16493888 Aug/20/2015 11:14:44 M+B 6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 2 16913408 Aug/20/2015 10:56:42 N/A 6125-cmw520-r2112.bin 3 16053376 Jun/05/2012 10:14:37 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2103.bin 4 16479296 Apr/26/2000 10:31:54 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2105.bin 5 16493888 Apr/26/2000 10:59:10 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 6 16479296 Nov/05/2013 23:24:06 N/A ~/2105.bin 7 16493888 Nov/05/2013 23:20:13 N/A ~/2106.bin 0 Exit ===== Enter file No: <4></pre>
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Modify file attribute	<p>Select 1 from the file attributes menu to modify the file attribute to +Main.</p> <p>Modify the file attribute:</p> <pre>===== <1> +Main <2> -Main <3> +Backup <4> -Backup <0> Exit ===== Enter your choice(0-4): 1 This operation may take several minutes. Please wait.... Set the file attribute success!</pre>

Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

15. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Verify change	<p>Select 1 from the file control menu to verify the file attribute modification by listing the files and inspecting the type attribute for the target firmware. The type attribute on this line should display M:</p> <pre> =====<File CONTROL>===== Note:the operating device is flash <1> Display All File(s) <2> Set Application File type <3> Delete File <0> Exit To Main Menu ===== Enter your choice(0-3): 1 Display all file(s) in flash: 'M' = MAIN 'B' = BACKUP 'S' = SECURE 'N/A' = NOT ASSIGNED NO. Size(B) Time Type Name 1 1584 Aug/27/2015 18:41:08 N/A private-data.txt 2 151 Aug/27/2015 18:41:08 N/A system.xml 3 3626 Aug/27/2015 18:41:09 M config.cfg 4 16493888 Aug/20/2015 11:14:44 B 6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 5 4 Apr/26/2000 07:00:52 N/A snmpboots 6 16913408 Aug/20/2015 10:56:42 N/A 6125-cmw520-r2112.bin 7 735 Apr/26/2000 12:04:14 N/A hostkey_v3 8 591 Apr/26/2000 12:04:15 N/A serverkey_v3 9 16166 Sep/05/2013 10:17:21 N/A test 10 16053376 Jun/05/2012 10:14:37 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2103.bin 11 16479296 Apr/26/2000 10:31:54 M ~/6125-cmw520-r2105.bin 12 16493888 Apr/26/2000 10:59:10 N/A ~/6125-cmw520-r2106.bin 13 16479296 Nov/05/2013 23:24:06 N/A ~/2105.bin 14 5361 Jun/25/2013 14:22:05 N/A ~/config.cfg 15 16493888 Nov/05/2013 23:20:13 N/A ~/2106.bin 16 1048519 Aug/27/2015 23:30:55 N/A logfile/logfile.log 17 735 Apr/26/2000 12:05:10 N/A hostkey 18 591 Apr/26/2000 12:05:11 N/A serverkey ===== </pre>
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Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Exit	<p>Select 0 from the file control menu to Exit to the main menu.</p> <pre> =====<File CONTROL>===== Note:the operating device is flash <1> Display All File(s) <2> Set Application File type <3> Delete File <0> Exit To Main Menu ===== Enter your choice(0-3): 0 </pre>
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Boot the system	<p>Select 1 from the extend-bootware menu to Boot the system.</p> <p>Note: Do NOT select reboot by choosing 0!</p> <p>Note: During this process, you may be asked for additional input. Only respond with the input noted in this step; otherwise, let the system time out and continue automatically.</p> <pre> =====<EXTEND-BOOTWARE MENU>===== <1> Boot System <2> Enter Serial SubMenu <3> Enter Ethernet SubMenu <4> File Control <5> Restore to Factory Default Configuration <6> Skip Current System Configuration <7> BootWare Operation Menu <8> Clear Super Password <9> Storage Device Operation <0> Reboot ===== Ctrl+Z: Access EXTEND-ASSISTANT MENU Ctrl+C: Display Copyright Ctrl+F: Format File System Enter your choice(0-9): 1 Starting to get the main application file--flash:/~/6125- cmw520-r2105.bin!..... The main application file is self-decompressing..... [OUTPUT REMOVED]Done! System application is starting... User interface aux0 is available. Press ENTER to get started. Login authentication Username: </pre>

Procedure 51. Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch

18. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Login	<p>Log back into the switch and verify the firmware version by executing the display version command.</p> <p>Note: You may have to press Enter multiple times after authenticating to land on the switch prompt.</p> <pre> Username: username [Enter] Password: password [Enter] [Enter] #Aug 28 09:29:09:694 2015 HP6125g_sanity SHELL/4/LOGIN: Trap 1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.2.1.1.3.0.1:plat login from Console %Aug 28 09:29:09:819 2015 HP6125g_sanity SHELL/5/SHELL_LOGIN: plat logged in from aux0. > display version HP Comware Platform Software Comware Software, Version 5.20.99, Release 2105 Copyright (c) 2010-2013 Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P. HP 6125G Blade Switch uptime is 0 week, 0 day, 0 hour, 9 minutes [OUTPUT REMOVED] </pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch: Disconnect from the switch	<p>Gracefully disconnect from the switch serial console by pressing Ctrl + _ (Control + Shift + Underscore).</p> <pre> > '<Ctrl>_' (Control + Shift + Underscore) ----- Command: D)isconnect, C)hange settings, send B)reak, E)xit command mode X)modem send > D ----- D [Enter] </pre>
20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active OA: Logout	<p>Log out of the OA.</p> <pre> > logout </pre>

Appendix M. Configure Speed and Duplex for 6125XLG LAG Ports (netConfig)

Procedure 52. Configure Speed and Duplex for 6125XLG LAG Ports (netConfig)

STEP #	<p>This utility procedure is only for use with 1 GE LAG ports from HP 6125XLG enclosure switches to Cisco 4948/E/-F product aggregation switches or the customer network. Configuring speed and duplex on the LAG ports turns off auto-negotiation for the individual links, and must be performed on both switches for all participating LAG links. This procedure addresses a known weakness with auto-negotiation on 1GE SFPs and the 6125XLG, which causes 1GE links to take longer than expected to become active.</p> <p>Note: Do not use this procedure for 6125 switches. See Appendix L for the correct procedure for that switch.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Virtual PMAC: List aggregation groups</p>	<p>List configured link aggregation groups on the 6125XLG enclosure switch. Capture the LAG ID connected to the 4948/E/E-F product aggregation switch or the customer network. In the following example, LAG ID 1 is identified as the 4x1GE LAG requiring speed and duplex configuration.</p> <pre>[admusr@exapmle~]\$ sudo netConfig -- device=<switch_hostname> listLinkAggregations LAG: 1</pre>
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Virtual PMAC: : List interfaces</p>	<p>Get the list of interfaces configured for the LAG on the 6125XLG. In the following example, LAG ID 1 is inspected and shown to include interfaces tenGE17-20.</p> <pre>[admusr@exapmle~]\$ sudo netConfig -- device=<switch_hostname> getLinkAggregation id=1 Type: Dynamic Description: ISL_to_agg_switch Switchport: =(link-type trunk vlan all) Interfaces: =(tenGE17 tenGE18 tenGE19 tenGE20)</pre>

Procedure 52. Configure Speed and Duplex for 6125XLG LAG Ports (netConfig)

3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: : Set speed and duplex	Inspect the switch LAG port configurations and verify speed and duplex are set on the LAG interfaces, as shown in this example: <pre>[admusr@exapmle~]\$ sudo netConfig -- device=<switch_hostname> setSwitchportinterface=tenGE17-20 speed=1000 duplex = full</pre>
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Virtual PMAC: : Verify speed and duplex	Inspect the switch LAG port configurations and verify speed and duplex are set on the LAG interfaces, as shown in this example: <pre>[admusr@exapmle~]\$ sudo netConfig -- device=<switch_hostname> getSwitchportinterface=tenGE17-20 Switchport: trunk Description: Ten-GigabitEthernet1/1/5 Interface Speed: 1000Mbps Duplex: full VLAN =(1(default 2-4094) Default VLAN: 1</pre>

Appendix N. Operational Dependencies on Platform Account Passwords

This appendix describes the operational dependencies on platform account passwords to provide guidance in cases when the customer insists on modifying a default password. Note that changing passwords should be attempted only on systems that are fully configured and stable. Modifying passwords during system installation is strongly discouraged.

Procedure 53. Operational Dependencies on Platform Account Passwords

S T E P #	<p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PM&C CLI: Login	Log into PMAC as admusr .
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Back up the PMAC database	Execute steps 6. through 8. in Procedure 9 Configure PMAC Application.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Restore passwords	Execute the steps 4 through 9 (inclusive), in Procedure 1 of the <i>PMAC Disaster Recovery</i> , latest release.

Appendix N.1 PMAC Credentials for Communication with Other System Components

This section covers the credentials that can be changed using the PMAC updateCredentials utility and the Platform dependencies users must be aware of to keep PMAC fully functional. Only the credentials that PMAC considers to be user accessible are listed here.

- **oaUser**

PMAC uses these credentials to communicate with OAs for all enclosures it monitors. Therefore, all active OAs must be updated to have the new credentials and then the updateCredentials should be used to match the credentials PMAC uses. Lastly, all enclosures already provisioned in the PMAC must be rediscovered.

- To update the credentials on the OA's, log into the active OA GUI. On the left hand side of the OA GUI, navigate to **Users/Authentication > Local Users > pmacadmin**. After supplying the new password, click on **Update User**.
- To update the credentials on the PMAC, execute the following on the UI:

```
$ sudo/usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=oaUser
```
- To rediscover an enclosure already provisioned in the PMAC inventory, log into the PMAC GUI and navigate to **Hardware > System Inventory > Cabinet XXX > Enclosure XXXXX** and click **Rediscover Enclosure**.

- **msa**

All SAN controllers PMAC is expected to communicate with must be updated to have the new credentials and then the updateCredentials should be used to match credentials PMAC uses.

- To update the credentials, log into Fibre Channel Disk Controller via ssh as a manage user. Then execute:

```
# set password manage
```
- To update the credentials on the PMAC, execute the following in the UI:

```
$ sudo/usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=msa
```

- **tpdPlatCfg**

Changing these credentials has no impact on PMAC functionality.

- To update the credentials, log into the UI with platcfg credentials and execute:

```
$ passwd
```

- **tvoeUser**

TVOE administrator passwords need to be changed for all TVOE hosts PMAC is expected to communicate with and then the updateCredentials should be used to match the credentials PMAC uses. Note each time a new TVOE is installed its default password has to be updated to match.

- To update the credentials, log into the TVOE UI with the admusr credentials and execute:

```
$ passwd
```
- To update the credentials on the PMAC, execute the following on the UI:

```
$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=tvoeUser
```

- **backupPassword**

PMAC backup images are encrypted. The passphrase to encrypt the backup files may be changed. This only changes the encryption for future backups; prior backups cannot be restored without

changing to the original pass phrase as shown below. A restore task that fails with a "Failed to decrypt backup file" reason is an indication of this condition.

- To update the passphrase on a PMAC, execute the following in the UI:

```
$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=backupPassword
```

- remoteBackupUser

If pmacop credentials are changed on a redundant PMAC, the updateCredentials should be used to match credentials the primary PMAC uses.

- To update the credentials on a redundant PMAC, log into the redundant PMAC UI with the pmacop credentials and execute:

```
$ passwd
```

- To update the credentials on the primary PMAC, execute the following in primary PMAC UI:

```
$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=remoteBackupUser
```

- oobUser

These credentials are used to communicate with the iLO of RMS, when no other credentials have been specified when the RMS was provisioned in PMAC. So the user has the option to modify this default password, or the RMS can be edited/added in the GUI with its specific credentials.

- To update the credentials on an RMS iLO, log into the iLO GUI and navigate to **Administration > User Administration**. Check the box next to root password and click the Edit button. After the password is changed, click **Update User**.
- To modify the default oobUser credentials on the PMAC, execute the following in the UI:

```
$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=oobUser
```
- To add a RMS to PMAC system inventory with its unique iLO password, refer to 4.9.1 Add Rack Mount Server to PMAC System Inventory.
- To edit iLO password of a specific RMS already in PMAC system inventory, refer to Appendix O Edit Rack Mount Server in the PMAC System Inventory.

Appendix N.2 GUI Account Credentials

Modification of any of the PMAC GUI accounts has no system impact. The PMAC GUI users can be updated by logging into the PMAC GUI as pmacadmin, and navigating to **Administration > Users**. Select the user from the first **Username** list and click **Set Password**. Enter the new password twice and click **Continue**.

Procedure 54. GUI Account Credentials

S T E P #		Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	PM&C CLI: Login	Log into PMAC as admusr .
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Select Users	Navigate to Administration > Users . Select the user from the first Username list and click Set Password .
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Setting New Password	On Set Password screen, enter the new password twice and click Continue .

Appendix N.3 PMAC Linux User Account Credentials

Modification of any PMAC Linux user account has no system impact with the exception of the **pmacop** user and **admusr** credentials. If pmacop credentials are changed on a redundant PMAC, use the updateCredentials to match the credentials the primary PMAC uses. If admusr credentials are changed after configuration of the netconfig repository, then delete netconfig services and re-add using the new credentials.

- To update the pmacop credentials on a redundant PMAC, log into the redundant PMAC UI with the pmacop credentials and execute:

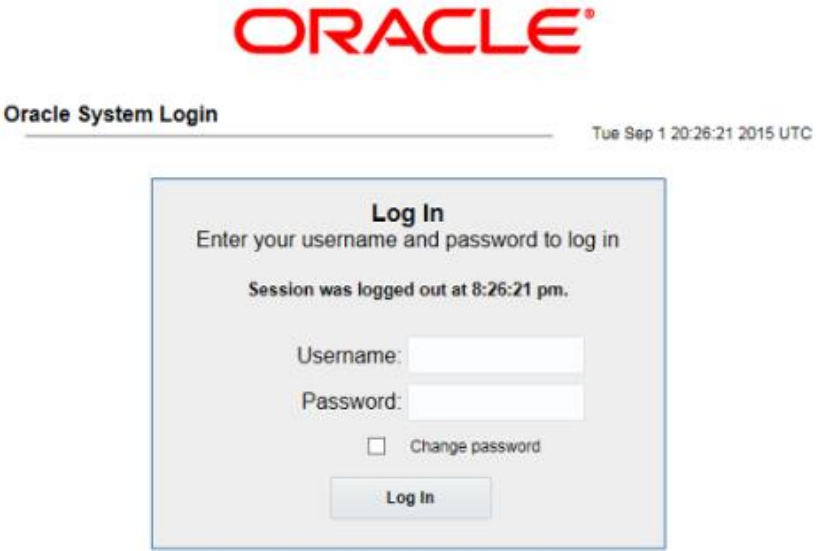
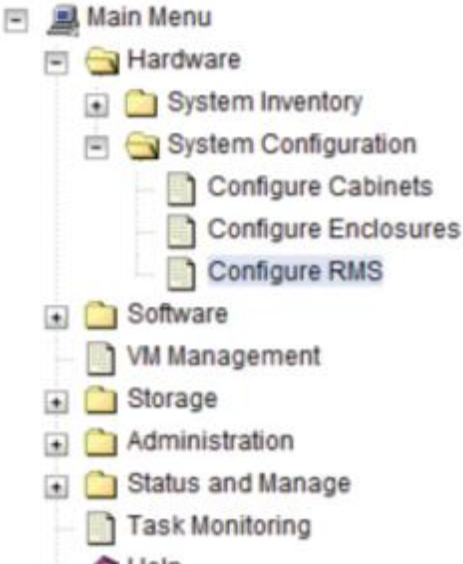
```
$ passwd
```

- To update the pmacop credentials the primary PMAC uses to communicate with the redundant PMAC, execute the following in primary PMAC UI:



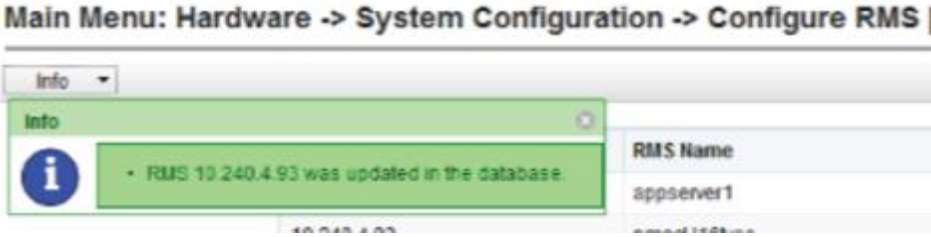
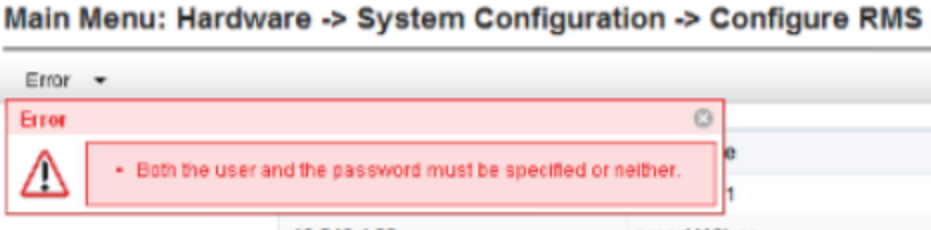
```
$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/updateCredentials --type=pmacop
```

Appendix O. Edit Rack Mount Server in the PMAC System Inventory

Procedure 55. Edit Rack Mount Server in the PMAC System Inventory

<p>S T E P #</p>	<p>This procedure edits a rack mount server in the PMAC system inventory. This option is used to modify the name, cabinet, or credentials of an already provisioned rack mount server.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>
<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p> <p>Open web browser and enter: <code>https://<pmac_management_network_ip></code> Login as pmacadmin user.</p> 
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Navigate to Configure RMS</p> <p>Navigate to Hardware > System Configuration > Configure RMS.</p> 

Procedure 55. Edit Rack Mount Server in the PMAC System Inventory

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Edit RMS</p>	<p>Select a row in the list of rack mount servers and click Edit RMS.</p>  <p>Modify the field and click Edit RMS.</p> 
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Check errors</p>	<p>If no errors are reported, the Info box states it is successful.</p>  <p>Or an error message displays:</p> 

Appendix P. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

This appendix describes how to increase the PMAC NetBackup file system to accommodate upgrading to NetBackup 7.7 or greater. Currently, the recommended filesystem size for NetBackup 7.7 is 5GB. This filesystem is mounted to a logical volume maintained on the TVOE host.

Prerequisites:

- There is a volume defined on the TVOE host called `<pmac guest name>_netback.img` and set to 2GB.
- There is a filesystem on the PMAC guest at `/dev/<device_name>` mounted to `/usr/openv` and sized to 2GB.
- The NetBackup filesystem on the PMAC must be type ext2/3/4.
- This procedure assumes there is an entry in the `/etc/fstab` file for the mounted `/usr/openv` filesystem.

Notes:

- The `<device_name>` used can differ from `/dev/vdd`. This can be determined by issuing the `df -h` command on the PMAC prior to starting this procedure and searching for the `/usr/openv` NetBackup filesystem. Once NetBackup has been enabled and configured on a PMAC, there should be a softlink defined, called `/dev/netbackup`, which points to the actual device. Usually this points to `/dev/vdd`. If that is available then all references to `/dev/vdd` can be replaced with `/dev/netbackup` and the user does not have to know what actual device is used for the filesystem. The procedure below assumes this to be true.
- The commands listed below require root access to execute them. `sudo` is used to elevate the user permissions to be able to execute the commands. Any command that is not prefixed with `sudo` does not require elevation to execute.
- All commands are executed from a PMAC shell or from a TVOE shell.
- Performing this procedure increases the size of the NetBackup filesystem to 5GB. You can use this procedure to increase the NetBackup volume to any size that can be accommodated by the TVOE host. 5GB is the required size for NetBackup 7.7.
- Each step in this procedure begins by identifying the target server on which the command is to be executed. In this procedure, commands are executed on either the TVOE host or the PMAC.

Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

S T E P #	<p>This procedure increases the PMAC NetBackup file system to accommodate upgrading to NetBackup 7.7 or greater.</p> <p>Note: If you are attempting to uninstall a failed Symantec NetBackup client installation or upgrade, do not use this procedure. This procedure should only be used when the initial Symantec NetBackup client installation, or subsequent upgrade, is successful.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>	
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Host: Login	Connect to the management server's TVOE host shell and log into the PMAC shell as admusr using ssh.

Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

2. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Host: Verfiy existing volume	<p>Verify the existing TVOE NetBackup volume is set to 2GB.</p> <p>1. Display the logical volume sizes.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /sbin/lvs</pre> <table><tr><td>LV</td><td>VG</td><td>Attr</td><td>LSize</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>50.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_images.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>20.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_logs.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>10.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>2.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_root</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>768.00m</td></tr><tr><td>plat_swap</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>2.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_tmp</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>1.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_usr</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>3.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_var</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>1.00g</td></tr></table> <p>2. Display the logical volume details.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /sbin/lvdisplay /dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</pre> <p>--- Logical volume ---</p> <table><tr><td>LV Path</td><td>/dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td></tr><tr><td>LV Name</td><td><pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td></tr><tr><td>VG Name</td><td>vgguests</td></tr><tr><td>LV UUID</td><td>CWe1Nl-ln6r-22Tv-5B0p-Xj4F-44dM-SyGUwp</td></tr><tr><td>LV Write Access</td><td>read/write</td></tr><tr><td>LV Creation host, time</td><td><tvoe_host>, 2016-11-14 10:00:54 -0500</td></tr><tr><td>LV Status</td><td>available</td></tr><tr><td># open</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>LV Size</td><td>2.00 GiB</td></tr><tr><td>Current LE</td><td>64</td></tr><tr><td>Segments</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Allocation</td><td>inherit</td></tr><tr><td>Read ahead sectors</td><td>auto</td></tr><tr><td>- currently set to</td><td>4096</td></tr><tr><td>Block device</td><td>253:19</td></tr></table>	LV	VG	Attr	LSize	<pmac_guest>.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	50.00g	<pmac_guest>_images.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	20.00g	<pmac_guest>_logs.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	10.00g	<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	2.00g	plat_root	vgroot	-wi-ao----	768.00m	plat_swap	vgroot	-wi-ao----	2.00g	plat_tmp	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g	plat_usr	vgroot	-wi-ao----	3.00g	plat_var	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g	LV Path	/dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	LV Name	<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	VG Name	vgguests	LV UUID	CWe1Nl-ln6r-22Tv-5B0p-Xj4F-44dM-SyGUwp	LV Write Access	read/write	LV Creation host, time	<tvoe_host>, 2016-11-14 10:00:54 -0500	LV Status	available	# open	1	LV Size	2.00 GiB	Current LE	64	Segments	1	Allocation	inherit	Read ahead sectors	auto	- currently set to	4096	Block device	253:19
LV	VG	Attr	LSize																																																																					
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<pmac_guest>_images.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	20.00g																																																																					
<pmac_guest>_logs.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	10.00g																																																																					
<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	2.00g																																																																					
plat_root	vgroot	-wi-ao----	768.00m																																																																					
plat_swap	vgroot	-wi-ao----	2.00g																																																																					
plat_tmp	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g																																																																					
plat_usr	vgroot	-wi-ao----	3.00g																																																																					
plat_var	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g																																																																					
LV Path	/dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img																																																																							
LV Name	<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img																																																																							
VG Name	vgguests																																																																							
LV UUID	CWe1Nl-ln6r-22Tv-5B0p-Xj4F-44dM-SyGUwp																																																																							
LV Write Access	read/write																																																																							
LV Creation host, time	<tvoe_host>, 2016-11-14 10:00:54 -0500																																																																							
LV Status	available																																																																							
# open	1																																																																							
LV Size	2.00 GiB																																																																							
Current LE	64																																																																							
Segments	1																																																																							
Allocation	inherit																																																																							
Read ahead sectors	auto																																																																							
- currently set to	4096																																																																							
Block device	253:19																																																																							
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify filesystem	<p>Verify the NetBackup filesystem is set to 2GB.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/df -h /usr/openv</pre> <table><tr><td>Filesystem</td><td>Size</td><td>Used</td><td>Avail</td><td>Use%</td><td>Mounted on</td></tr><tr><td>/dev/vdd</td><td>2.0G</td><td>69M</td><td>2.3G</td><td>1%</td><td>/usr/openv</td></tr></table>	Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on	/dev/vdd	2.0G	69M	2.3G	1%	/usr/openv																																																										
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on																																																																			
/dev/vdd	2.0G	69M	2.3G	1%	/usr/openv																																																																			

Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Host: Resize volume	<p>Resize the NetBackup volume from 2GB to 5GB.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ usr/bin/sudo /sbin/lvextend --size 5G /dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</pre> <p>Size of logical volume vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img changed from 2.00 GiB (64 extents) to 5.00 GiB (160 extents).</p> <p>Logical volume <pmac_guest>_netbackup.img successfully resized</p>																																																																						
5. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Host: Verify increase	<p>Verify the size of the volume has increased to 5GB.</p> <p>1. Display the logical volume sizes.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /sbin/lvs</pre> <table><tr><td>LV</td><td>VG</td><td>Attr</td><td>LSize</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>50.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_images.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>20.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_logs.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>10.00g</td></tr><tr><td><pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td><td>vgguests</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>5.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_root</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>768.00m</td></tr><tr><td>plat_swap</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>2.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_tmp</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>1.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_usr</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>3.00g</td></tr><tr><td>plat_var</td><td>vgroot</td><td>-wi-ao----</td><td>1.00g</td></tr></table> <p>2. Display the logical volume details.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /sbin/lvdisplay /dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</pre> <p>--- Logical volume ---</p> <table><tr><td>LV Path</td><td>/dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td></tr><tr><td>LV Name</td><td><pmac_guest>_netbackup.img</td></tr><tr><td>VG Name</td><td>vgguests</td></tr><tr><td>LV UUID</td><td>CWe1N1-ln6r-22Tv-5B0p-Xj4F-44dM-SyGUwp</td></tr><tr><td>LV Write Access</td><td>read/write</td></tr><tr><td>LV Creation host, time</td><td><tvoe_host>, 2016-11-14 10:00:54 -0500</td></tr><tr><td>LV Status</td><td>available</td></tr><tr><td># open</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>LV Size</td><td>5.00 GiB</td></tr><tr><td>Current LE</td><td>64</td></tr><tr><td>Segments</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Allocation</td><td>inherit</td></tr><tr><td>Read ahead sectors</td><td>auto</td></tr><tr><td>- currently set to</td><td>4096</td></tr><tr><td>Block device</td><td>253:19</td></tr></table>	LV	VG	Attr	LSize	<pmac_guest>.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	50.00g	<pmac_guest>_images.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	20.00g	<pmac_guest>_logs.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	10.00g	<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	vgguests	-wi-ao----	5.00g	plat_root	vgroot	-wi-ao----	768.00m	plat_swap	vgroot	-wi-ao----	2.00g	plat_tmp	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g	plat_usr	vgroot	-wi-ao----	3.00g	plat_var	vgroot	-wi-ao----	1.00g	LV Path	/dev/vgguests/<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	LV Name	<pmac_guest>_netbackup.img	VG Name	vgguests	LV UUID	CWe1N1-ln6r-22Tv-5B0p-Xj4F-44dM-SyGUwp	LV Write Access	read/write	LV Creation host, time	<tvoe_host>, 2016-11-14 10:00:54 -0500	LV Status	available	# open	1	LV Size	5.00 GiB	Current LE	64	Segments	1	Allocation	inherit	Read ahead sectors	auto	- currently set to	4096	Block device	253:19
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Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify filesystem	<p>Verify the space on the PMAC NetBackup filesystem has not changed.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/df -h /usr/opencv</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>Filesystem</th><th>Size</th><th>Used</th><th>Avail</th><th>Use%</th><th>Mounted on</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>/dev/vdd</td><td>2.0G</td><td>69M</td><td>2.3G</td><td>1%</td><td>/usr/opencv</td></tr></tbody></table>	Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on	/dev/vdd	2.0G	69M	2.3G	1%	/usr/opencv
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on									
/dev/vdd	2.0G	69M	2.3G	1%	/usr/opencv									
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	TVOE Host: Verify PMAC is aware of volume size increase	<p>Ensure the PMAC is made aware of the volume size increase.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">Identify the PMAC guest using the virsh command. <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/virsh list -all</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>Id</th><th>Name</th><th>State</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>86</td><td><pmac_guest></td><td>running</td></tr></tbody></table> <ol style="list-style-type: none">Shut down the PMAC guest. <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/virsh shutdown <pmac_guest></pre> <p>Domain <pmac_guest> is being shutdown</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">Wait for the PMAC shutdown to complete. If the State is running, repeat the command until it indicates the State is shut off. <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/virsh list -all</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>Id</th><th>Name</th><th>State</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>86</td><td><pmac_guest></td><td>shut off</td></tr></tbody></table> <ol style="list-style-type: none">Once shutdown is complete, restart the PMAC. <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/virsh start <pmac_guest></pre> <p>Domain <pmac_guest> started</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">Verify the PMAC has completed the restart. This can be checked by executing the command sudo virsh console <pmac_guest> and checking for the PMAC guest login prompt. <p>Once the escape character is displayed, press Enter once more to reach the login prompt.</p> <p>Afterwards, press Ctrl-] to exit the PMAC login prompt and return to the TVOE host prompt.</p> <pre>[admusr@<tvoe_host> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/virsh console <pmac_guest></pre> <p>Connected to domain <tvoe_host></p> <p>Escape character is ^]</p> <p>Oracle Linux Server release 6.8</p> <p>Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.1.el6prere17.3.0.0.0_88.30.0.x86_64 on an x86_64</p>	Id	Name	State	86	<pmac_guest>	running	Id	Name	State	86	<pmac_guest>	shut off
Id	Name	State												
86	<pmac_guest>	running												
Id	Name	State												
86	<pmac_guest>	shut off												

Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

8. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify volume size	<p>Verify the volume size increase is 5GB as seen from the PMAC.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo admusr /sbin/fdisk -l /dev/netbackup</pre> <p>Disk /dev/netbackup: 5368 MB, 5368709120 bytes 16 heads, 63 sectors/track, 10402 cylinders Units = cylinders of 1008 * 512 = 516096 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk identifier: 0x00000000</p>
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Resize filesystem	<p>Resize the PMAC NetBackup filesystem to 5GB.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify the filesystem is still mounted by issuing the mount command and looking for /dev/vdd mounted on /usr/opencv. <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/mount</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root on / type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>proc on /proc type proc (rw)</pre> <pre>sysfs on /sys type sysfs (rw)</pre> <pre>devpts on /dev/pts type devpts (rw,gid=5,mode=620)</pre> <pre>tmpfs on /dev/shm type tmpfs (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/vda1 on /boot type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp on /tmp type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr on /usr type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var on /var type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc on /var/TKLC type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_root on /usr/TKLC/smac type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_var on /var/TKLC/smac type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_backup on /var/TKLC/smac/backup type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_isoimages on /var/TKLC/smac/image/isoimages type ext4 (rw)</pre> <pre>/var/TKLC/smac/image/core on /var/TKLC/core type none (rw,bind)</pre> <pre>/dev/vdb on /var/TKLC/smac/logs type ext3 (rw)</pre> <pre>/dev/vdc on /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository type ext3 (rw)</pre> <pre>none on /proc/sys/fs/binfmt_misc type binfmt_misc (rw)</pre> <pre>sunrpc on /var/lib/nfs/rpc_pipefs type rpc_pipefs (rw)</pre>

Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

	<pre>nfsd on /proc/fs/nfsd type nfsd (rw) /dev/vdd on /usr/openv type ext3 (rw)</pre> <p>2. Unmount the NetBackup filesystem. The umount command can be verified by issuing the mount command again. The /usr/openv filesystem should not be displayed as in the previous command.</p> <p>Note: The umount command does not generate output upon success.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /bin/umount /usr/openv</pre> <p>3. Execute the e2fsck command to make sure the NetBackup filesystem is clean.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /sbin/e2fsck /dev/netbackup e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) /dev/netbackup: clean, 11/327680 files, 37999/1310720 blocks</pre> <p>4. Execute the resize2fs command to resize the filesystem and map it to the 5GB size of the disk volume on the TVOE host. If the size attribute is not included in the command, the NetBackup filesystem resizes to the total free space on the TVOE host volume. This should be 5GB since there should not be any other filesystems mounted to this volume. If the resize2fs command returns an indication that the e2fsck command must be executed on the NetBackup filesystem, then re-execute that command.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/resize2fs /dev/netbackup resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) Resizing the filesystem on /dev/netbackup to 1310720 (4k) blocks. The filesystem on /dev/netbackup is now 1310720 blocks long.</pre> <p>5. Re-mount the /usr/openv NetBackup filesystem with the mount -a command.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ mount -a</pre> <p>Note: This command can only be used if the existing entry to mount the filesystem is contained in the /etc/fstab file (which is expected).</p> <p>6. Verify the new size of the NetBackup filesystem. Issue the mount command to verify the filesystem is correctly mounted. Issue the /bin/df -h /usr/openv command to show the NetBackup filesystem using 5GB instead of 2GB.</p> <pre>[admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root on / type ext4 (rw) proc on /proc type proc (rw) sysfs on /sys type sysfs (rw) devpts on /dev/pts type devpts (rw,gid=5,mode=620)</pre>
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Procedure 56. Increase the PMAC NetBackup Filesystem Size

	<pre> tmpfs on /dev/shm type tmpfs (rw) /dev/vda1 on /boot type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp on /tmp type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr on /usr type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var on /var type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc on /var/TKLC type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_root on /usr/TKLC/smac type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_var on /var/TKLC/smac type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_backup on /var/TKLC/smac/backup type ext4 (rw) /dev/mapper/vgroot-smac_isoimages on /var/TKLC/smac/image/isoimages type ext4 (rw) /var/TKLC/smac/image/core on /var/TKLC/core type none (rw,bind) /dev/vdb on /var/TKLC/smac/logs type ext3 (rw) /dev/vdc on /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository type ext3 (rw) none on /proc/sys/fs/binfmt_misc type binfmt_misc (rw) sunrpc on /var/lib/nfs/rpc_pipefs type rpc_pipefs (rw) nfsd on /proc/fs/nfsd type nfsd (rw) /dev/vdd on /usr/openv type ext3 (rw) </pre> <p>The second command in this sub-step shows the NetBackup filesystem using 5GB instead of 2GB.</p> <pre> [admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/df -h /usr/openv Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/vdd 5.0G 69M 4.3G 1% /usr/openv </pre> <p>7. Change the directory to the /usr/openv directory and verify any files contained on the original 2GB NetBackup filesystem are still available on the new 5GB NetBackup filesystem.</p> <pre> [admusr@<pmac_guest> ~]\$ /bin/ls -l /usr/openv java lost+found pack regid.1992-12.com.symantec_netbackup- 7.6.0.1_1.swidtag share var lib msg pack.7.6.0.1 regid.1992-12.com.symantec_netbackup- 7.7.1.0_1.swidtag swidtag.xml logs netbackup pdde resources tmp </pre>
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Appendix Q. My Oracle Support (MOS)

My Oracle Support

MOS (<https://support.oracle.com>) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with MOS registration.

Call the CAS main number at **1-800-223-1711** (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown on the Support telephone menu:

1. Select **2** for New Service Request.
2. Select **3** for Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support.
3. Select one of the following options:

For technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.

For non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with MOS, select 2.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with MOS registration and opening a support ticket. MOS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or by calling the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with Oracle.

Locate Product Documentation on the Oracle Help Center

Oracle Communications customer documentation is available on the web at the Oracle Help Center (OHC) site, <http://docs.oracle.com>. You do not have to register to access these documents. Viewing these files requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at <http://www.adobe.com>.

1. Access the **Oracle Help Center** site at <http://docs.oracle.com>.
2. Click **Industries**.
3. Under the Oracle Communications subheading, click the **Oracle Communications** documentation link. The Communications Documentation page appears. Most products covered by these

documentation sets display under the headings Network Session Delivery and Control Infrastructure or Platforms.

4. Click on your **Product** and then the Release Number. A list of the entire documentation set for the selected product and release displays. To download a file to your location, right-click the PDF link, select **Save target as** (or similar command based on your browser), and save to a local folder.